

§ 983.4

number of budgeted certificate units that are not under a tenant-based or project-based HAP contract or otherwise committed (e.g., certificates issued to families searching for housing or units under an Agreement).

(d) *Amount of assistance.* The HA must ensure that the amount of assistance that is attached to units is within the amounts available under the ACC.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2577-0169)

[60 FR 34717, July 3, 1995, as amended at 60 FR 45661, Sept. 1, 1995; 63 FR 23870, Apr. 30, 1998]

§ 983.4 HUD review of HA plans to attach assistance to units.

(a) *Notice to HA.* (1) If the requirements of § 983.3 are satisfied, the field office must authorize the HA to proceed in accordance with this part 983.

(2) If the submission is approved, the field office must notify the HA that the HA may implement a PBC program subject to the requirements of this part 983, including the requirements for approval by the HUD field office of the HA unit selection policy and advertisement, and competitive selection of eligible units. The approval letter must specify the maximum number of units for which the HA may execute Agreements.

(3) If any of the requirements of § 983.3 are not satisfied, the field office must not approve the HA submission. The field office must notify the HA of the reasons for disapproval.

(b) [Reserved]

§ 983.5 Physical condition standards; physical inspection requirements.

(a) *General.* Housing used in this program must be maintained and inspected in accordance with the requirements in 24 CFR part 5, subpart G.

(b) *Space and security.* In addition to the standards in 24 CFR part 5, subpart G, the dwelling unit must have a living room, a kitchen area, and a bathroom. The dwelling unit must have at least one bedroom or living/sleeping room for each two persons.

(c) The Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846), the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856), and implementing regula-

24 CFR Ch. IX (4-1-04 Edition)

tions at part 35, subparts A, B, H, and R of this title apply to units assisted under this part.

[63 FR 46580, Sept. 1, 1998, as amended at 64 FR 50230, Sept. 15, 1999]

§ 983.6 Site and neighborhood standards.

(a) *Rehabilitation site and neighborhood standards.* In addition to meeting the standards required in § 982.401(l) of this chapter, the proposed sites for rehabilitation units must meet the following site and neighborhood standards:

(1) Be adequate in size, exposure and contour to accommodate the number and type of units proposed; adequate utilities and streets must be available to service the site. (The existence of a private disposal system and private sanitary water supply for the site, approved in accordance with law, may be considered adequate utilities.)

(2) Be suitable from the standpoint of facilitating and furthering full compliance with the applicable provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, E.O. 11063, and HUD regulations issued pursuant thereto.

(3) Promote greater choice of housing opportunities and avoid undue concentration of assisted persons in areas containing a high proportion of low-income persons.

(4) Be accessible to social, recreational, educational, commercial, and health facilities and services, and other municipal facilities and services that are at least equivalent to those typically found in neighborhoods consisting largely of unassisted, standard housing of similar market rents.

(5) Be so located that travel time and cost via public transportation or private automobile from the neighborhood to places of employment providing a range of jobs for lower-income workers is not excessive. (While it is important that housing for the elderly not be totally isolated from employment opportunities, this requirement need not be adhered to rigidly for such projects.)

(b) *New construction site and neighborhood standards.* The proposed sites for

new construction units must be approved by the HUD field office as meeting the following site and neighborhood standards:

(1) The site must be adequate in size, exposure, and contour to accommodate the number and type of units proposed, and adequate utilities (water, sewer, gas, and electricity) and streets must be available to service the site.

(2) The site and neighborhood must be suitable from the standpoint of facilitating and furthering full compliance with the applicable provisions of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Fair Housing Act, Executive Order 11063, and implementing HUD regulations.

(3)(i) The site must not be located in an area of minority concentration, except as permitted under paragraph (b)(3)(ii) of this section, and must not be located in a racially mixed area if the project will cause a significant increase in the proportion of minority to non-minority residents in the area.

(ii) A project may be located in an area of minority concentration only if:

(A) Sufficient, comparable opportunities exist for housing for minority families, in the income range to be served by the proposed project, outside areas of minority concentration (see paragraph (b)(3)(iii) of this section for further guidance on this criterion); or

(B) The project is necessary to meet overriding housing needs that cannot be met in that housing market area (see paragraph (b)(3)(iv) of this section for further guidance on this criterion).

(iii)(A) "Sufficient" does not require that in every locality there be an equal number of assisted units within and outside of areas of minority concentration. Rather, application of this standard should produce a reasonable distribution of assisted units each year, that, over a period of several years, will approach an appropriate balance of housing choices within and outside areas of minority concentration. An appropriate balance in any jurisdiction must be determined in light of local conditions affecting the range of housing choices available for low-income minority families and in relation to the racial mix of the locality's population.

(B) Units may be considered "comparable opportunities" if they have the same household type (elderly, disabled, family, large family) and tenure type (owner/renter); require approximately the same tenant contribution towards rent; serve the same income group; are located in the same housing market; and are in standard condition.

(C) Application of this sufficient, comparable opportunities standard involves assessing the overall impact of HUD-assisted housing on the availability of housing choices for low-income minority families in and outside areas of minority concentration, and must take into account the extent to which the following factors are present, along with other factors relevant to housing choice:

(1) A significant number of assisted housing units are available outside areas of minority concentration.

(2) There is significant integration of assisted housing projects constructed or rehabilitated in the past 10 years, relative to the racial mix of the eligible population.

(3) There are racially integrated neighborhoods in the locality.

(4) Programs are operated by the locality to assist minority families that wish to find housing outside areas of minority concentration.

(5) Minority families have benefited from local activities (e.g., acquisition and write-down of sites, tax relief programs for homeowners, acquisitions of units for use as assisted housing units) undertaken to expand choice for minority families outside of areas of minority concentration.

(6) A significant proportion of minority households has been successful in finding units in non-minority areas under the Section 8 certificate and voucher programs.

(7) Comparable housing opportunities have been made available outside areas of minority concentration through other programs.

(iv) Application of the "overriding housing needs" criterion, for example, permits approval of sites that are an integral part of an overall local strategy for the preservation or restoration of the immediate neighborhood and of sites in a neighborhood experiencing significant private investment that is

demonstrably changing the economic character of the area (a “revitalizing area”). An “overriding housing need,” however, may not serve as the basis for determining that a site is acceptable if the only reason the need cannot otherwise be feasibly met is that discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status or disability renders sites outside areas of minority concentration unavailable or if the use of this standard in recent years has had the effect of circumventing the obligation to provide housing choice.

(4) The site must promote greater choice of housing opportunities and avoid undue concentration of assisted persons in areas containing a high proportion of low-income persons.

(5) The neighborhood must not be one which is seriously detrimental to family life or in which substandard dwellings or other undesirable conditions predominate, unless there is actively in progress a concerted program to remedy the undesirable conditions.

(6) The housing must be accessible to social, recreational, educational, commercial, and health facilities and services, and other municipal facilities and services that are at least equivalent to those typically found in neighborhoods consisting largely of unassisted, standard housing of similar market rents.

(7) Except for new construction housing designed for elderly persons, travel time and cost via public transportation or private automobile, from the neighborhood to places of employment providing a range of jobs for lower-income workers, must not be excessive.

§ 983.7 Eligible and ineligible properties and HA-owned units.

(a) Section 982.352 of this chapter, *Eligible Housing*, does not apply. Newly constructed and existing structures of various types may be appropriate for attaching assistance to the units under this part 983, including single-family housing and multifamily structures.

(b) An HA may not attach or pay PBC assistance to units in the following types of housing:

(1) Housing for which the construction is started before Agreement execution;

(2) Housing for which the rehabilitation is started before Agreement execution;

(3) Shared housing; nursing homes; and facilities providing continual psychiatric, medical, nursing services, board and care or intermediate care;

(4) Units within the grounds of penal, reformatory, medical, mental, and similar public or private institutions;

(5) Housing located in the Coastal Barrier Resources System designated under the Coastal Barrier Resources Act;

(6) Housing located in an area that has been identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) as having special flood hazards, unless:

(i)(A) The community in which the area is situated is participating in the National Flood Insurance Program (see 44 CFR parts 59 through 79); or

(B) Less than a year has passed since FEMA notification regarding such hazards; and

(ii) The HA will ensure that flood insurance on the structure is obtained in compliance with section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*);

(7) College or other school dormitories; or

(8) A manufactured home.

(c) An HA may not attach or pay PBC assistance to units in any of the following types of subsidized housing:

(1) Public housing;

(2) A unit subsidized by any other form of Section 8 assistance (tenant-based or project-based);

(3) A unit subsidized with any local or State rent subsidy;

(4) A Section 236 project (insured or noninsured); or a unit subsidized with Section 236 rental assistance payments;

(5) A Rural Development Administration Section 515 project;

(6) A unit subsidized with rental assistance payments under Section 521 of the Housing Act of 1949 (a Rural Development Administration Program);

(7) Housing assisted under former Section 23 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (before amendment by the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974);

(8) A Section 221(d)(3) project;

(9) A project with a Section 202 loan;