

**§ 8.22 Contracts to purchase distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages.**

Any contract or agreement, written or unwritten, which has the effect of requiring the retailer to purchase distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages from the industry member beyond a single sales transaction is prohibited. Examples of such contracts are:

(a) An advertising contract between an industry member and a retailer with the express or implied requirement of the purchase of the advertiser's products; or

(b) A sales contract awarded on a competitive bid basis which has the effect of prohibiting the retailer from purchasing from other industry members by:

(1) Requiring that for the period of the agreement, the retailer purchase a product or line of products exclusively from the industry member; or

(2) Requiring that the retailer purchase a specific or minimum quantity during the period of the agreement.

**§ 8.23 Third party arrangements.**

Industry member requirements, by agreement or otherwise, with non-retailers which result in a retailer being required to purchase the industry member's products are within the exclusive outlet provisions. These industry member requirements are covered whether the agreement or other arrangement originates with the industry member or the third party. For example, a supplier enters into a contractual agreement or other arrangement with a third party. This agreement or arrangement contains an industry member requirement as described above. The third party, a ballclub, or municipal or private corporation, not acting as a retailer, leases the concession rights and is able to control the purchasing decisions of the retailer. The third party, as a result of the requirement, by agreement or otherwise, with the industry member, requires the retailer to purchase the industry member's products to the exclusion, in whole or in part, of products sold or offered for sale by other persons in interstate or foreign commerce. The business arrangements entered into by the industry member and the third party may consist of such things as spon-

soring radio or television broadcasting, paying for advertising, or providing other services or things of value.

[T.D. ATF-364, 60 FR 20425, Apr. 26, 1995]

**Subpart D—Exclusion**

SOURCE: T.D. ATF-364, 60 FR 20425, Apr. 26, 1995, unless otherwise noted.

**§ 8.51 Exclusion, in general.**

(a) Exclusion, in whole or in part occurs:

(1) When a practice by an industry member, whether direct, indirect, or through an affiliate, places (or has the potential to place) retailer independence at risk by means of a tie or link between the industry member and retailer or by any other means of industry member control over the retailer, and

(2) Such practice results in the retailer purchasing less than it would have of a competitor's product.

(b) Section 8.52 lists practices that result in exclusion. Section 8.53 lists practices not resulting in exclusion. Section 8.54 lists the criteria used for determining whether other practices can put retailer independence at risk.

**§ 8.52 Practices which result in exclusion.**

The practices specified in this section result in exclusion under section 105(a) of the Act. The practices specified here are examples and do not constitute a complete list of such practices:

(a) Purchases of distilled spirits, wine or malt beverages by a retailer as a result, directly or indirectly, of a threat or act of physical or economic harm by the selling industry member.

(b) Contracts between an industry member and a retailer which require the retailer to purchase distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages from that industry member and expressly restrict the retailer from purchasing, in whole or in part, such products from another industry member.

**§ 8.53 Practice not resulting in exclusion.**

The practice specified in this section is deemed not to result in exclusion

## § 8.54

under section 105(a) of the Act: a supply contract for one year or less between the industry member and retailer under which the industry member agrees to sell distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages to the retailer on an “as needed” basis provided that the retailer is not required to purchase any minimum quantity of such product.

### § 8.54 Criteria for determining retailer independence.

The criteria specified in this section are indications that a particular practice, other than those in §§ 8.52 and 8.53, places retailer independence at risk. A practice need not meet all of the criteria specified in this section in order to place retailer independence at risk.

(a) The practice restricts or hampers the free economic choice of a retailer to decide which products to purchase or the quantity in which to purchase them for sale to consumers.

(b) The industry member obligates the retailer to participate in the promotion to obtain the industry member’s product.

(c) The retailer has a continuing obligation to purchase or otherwise promote the industry member’s product.

(d) The retailer has a commitment not to terminate its relationship with the industry member with respect to purchase of the industry member’s products.

(e) The practice involves the industry member in the day-to-day operations of the retailer. For example, the industry member controls the retailer’s decisions on which brand of products to purchase, the pricing of products, or the manner in which the products will be displayed on the retailer’s premises.

(f) The practice is discriminatory in that it is not offered to all retailers in the local market on the same terms without business reasons present to justify the difference in treatment.

## PART 9—AMERICAN VITICULTURAL AREAS

### Subpart A—General Provisions

- Sec.
- 9.1 Scope.
  - 9.2 Territorial extent.
  - 9.3 Relation to parts 4 and 70 of this chapter.

## 27 CFR Ch. I (4–1–05 Edition)

### Subpart B—Definitions

- 9.11 Meaning of terms.

### Subpart C—Approved American Viticultural Areas

- 9.21 General.
- 9.22 Augusta.
- 9.23 Napa Valley.
- 9.24 Chalone.
- 9.25 San Pasqual Valley.
- 9.26 Guenoc Valley.
- 9.27 Lime Kiln Valley.
- 9.28 Santa Maria Valley.
- 9.29 Sonoma Valley.
- 9.30 North Coast.
- 9.31 Santa Cruz Mountains.
- 9.32 Los Carneros.
- 9.33 Fennville.
- 9.34 Finger Lakes.
- 9.35 Edna Valley.
- 9.36 McDowell Valley.
- 9.37 California Shenandoah Valley.
- 9.38 Cienega Valley.
- 9.39 Paicines.
- 9.40 Leelanau Peninsula.
- 9.41 Lancaster Valley.
- 9.42 Cole Ranch.
- 9.43 Rocky Knob.
- 9.44 Solano County Green Valley.
- 9.45 Suisun Valley.
- 9.46 Livermore Valley.
- 9.47 Hudson River Region.
- 9.48 Monticello.
- 9.49 Central Delaware Valley.
- 9.50 Temecula Valley.
- 9.51 Isle St. George.
- 9.52 Chalk Hill.
- 9.53 Alexander Valley.
- 9.54 Santa Ynez Valley.
- 9.55 Bell Mountain.
- 9.56 San Lucas.
- 9.57 Sonoma County Green Valley.
- 9.58 Carmel Valley.
- 9.59 Arroyo Seco.
- 9.60 Shenandoah Valley.
- 9.61 El Dorado.
- 9.62 Loramie Creek.
- 9.63 Linganore.
- 9.64 Dry Creek Valley.
- 9.65 North Fork of Roanoke.
- 9.66 Russian River Valley.
- 9.67 Catoctin.
- 9.68 Merritt Island.
- 9.69 Yakima Valley.
- 9.70 Northern Sonoma.
- 9.71 Hermann.
- 9.72 Southeastern New England.
- 9.73 Martha’s Vineyard.
- 9.74 Columbia Valley.
- 9.75 Central Coast.
- 9.76 Knights Valley.
- 9.77 Altus.
- 9.78 Ohio River Valley.
- 9.79 Lake Michigan Shore.
- 9.80 York Mountain.