

should be consistent with the foregoing.)

(d) *Signature on application.* Unless incapable of making application himself or herself, the applicant shall personally sign the application, under oath, before a notary or other official authorized to administer oaths. If the applicant is incapable of executing the application, the application may be signed under oath and submitted by the applicant's spouse, next of kin, executor, guardian and other person recognized as a personal representative by the law of the applicant's domicile. One is considered incapable of executing an application for purposes of this paragraph only when the applicant is unable to sign the application under oath due to physical or mental incapacity. When an application is signed by a person other than the applicant, the circumstances rendering the applicant incapable of making sworn application shall be set forth in the application, with appropriate documentation.

(e) *Privacy Act Statement.* Disclosure of personal information requested by paragraph (c) of this section is voluntary; however, failure to accurately provide all requested information may result in the application being denied because of inadequate documentation of good cause.

[47 FR 49645, Nov. 2, 1982, as amended at 50 FR 23804, June 6, 1985]

PART 720—DELIVERY OF PERSONNEL; SERVICE OF PROCESS AND SUBPOENAS; PRODUCTION OF OFFICIAL RECORDS

Subpart A—Delivery of Personnel

Sec.

- 720.1 Delivery of persons requested by State authorities in criminal cases.
- 720.2 Delivery when persons are within the territorial limits of the requesting State.
- 720.3 Delivery when persons are beyond territorial limits of the requesting State.
- 720.4 Persons stationed outside the United States.
- 720.5 Authority of the Judge Advocate General and the General Counsel.
- 720.6 Agreement required prior to delivery to State authorities.
- 720.7 Delivery of persons to Federal authorities.
- 720.8 Delivery of persons to foreign authorities.

720.9 Circumstances in which delivery is refused.

720.10 Members released by civil authorities on bail or on their own recognizance.

720.11 Interviewing servicemembers or civilian employees by Federal civilian investigative agencies.

720.12 Request for delivery of members serving sentence of court-martial.

720.13 Request for delivery of members serving sentence of a State court.

720.14-720.19 [Reserved]

Subpart B—Service of Process and Subpoenas Upon Personnel

720.20 Service of process upon personnel.

720.21 Members or civilian employees subpoenaed as witnesses in State courts.

720.22 Members or civilian employees subpoenaed as witnesses in Federal courts.

720.23 Naval prisoners as witnesses or parties in civilian courts.

720.24 Interviews and depositions in connection with civil litigation in matters pertaining to official duties.

720.25 Repossession of personal property.

720.26-720.29 [Reserved]

Subpart C—Production of Official Records

720.30 Production of official records in response to court order.

720.31 Production of official records in the absence of court order.

720.32 Certificates of full faith and credit.

Subpart D—Compliance With Court Orders by Department of the Navy Members, Employees, and Family Members Outside the United States

720.40 Purpose.

720.41 Definitions.

720.42 Policy.

720.43 Points of contact.

720.44 Responsible officials.

720.45 Procedures.

720.46 Overseas screening programs.

720.47 Report.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301; 10 U.S.C. 5031 and 5148; 32 CFR 700.206 and 700.1202.

Subpart A—Delivery of Personnel

SOURCE: 57 FR 5228, Feb. 13, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§ 720.1 Delivery of persons requested by State authorities in criminal cases.

Subpart A of this part deals with requests by State authorities for the surrender of members or civilians pursuant to arrest warrants or similar process, generally in connection with a criminal prosecution. Responding to such requests by a State for delivery of members or civilian employees involves balancing the Federal interest in preserving sovereign immunity and the productivity, peace, good order, and discipline of the installation against the right of the State to exercise its jurisdiction. Additionally, by regulation, naval and Marine authorities are limited in the extent to which they can directly assist such an act. Commands should respond to such requests as set out below, generally using the minimum authority necessary to preserve the Federal interests without unduly restricting State jurisdiction.

§ 720.2 Delivery when persons are within the territorial limits of the requesting State.

When the delivery of any member or civilian is requested by local civil authorities of a State for an offense punishable under the laws of that jurisdiction, and such person is located at a Navy or Marine Corps installation within the requesting jurisdiction, or aboard a ship within the territorial waters of such jurisdiction, commanding officers are authorized to and normally will deliver such person when a proper warrant is issued. In the case of a member, delivery will only be effected upon compliance with § 720.6, subject to the exceptions in § 720.9. A judge advocate of the Navy or Marine Corps should be consulted before delivery is effected. The rule discussed above applies equally to civilian employees and civilian contractors and their employees when located on a Navy or Marine Corps installation, except that compliance with § 720.6 and consideration of § 720.9 are not required (for purposes of this part, "State" includes the District of Columbia, territories, commonwealths, and all possessions or protectorates of the United States). Commands should normally not become actively involved in civilian law enforce-

ment. When a command has determined that a person is to be delivered in response to a valid warrant, the following guidance should be considered. If the person to be delivered is a military member, the member may be ordered to report to a location designated by the commanding officer and surrendered to civil authorities under Article 14, UCMJ (10 U.S.C. 814). If the person to be delivered is a civilian, the person may be invited to report to the designated space for delivery. If the civilian refuses, the civilian authorities may be escorted to a place where the civilian is located in order that delivery may be effected. A civilian may be directed to leave a classified area. All should be done with minimum interference to good order and discipline.

§ 720.3 Delivery when persons are beyond territorial limits of the requesting State.

(a) *General.* When State civil authorities request delivery of any member of the Navy or Marine Corps for an alleged crime or offense punishable under the law of the jurisdiction making the request, and such member is not attached to a Navy or Marine Corps activity within the requesting State or a ship within the territorial waters thereof, the following action will be taken. Any officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction, or officer designated by him, or any commanding officer, after consultation with a judge advocate of the Navy or Marine Corps, is authorized (upon compliance with the provisions of this section and § 720.6, and subject to the exceptions in § 720.9) to deliver such member to make the member amenable to prosecution. The member may be delivered upon formal or informal waiver of extradition in accordance with § 720.3(b), or upon presentation of a fugitive warrant, in which case the procedures of § 720.3(c) apply. The rule discussed above applies equally to civilian employees and civilian contractors and their employees when located on a Department of the Navy installation not within the requesting State, except that compliance with § 720.6 and consideration of § 720.9 are not required.

(b) *Waiver of extradition.* (1) Any member may waive formal extradition.