

**§ 432.10**

attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available.

432.73 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best available technology economically achievable.

432.74 [Reserved]

432.75 Standards of performance for new sources.

432.76 Pretreatment standards for new sources.

432.77 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best conventional pollutant control technology.

**Subpart H—Ham Processor Subcategory**

432.80 Applicability; description of the ham processor subcategory.

432.81 Specialized definitions.

432.82 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available.

432.83 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best available technology economically achievable.

432.84 [Reserved]

432.85 Standards of performance for new sources.

432.86 Pretreatment standards for new sources.

432.87 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best conventional pollutant control technology.

**Subpart I—Canned Meats Processor Subcategory**

432.90 Applicability; description of the canned meats processor subcategory.

432.91 Specialized definitions.

432.92 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available.

432.93 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best available technology economically achievable.

432.94 [Reserved]

432.95 Standards of performance for new sources.

432.96 Pretreatment standards for new sources.

**40 CFR Ch. I (7–1–04 Edition)**

432.97 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best conventional pollutant control technology.

**Subpart J—Renderer Subcategory**

432.100 Applicability; description of the renderer subcategory.

432.101 Specialized definitions.

432.102 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available.

432.103 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best available technology economically achievable.

432.104 [Reserved]

432.105 Standards of performance for new sources.

432.106 Pretreatment standards for new sources.

432.107 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best conventional pollution control technology.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 301, 304 (b) and (c), 306 (b) and (c), and 307(c) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended; 33 U.S.C. 1251, 1311, 1314 (b) and (c), 1316 (b) and (c), 1317(c); 86 Stat. 816 *et seq.*, Pub. L. 92-500; 91 Stat. 1567, Pub. L. 95-217.

SOURCE: 39 FR 7897, Feb. 28, 1974, unless otherwise noted.

**Subpart A—Simple Slaughterhouse Subcategory**

**§ 432.10 Applicability; description of the simple slaughterhouse subcategory.**

The provisions of this subpart are applicable to discharges resulting from the production of red meat carcasses, in whole or part, by simple slaughterhouses.

**§ 432.11 Specialized definitions.**

For the purpose of this subpart:

(a) Except as provided below, the general definitions, abbreviations and methods of analysis set forth in 40 CFR part 401 shall apply to this subpart.

(b) The term “slaughterhouse” shall mean a plant that slaughters animals and has as its main product fresh meat as whole, half or quarter carcasses or smaller meat cuts.

**Environmental Protection Agency**

**§ 432.12**

(c) The term “simple slaughterhouse” shall mean a slaughterhouse which accomplishes very limited by-product processing, if any, usually no more than two of such operations as rendering, paunch and viscera handling, blood processing, hide processing, or hair processing.

(d) The term “LWK” (live weight killed) shall mean the total weight of the total number of animals slaughtered during the time to which the effluent limitations apply; i.e., during any one day or any period of thirty consecutive days.

(e) The term “ELWK” (equivalent live weight killed) shall mean the total weight of the total number of animals slaughtered at locations other than the slaughterhouse or packinghouse, which animals provide hides, blood, viscera or renderable materials for processing at that slaughterhouse, in addition to those derived from animals slaughtered on site.

(f) The term “oil and grease” shall mean those components of process waste water amenable to measurement by the method described in “Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes,” 1971, EPA, Analytical Quality Control Laboratory, page 217.

**§ 432.12 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available.**

Except as provided in §§125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart shall achieve the following effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT):

(a) The following limitations establish the quantity or quality of pollutants or pollutant properties, controlled by this section and attributable to on-site slaughter or subsequent meat, meat product or by-product processing of carcasses of animals slaughtered on-site, which may be discharged by a point source subject to the provisions of this subpart after application of the best practicable control technology currently available:

Effluent characteristic	Effluent limitations	
	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 consecutive days shall not exceed—
	Metric units (kilograms per 1,000 kg LWK)	
BOD5 .....	0.24	0.12
TSS .....	0.40	0.20
Oil and grease .....	0.12	0.06
Fecal coliform .....	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )
pH .....	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )
	English units (pounds per 1,000 lb LWK)	
BOD5 .....	0.24	0.12
TSS .....	0.40	0.20
Oil and grease .....	0.12	0.06
Fecal coliform .....	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )
pH .....	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )

<sup>1</sup> Maximum at any time 400 mpn/100 ml.  
<sup>2</sup> Within the range 6.0 to 9.0.

(b) The following limitations establish the quantity or quality of pollutants or pollutant properties, controlled by this section and attributable to the processing (defleshing, washing and curing) of hides derived from animals slaughtered at locations other than the slaughterhouse, which may be discharged by a point source subject to the provisions of this subpart, in addition to the discharge allowed by § 432.12(a):

Effluent characteristic	Effluent limitations	
	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 consecutive days shall not exceed—
	Metric units (kilograms per 1,000 kg ELWK)	
BOD5 .....	0.04	0.02
TSS .....	0.08	0.04
	English units (pounds per 1,000 lb ELWK)	
BOD5 .....	0.04	0.02
TSS .....	0.08	0.04

(c) The following limitations establish the quantity or quality of pollutants or pollutant properties, controlled by this section and attributable to the processing of blood derived from animals slaughtered at locations other than the slaughterhouse, which may be discharged by a point source subject to