

#### § 2091.5-4

Order making the withdrawal is signed, and cannot exceed 3 years in duration and may not be extended.

(b) The lands covered by an emergency withdrawal are opened automatically on the date of expiration of the withdrawal unless segregation is effected by the publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER of a notice of a withdrawal application or proposal.

#### § 2091.5-4 Segregative effect and opening: Water power withdrawals.

(a) Lands covered by powersite reserves, powersite classifications, and powersite designations are considered withdrawn and are segregated from operation of the public land laws, but are not withdrawn and segregated from the operation of the mineral laws.

(b) These lands may be opened to operation of the public land laws after a revocation or cancellation order issued by the Department of the Interior or after a determination to open the lands is made by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under section 24 of the Federal Power Act. (See subpart 2320) Mining claims may be located on such lands under procedures in subpart 3730 of this title. These lands are opened by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER of an opening order specifying the extent, date and time of opening.

#### § 2091.5-5 Segregative effect and opening: Federal Power Act withdrawals.

(a)(1) The filing of an application for a power project with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission withdraws the lands covered by the application from the operation of the public land laws; however, the lands remain open to the location, lease or disposal of the mineral estate.

(2) The issuance of a permit or license for a project by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission withdraws the lands from the operation of the mining laws. (See part 3730).

(b) Lands withdrawn under section 24 of the Federal Power Act remain withdrawn until the withdrawal is vacated and the lands opened by proper authority.

(c) After a withdrawal has been vacated, the lands are opened to the oper-

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ation of the public land laws by notation of the lands records to that effect.

#### § 2091.5-6 Congressional withdrawals and opening of lands.

(a) Congressional withdrawals become effective and are terminated as specified in the statute making the withdrawal. If the statute does not specify the date, duration and extent of segregation, the Secretary shall publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER a Public Land Order so specifying.

(b) If the statute does not specify when and to what extent the lands are to be opened, the Secretary publishes in the FEDERAL REGISTER an opening order so specifying.

#### § 2091.6 Opening of withdrawn lands: General.

The term of a withdrawal ends upon expiration under its own terms, or upon revocation or termination by the Secretary by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER of a Public Land Order. Lands included in a withdrawal that is revoked, terminates or expires do not automatically become open, but are opened through publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER of an opening order. An opening order may be incorporated in a Public Land Order that revokes or terminates a withdrawal or may be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER as a separate document. In each case, the opening order specifies the time, date and specific conditions under which the lands are opened. (See subpart 2310.)

#### § 2091.7 Segregation and opening of lands classified for a specific use.

##### § 2091.7-1 Segregative effect and opening: Classifications.

(a)(1) Lands classified under the authority of the Recreation and the Public Purposes Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 869-4), and the Small Tract Act (43 U.S.C. 682a) are segregated from the operation of the public land laws, including the mining laws, but not the mineral leasing laws, the material disposal laws, and the Geothermal Steam Act, except as provided in the notice of realty action.

(2) Lands classified under the authority of the Classification and Multiple

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Use Act (43 U.S.C. 1411-18) are segregated to the extent described in the notice of classification.

(b) The segregative effect of the classification described in §2091.7-1 of this title terminates and the lands are opened under the following procedures:

(1) Recreation and Public Purposes Act classifications; (i) Made after the effective date of these regulations terminate and the lands automatically become open at the end of the 18-month period of segregation specified in part 2740 of this title, unless an application is filed; (ii) made prior to the effective date of these regulations where the 18-month period of segregation specified in part 2740 of this title is in effect on the effective date of these regulations, expire and the lands automatically become open at the end of the 18-month period of segregation unless an application is filed; (iii) made prior to the effective date on these regulations where the 18-month period of segregation has expired prior to the effective date of these regulations, terminate by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER of an opening order specifying the date and time of opening.

(2) Small Tract Act classifications terminate by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER of an opening order specifying the date and time of opening.

(3) Classification and Multiple Use Act classification shall be terminated by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER of an opening order specifying the date and time of opening.

[52 FR 12175, Apr. 15, 1987; 52 FR 36575, Sept. 30, 1987]

### § 2091.7-2 Segregative effect and opening: Taylor Grazing Act.

Lands classified under section 7 of the Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (43 U.S.C. 315f), are segregated to the extent described in the classification notice. The segregative effect for Desert Land entries, Indian allotments, State selections (exclusive of Alaska) and Carey Act grants made after the effective date of these regulations remains in effect until terminated by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER of an opening order specifying the date and time of opening or upon issuance of a

patent or other document of conveyance,

### § 2091.8 Status of gift lands.

Upon acceptance by the United States, through the Secretary of the Interior, of a deed of conveyance as a gift, the lands or interests so conveyed will become property of the United States but will not become subject to applicable land and mineral laws of this title unless and until an order to that effect is issued by BLM.

[62 FR 52036, Oct. 6, 1997]

### § 2091.9 Segregation and opening resulting from laws specific to Alaska.

#### § 2091.9-1 Alaska Native selections.

The segregation and opening of lands authorized for selection and selected by Alaska Natives under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), are covered by part 2650 of this title.

#### § 2091.9-2 Selections by the State of Alaska.

The segregation and opening of lands authorized for selection and selected by the State of Alaska under the various statutes granting lands to the State of Alaska are covered by subpart 2627 of this title.

#### § 2091.9-3 Lands in Alaska under grazing lease.

The segregation and opening of lands covered by the Act of March 4, 1927 (43 U.S.C. 316, 316a-316o) are covered by part 4200 of this title.

## Subpart 2094—Special Resource Values; Shore Space

AUTHORITY: R.S. 2478, secs. 4, 5, 69 Stat. 444; 43 U.S.C. 1201, 48 U.S.C. 462 note.

SOURCE: 35 FR 9540, June 13, 1970, unless otherwise noted.

### § 2094.0-3 Authority.

Section 1 of the Act of May 14, 1898 (30 Stat. 409) as amended by the Acts of March 3, 1903 (32 Stat. 1028) and August 3, 1955 (69 Stat. 444; 48 U.S.C. 371) provides that no entry shall be allowed extending more than 160 rods along the shore of any navigable water. Section