

Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior

§ 27.12

§ 27.10 Financial assistance for trainees.

(a) Applicants entering full-time training under this part may be granted financial assistance as needed, based upon rates established by the Area Director for the respective areas, or jurisdictions within those areas. Trainees may be assisted to secure educational grants from other sources for which they qualify. Such income shall be considered in computing amounts of financial assistance to be provided by the Bureau of Indian Affairs. Marital status of trainees is not a consideration for determining eligibility for training, but this factor is a consideration in determining appropriate subsistence grants. Proof of a legal relationship requiring support shall be required as a basis for application of family subsistence rates. In the case of married persons, proof of marriage shall be required to satisfy this requirement. Financial assistance may be provided for transportation and subsistence enroute to training; tuition and related training costs; subsistence while in training; emergency assistance is allowed where verified emergencies justify such grants and must have Area Director approval; and supportive services while in training. Supportive services includes tools for employment, initial union dues, transportation of household effects, security and safety deposits, personal appearance and housewares, child care, and cost of vocational training counselors engaged in providing services to trainees (salaries, fringe benefits and travel costs).

(b) Not more than thirty (30) percent of the funds appropriated for any pro-

gram year may be used to pay for the costs of administration. Administrative costs include salaries and fringe benefits of direct program administrative positions such as program director or program officer, program/financial analyst, labor market analyst, clerical personnel, travel costs, materials, supplies, equipment, space and utilities.

§ 27.11 Contracts and agreements.

Training facilities and services required for programs of vocational training may be arranged through contracts or agreements with agencies, establishments or organizations. These may include:

(a) Indian tribal governing bodies,

(b) Appropriate Federal, State or local government agencies,

(c) Public or private schools which have a recognized reputation in vocational education as successfully obtaining employment for graduates in the fields of training approved by the Assistant Secretary or his/her authorized representative for purposes of the program,

(d) Educational firms to operate residential training centers, or

(e) Corporations and associations or small business establishments with apprenticeship or on-the-job training programs leading to skilled employment.

Subpart C—Appeals

§ 27.12 Appeals.

The decisions of any Bureau official under this part can be appealed pursuant to the procedures in 25 CFR part 2.