

(3) Regarding which an aircraft subject to lien has been seized by the United States; and

(4) In which a suit for injunctive relief based on the violation giving rise to the civil penalty has also been brought.

§ 1503.202 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this subpart:

Administrative law judge means an administrative law judge appointed pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 3105.

Agency attorney means the Deputy Chief Counsel for Civil Enforcement or an attorney that he or she designates. An *agency attorney* will not include:

(1) Any attorney in the Office of the Chief Counsel who advises the TSA decision maker regarding an initial decision or any appeal to the TSA decision maker; or

(2) Any attorney who is supervised in a civil penalty action by a person who provides such advice to the TSA decision maker in that action or a factually related action.

Attorney means a person licensed by a state, the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States to practice law or appear before the courts of that state or territory.

Complainant means those persons within the TSA responsible for investigating and bringing possible violations of statute and regulation.

Complaint means a document issued by an agency attorney alleging a violation of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)-(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)-(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions that has been filed with the enforcement docket after a hearing has been requested pursuant to § 1503.16(d)(3) or § 1503.16(e)(2)(ii).

Mail includes U.S. certified mail, U.S. registered mail, or use of an overnight express courier service.

Order assessing civil penalty means a document that contains a finding of violation of 49 U.S.C. chapter 449 (except sections 44902, 44903(d), 44907(a)-(d)(1)(A), 44907(d)(1)(C)-(f), 44908, and 44909), or a regulation prescribed or order issued under any of those provisions and may direct payment of a civil

penalty. Unless there is an appeal to the TSA decision maker, filed in a timely manner, an initial decision or order of an administrative law judge will be considered an *order assessing civil penalty* if an administrative law judge finds that an alleged violation occurred and determines that a civil penalty, in an amount found appropriate by the administrative law judge, is warranted. Unless a petition for review is filed with a U.S. court of appeals in a timely manner, a final decision and order of the Administrator will be considered an *order assessing civil penalty* if the TSA decision maker finds that an alleged violation occurred and a civil penalty is warranted.

Party means the respondent or the complainant.

Personal delivery includes hand-delivery or use of a contract or express messenger service. *Personal delivery* does not include the use of Government interoffice mail service.

Pleading means a complaint, an answer, and any amendment of these documents permitted under this subpart.

Properly addressed means a document that shows an address contained in agency records, a residential, business, or other address submitted by a person on any document provided under this subpart, or any other address shown by other reasonable and available means.

Respondent means a person, corporation, or company named in a complaint.

TSA decision maker means the Administrator, acting in the capacity of the decision maker on appeal, or any person to whom the Administrator has delegated the Administrator's decision-making authority in a civil penalty action. As used in this subpart, the *TSA decision maker* is the official authorized to issue a final decision and order of the Administrator in a civil penalty action.

[67 FR 51483, Aug. 8, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49720, Aug. 19, 2003]

§ 1503.203 Separation of functions.

(a) Civil penalty proceedings, including hearings, will be prosecuted by an agency attorney.

(b) An agency employee engaged in the performance of investigative or