

§ 25.111

to the release of the security, the appropriate ATF officer may, for proper cause, extend the date of release of the security for an additional length of time as may be appropriate.

(31 U.S.C. 9301, 9303)

Subpart I—Special Taxes

LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL TAX

§ 25.111 Brewer's special tax.

(a) *General.* Every brewer shall pay a special (occupational) tax at the rate specified by § 25.111a or § 25.111b, whichever is applicable. The tax shall be paid on or before the date of commencing business as a brewer, and thereafter every year on or before July 1. On commencing business, the tax shall be computed from the first day of the month in which liability is incurred, through the following June 30. Thereafter, the tax shall be computed for the entire year (July 1 through June 30).

(b) *Transition rule.* A brewer who was engaged in business on January 1, 1988, and paid a special (occupational) tax for a taxable period which began before January 1, 1988, and included that date, shall pay an increased special tax for the period January 1, 1988, through June 30, 1988. The increased special tax shall not exceed one-half the excess (if any) of (1) the rate of special tax in effect on January 1, 1988, over (2) the rate of such tax in effect on December 31, 1987. The increased special tax shall be paid on or before April 1, 1988.

(26 U.S.C. 5091, 5142)

[T.D. ATF-271, 53 FR 17547, May 17, 1988]

§ 25.111a Special tax rates.

(a) *Prior rates.* The special (occupational) tax imposed on brewers prior to January 1, 1988, was \$110 a year, except that the special tax for any brewer of less than 500 barrels a year was \$55 a year.

(b) *Rate effective January 1, 1988.* The special tax rate imposed on brewers (other than small brewers as defined in § 25.111b) is \$1000 a year.

(26 U.S.C. 5091)

[T.D. ATF-271, 53 FR 17547, May 17, 1988]

27 CFR Ch. I (4-1-04 Edition)

§ 25.111b Reduced rate of tax for small brewers.

(a) *General.* Effective January 1, 1988, 26 U.S.C. 5091(b) provides for a reduced rate of tax with respect to any brewer whose gross receipts (for the most recent taxable year ending before the first day of the taxable period to which the tax imposed by § 25.111 relates) are less than \$500,000. The rate of tax for such a brewer is \$500 a year. The "taxable year" to be used for determining gross receipts is the taxpayer's income tax year. All gross receipts of the taxpayer shall be included, not just the gross receipts of the business subject to special tax. Proprietors of new businesses that have not yet begun a taxable year, as well as proprietors of existing businesses that have not yet ended a taxable year, who commence a new activity subject to special tax, qualify for the reduced special (occupational) tax rate, unless the business is a member of a "controlled group"; in that case, the rules of paragraph (b) of this section shall apply.

(b) *Controlled group.* In determining gross receipts, all persons treated as one taxpayer under 26 U.S.C. 5061(e)(3) shall be treated as one taxpayer for purposes of paragraph (a) of this section. "Controlled group" means a controlled group of corporations, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 1563, and implementing regulations in 26 CFR 1.1563-1 through 1.1563-4, except that the words "at least 80 percent" shall be replaced by the words "more than 50 percent" in each place they appear in subsection (a) of 26 U.S.C. 1563, as well as in the implementing regulations. Also, the rules for a "controlled group of corporations" apply in a similar fashion to groups which include partnerships and/or sole proprietorships. If one entity maintains more than 50% control over a group consisting of corporations and one, or more, partnerships and/or sole proprietorships, all of the members of the controlled group are one taxpayer for the purpose of this section.

(c) *Short taxable year.* Gross receipts for any taxable year of less than 12 months shall be annualized by multiplying the gross receipts for the short period by 12 and dividing the result by