

**§ 1951.462**

or prospective value or when enforcement would be ineffectual or uneconomical. Judgment liens or statutory redemption rights may be released only with prior consent of OGC.

**§ 1951.462 Deceased borrower.**

When an NP borrower dies, FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 will determine whether or not arrangements can be effected for continuation of the loan under one of the provisions of this section. If not, the loan may be liquidated according to § 1951.468 of this subpart. The servicing actions and the circumstances under which they may be considered are outlined in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section.

(a) *Continue with jointly liable borrower.* If a jointly liable borrower will repay the loan and fulfill other obligations of the loan, FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 will take no action to liquidate the loan.

(b) *Assumption by spouse not liable for the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 debt.* The spouse of a deceased borrower who is not liable for the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 debt and who wishes to assume the debt may do so in accordance with § 1951.463(d)(1) of this subpart.

(c) *Continue with joint tenant, tenant by the entirety, or other person.* When a joint tenant, tenant by the entirety, or other person who inherits title to (or an interest in) the security property, on which the principal residence is located, by devise, descent, or operation of law upon the death of a borrower makes payments as scheduled in the promissory note (or assumption agreement), FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 may not take action to liquidate the loan as long as the property is adequately maintained, real estate taxes and assessments are paid when due, and the dwelling is not known to be uninsured (if funds for taxes and insurance are being escrowed, the escrow is a part of the scheduled payments). The loan may be assumed in accordance with § 1951.463(d) of this subpart; however, assumption of the indebtedness is not required. Continuation with a joint tenant, tenant

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by the entirety, or other person under the provisions of this paragraph applies only to the transfer of title resulting from death of the borrower; it does not apply to any subsequent transfer of title by the inheritor(s) except by devise, descent, or operation of law upon the death of the inheritors or sale of interests among inheritors to consolidate title. Any other subsequent transfer of title will be treated as a sale and is subject to the requirements of § 1951.463 of this subpart.

(d) *Assumption by a person, other than the spouse, who is not liable for the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 loan.* A person other than the deceased borrower's spouse who wishes to assume the loan for the benefit of persons who were dependent on the deceased borrower at the time of death, without receiving title to the property, may do so in accordance with § 1951.463(d)(1) of this subpart provided:

(1) The residence will continue to be occupied by one or more persons who were dependent on the borrower at the time of death; and

(2) There is reasonable prospect for orderly repayment of the loan and other obligations of the loan will be met.

**§ 1951.463 Transfer of security and assumption of indebtedness.**

When a borrower proposes to sell security property, assumption of the indebtedness may be approved on program or NP terms, as applicable, subject to the provisions of paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section. Assumptions under paragraphs (b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(4), (b)(5) and (d) of this section only are authorized on existing terms. When security property is sold (or title is otherwise conveyed), whether by full conveyance or by land contract, contract-for-deed, or other similar instrument, and the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 debt is not assumed by the purchaser (new owner) or paid in full, the conveyance will not be approved, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(5) of this section or § 1951.462 of this subpart. If the conveyance is not approved the loan must be liquidated unless FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354