

## Occupational Safety and Health Admin., Labor

## § 1956.60

### § 1956.53 Determination of operational effectiveness. [Reserved]

### § 1956.54 Location of plan for inspection and copying.

A copy of the plan may be inspected and copied during normal business hours at the following locations:

Office of State Programs, U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Third Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Room N-3476, Washington, DC 20210;

Office of the Regional Administrator, U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 1515 Broadway (1 Astor Plaza) Room 3445, New York, New York 10036;

State of New York Department of Labor, State Office Building Campus, Building 12, Room 579, Albany, New York 12226;

Division of Occupational Safety and Health, State of New York Department of Labor, Room 6994, 2 World Trade Center, New York, New York 10047.

### § 1956.55 Changes to approved plans.

In accordance with part 1953, the following New York plan changes were approved by the Assistant Secretary:

(a) The State submitted a staffing pattern change involving the reassignment of two positions from Industrial Hygiene Consultation to Industrial Hygiene Enforcement. The Assistant Secretary approved the supplement on May 26, 1987.

(b) The State submitted a staffing pattern change which establishes an Analysis and Management Information System Unit. The Assistant Secretary approved the supplement on December 29, 1989.

[52 FR 20073, May 29, 1987, as amended at 55 FR 1206, Jan. 12, 1990]

## Subpart G—New Jersey

AUTHORITY: Section 18 of the OSH Act, (29 U.S.C. 667), 29 CFR Part 1902, 29 CFR 1956, and Secretary of Labor's Order No. 3-2000 (65 FR 50017).

SOURCE: 66 FR 2272, Jan. 11, 2001, unless otherwise noted.

### § 1956.60 Description of the plan as initially approved.

(a) *Authority and scope.* The New Jersey State Plan for Public Employee Occupational Safety and Health received

initial OSHA approval on January 11, 2001. The plan designates the New Jersey Department of Labor as the State agency responsible for administering the plan throughout the State. The plan includes enabling legislation, Public Employees Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1995 (N.J.S.A. 34:6A-25 *et seq.*), enacted in 1984, and amended on July 25, 1995. Under this legislation, the State Commissioner of Labor has full authority to enforce and administer all laws and rules protecting the safety and health of all employees of the State and its political subdivisions under the Public Employee Occupational Safety and Health program (PEOSH). The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services has authority for occupational health matters including the authority to conduct health inspections, investigations and related activities. However, all standards adoption and enforcement authority for both occupational safety and health remain the responsibility of the New Jersey Department of Labor.

(b) *Standards.* New Jersey has adopted State standards identical to OSHA occupational safety and health standards promulgated as of December 7, 1998, with differences only in its hazard communication and fire protection standards. The State plan includes a commitment to bring those two (2) standards into conformance with OSHA requirements and to update all standards within one year after plan approval. The State plan also provides that future OSHA standards and revisions will be adopted by the State within six (6) months of Federal promulgation, in accordance with 29 CFR 1953.21. Any emergency temporary standards will be adopted within 30 days of Federal adoption. The State will adopt Federal OSHA standards in accordance with the provisions of New Jersey statute, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-5; Federal standards shall be deemed to be duly adopted as State regulations upon publication by the Commissioner of Labor. The plan also provides for the adoption of alternative or different occupational safety and health standards by the Commissioner of Labor in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, the Commissioner of Community Affairs, and