

§ 262.55

40 CFR Ch. I (7-1-05 Edition)

Form: “and conforms to the terms of the attached EPA Acknowledgment of Consent”;

(e) In lieu of the requirements of §262.21, the primary exporter must obtain the manifest form from the primary exporter’s State if that State supplies the manifest form and requires its use. If the primary exporter’s State does not supply the manifest form, the primary exporter may obtain a manifest form from any source.

(f) The primary exporter must require the consignee to confirm in writing the delivery of the hazardous waste to that facility and to describe any significant discrepancies (as defined in 40 CFR 264.72(a)) between the manifest and the shipment. A copy of the manifest signed by such facility may be used to confirm delivery of the hazardous waste.

(g) In lieu of the requirements of §262.20(d), where a shipment cannot be delivered for any reason to the designated or alternate consignee, the primary exporter must:

- (1) Renotify EPA of a change in the conditions of the original notification to allow shipment to a new consignee in accordance with §262.53(c) and obtain an EPA Acknowledgment of Consent prior to delivery; or
- (2) Instruct the transporter to return the waste to the primary exporter in the United States or designate another facility within the United States; and
- (3) Instruct the transporter to revise the manifest in accordance with the primary exporter’s instructions.

(h) The primary exporter must attach a copy of the EPA Acknowledgment of Consent to the shipment to the manifest which must accompany the hazardous waste shipment. For exports by rail or water (bulk shipment), the primary exporter must provide the transporter with an EPA Acknowledgment of Consent which must accompany the hazardous waste but which need not be attached to the manifest except that for exports by water (bulk shipment) the primary exporter must attach the copy of the EPA Acknowledgment of Consent to the shipping paper.

(i) The primary exporter shall provide the transporter with an additional copy of the manifest for delivery to the

U.S. Customs official at the point the hazardous waste leaves the United States in accordance with §263.20(g)(4).

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 70 FR 10818, Mar. 4, 2005, §262.54 was amended by revising paragraphs (c) and (e), effective Sept. 6, 2005. For the convenience of the user, the revised text is set forth as follows:

§ 262.54 Special manifest requirements.

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(c) In the International Shipments block, the primary exporter must check the export box and enter the point of exit (city and State) from the United States.

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(e) The primary exporter may obtain the manifest from any source that is registered with the U.S. EPA as a supplier of manifests (e.g., states, waste handlers, and/or commercial forms printers).

§ 262.55 Exception reports.

In lieu of the requirements of § 262.42, a primary exporter must file an exception report with the Administrator if:

- (a) He has not received a copy of the manifest signed by the transporter stating the date and place of departure from the United States within forty-five (45) days from the date it was accepted by the initial transporter;
- (b) Within ninety (90) days from the date the waste was accepted by the initial transporter, the primary exporter has not received written confirmation from the consignee that the hazardous waste was received;
- (c) The waste is returned to the United States.

§ 262.56 Annual reports.

(a) Primary exporters of hazardous waste shall file with the Administrator no later than March 1 of each year, a report summarizing the types, quantities, frequency, and ultimate destination of all hazardous waste exported during the previous calendar year. Such reports shall include the following:

- (1) The EPA identification number, name, and mailing and site address of the exporter;
- (2) The calendar year covered by the report;