

Department of the Navy, DoD

§ 744.6

Naval Facilities Engineering Command. Detailed instructions with respect to such applications are set forth in the Defense Material Disposition Manual.

(g) *Disposition of equipment for research.* Under the act of September 6, 1958 (72 Stat. 1793; 42 U.S.C. 1891-1893), equipment purchased with research grant or contract funds may be transferred for the conduct of basic or applied scientific research to (1) non-profit institutions of higher education or (2) non-profit organizations whose primary purpose is the conduct of scientific research. An annual report of such transfers must be made to the appropriate Committees of Congress.

(h) *Assistance in major disaster relief.* Under the Disaster Relief Act of 1974 (Pub. L. No. 93-288) and subject to directions of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, certain excess personal property may be utilized for or donated to States and local governments for relief of suffering and damage resulting from major disasters. Surplus property may also be disposed of to States for sale to small business concerns affected by specific disasters such as hurricanes.

[25 FR 4674, May 27, 1960, as amended at 25 FR 11066, Nov. 22, 1960, 26 FR 12158, Dec. 20, 1961; 35 FR 10008, June 18, 1970; 39 FR 18442, May 28, 1974; 41 FR 26008, June 24, 1976; 47 FR 28371, June 30, 1982; 65 FR 53590, Sept. 5, 2000; 65 FR 67628, Nov. 13, 2000]

§ 736.6 Certification prior to disposition.

The transfer, sale, or other disposition of a battleship, aircraft carrier, cruiser, destroyer, or submarine shall not be made unless and until the Chief of Naval Operations, in accordance with the act of August 10, 1956 (70A Stat. 452; 10 U.S.C. 7307), has certified that such material is not essential to the defense of the United States.

§ 736.7 Approval by the Attorney General.

Prior to the disposition, either competitively or by negotiation, to private interests of a plant or plants, or other property, which cost the Government \$1,000,000 or more if real property, or \$3,000,000 or more if personal property (other than a patent, process, tech-

nique or invention), or of patents, processes, techniques or inventions, irrespective of cost, the Department of the Navy must notify the Attorney General of the proposed disposal and the probable terms and conditions thereof. Within a reasonable time, in no event to exceed sixty days after receiving such notification, the Attorney General will advise the Department of the Navy, whether, insofar as he can determine, the proposed disposition would tend to create or maintain a situation inconsistent with the antitrust laws. In such cases, the Department of the Navy must obtain from the proposed purchaser information regarding its financial status, the anticipated use to be made of the property and any other information as may be required by the Attorney General; the award or final sale must be delayed until the Attorney General advises of his determination.

PART 744—POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR THE PROTECTION OF PROPRIETARY RIGHTS IN TECHNICAL INFORMATION PROPOSED FOR RELEASE TO FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS

Sec.

744.1 Purpose.

744.6 Authorization for release without consent of the owner.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 301, 80 Stat. 379, secs. 5031, 6011, 70A Stat. 278, 375 as amended; 5 U.S.C. 301, 10 U.S.C. 5031, 6011. Interpret or apply the Mutual Security Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 832) as amended, 22 U.S.C. 1750 *et seq.*, and Act of Sept. 4, 1961 (Pub. L. 87-195, 75 Stat. 424), 22 U.S.C. 2151-2406 (2351, 2356).

§ 744.1 Purpose.

This part implements part 264 of this title and the Technical Property Interchange Agreements between the United States and foreign governments which agreements are designed to facilitate the interchange of patent rights and technical information for defense purposes.

[26 FR 12217, Dec. 21, 1961]

§ 744.6 Authorization for release without consent of the owner.

(a) Military equipment including the information essential for its operation,