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- (ii) Response equipment or oil spill removal organizations;
  - (iii) Public affairs practices;
  - (iv) Recordkeeping;
  - (v) Plan exercising; and
  - (vi) Individuals qualified to respond.
- (8) *Index of sections.* The plan must be organized as depicted in Table 151.26(b)(8).

TABLE 151.26(b) (8)—INDEX OF SECTIONS— SAMPLE FORMAT

#### Mandatory

Section 1: Introduction

Section 2: Preamble

Section 3: Reporting requirements

Section 4: Steps to control a discharge Section 5: National and local coordina-

tion

Section 6: Appendices

#### Voluntary

Section 7: Non-mandatory provisions

[CGD 93-030, 59 FR 51338, Oct. 7, 1994, as amended by CGD 97-015, 62 FR 18045, Apr. 14, 1997; USCG-2000-7641, 66 FR 55571, Nov. 2, 20011

## §151.27 Plan submission and approval.

- (a) No manned ship subject to this part may operate unless it carries on board a shipboard oil pollution emergency plan approved by the Coast Guard. An unmanned ship subject to this regulation must carry the notification list required in §151.26(b)(3) on board in the documentation container; remaining sections of the plan must be maintained on file at the home office. For new ships, plans must be submitted at least 90 days before the ship intends to begin operations.
- (b) An owner or operator of a ship to which this part applies shall prepare and submit one English language copy of the shipboard oil pollution emergency plan to Commandant (G-MOR), U.S. Coast Guard, 2100 Second Street SW., Washington, DC 20593-0001.
- (c) An owner or operator with multiple ships to which this part applies may submit one plan for each type of ship with a separate ship-specific appendix for each vessel covered by the plan.
- (d) Combined shipboard oil pollution emergency plans and response plans meeting the requirements of subparts

D and E of part 155 of this chapter must be prepared according to §155.1030(j) of this chapter.

- (e) If the Coast Guard determines that the plan meets all requirements of this section, the Coast Guard will notify the owner or operator of the ship and return a copy of the approved plan along with an approval letter. The approval period for a plan expires 5 years after the plan approval date.
- (f) If the Coast Guard determines that the plan does not meet all of the requirements, the Coast Guard will notify the owner or operator of the plan's deficiencies. The owner or operator must then resubmit two copies of the revised plan, or corrected portions of the plan, within time period specified in the written notice provided by the Coast Guard.

[CGD 93-030, 59 FR 51342, Oct. 7, 1994, as amended by CGD 96-026, 61 FR 33665, June 28, 1996; USCG-1998-3799, 63 FR 35530, June 30, 1998]

#### §151.28 Plan review and revision.

- (a) An owner or operator of a ship to which this subpart applies must review the shipboard oil pollution emergency plan annually and submit a letter to Commandant (G-MOR) certifying that the review has been completed. This review must occur within 1 month of the anniversary date of Coast Guard approval of the plan.
- (b) The owner or operator shall submit any plan amendments to Commandant (G-MOR) for information or approval.
- (c) The entire plan must be resubmitted to Commandant (G-MOR) for reapproval 6 months before the end of the Coast Guard approval period identified in §151.27(e) of this subpart.
- (d) A record of annual review and changes to the plan must be maintained in the last appendix of section six of the plan.
- (e) Except as provided in paragraph (f) of this section, revisions must receive prior approval by the Coast Guard before they can be incorporated into the plan.
- (f) Revisions to the seventh section of the plan and the appendices do not require approval by the Coast Guard. The

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Coast Guard shall be advised and provided a copy of the revisions as they occur.

[CGD 93-030, 59 FR 51342, Oct. 7, 1994, as amended by CGD 96-026, 61 FR 33665, June 28, 1996]

#### §151.29 Foreign ships.

- (a) Each oil tanker of 150 gross tons and above and each other ship of 400 gross tons and above, operated under the authority of a country other than the United States that is party to MARPOL 73/78, shall, while in the navigable waters of the United States or while at a port or terminal under the jurisdiction of the United States, carry on board a shipboard oil pollution emergency plan approved by its flag state.
- (b) Each oil tanker of 150 gross tons and above and each other ship of 400 gross tons and above, operated under the authority of a country that is not a party to MARPOL 73/78, must comply with §151.21 of this subpart while in the navigable waters of the United States.

[CGD 93-030, 59 FR 51342, Oct. 7, 1994]

NOXIOUS LIQUID SUBSTANCE POLLUTION

SOURCE: Sections 151.30 through 151.49 appear by CGD 85-010, 52 FR 7759, Mar. 12, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

### §151.30 Applicability.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, §§151.30 through 151.49 apply to each ship that—
- (1) Is operated under the authority of the United States and engages in international voyages;
- (2) Is operated under the authority of the United States and is certificated for ocean service;
- (3) Is operated under the authority of the United States and is certificated for coastwise service beyond three nautical miles from land;
- (4) Is operated under the authority of the United States and operates at any time seaward of the outermost boundary of the territorial sea of the United States as defined in §2.05-10 of this chanter; or
- (5) Is operated under the authority of a country other than the United States while in the navigable waters of the United States, or while at a port or ter-

minal under the jurisdiction of the United States.

- (b) Sections 151.30 through 151.49 do not apply to—
- (1) A tank barge whose certificate is endorsed by the Coast Guard for a limited short protected coastwise route if the barge is constructed and certificated primarily for service on an inland route:
- (2) A warship, naval auxiliary, or other ship owned or operated by a country when engaged in noncommercial service;
- (3) A Canadian or U.S. ship being operated exclusively on the Great Lakes of North America or their connecting and tributary waters;
- (4) A Canadian or U.S. ship being operated exclusively on the internal waters of the United States and Canada; or
- (5) Any other ship specifically excluded by MARPOL 73/78.

Note: The term "internal waters" is defined in  $\S 2.05-20$  of this chapter.

[CGD 88-002, 54 FR 18405, Apr. 28, 1989, as amended by CGD 88-002A, 55 FR 18582, May 2, 1990]

# § 151.31 Where to find requirements applying to oceangoing ships carrying Category A, B, C, and D NLS.

- (a) The requirements for oceangoing ships carrying NLSs listed in §§151.47 and 151.49 are in §§151.33 through 151.45.
- (b) The requirements for oceangoing ships carrying NLSs listed in Table 151.05 of 46 CFR part 151 and Table 1 of 46 CFR part 153, which are not listed in §151.47 or §151.49, are in 46 CFR parts 98, 151, and 153.
- (c) Alternatives to the requirements in this part for oceangoing ships carrying NLSs are in 46 CFR part 153.
- (d) Procedures for obtaining permission to carry an NLS not listed in §151.47, §151.49, Table 151.05 of 46 CFR part 151, or Table 1 of 46 CFR part 153 are in 46 CFR 153.900(c).

# § 151.32 Special areas for the purpose of Annex II.

(a) For the purposes of §§151.30 through 151.49, the special areas are the Baltic Sea area, the Black Sea area, and the Antarctic area which are described in §151.06. Discharges into the sea of NLSs or mixtures containing