

**§ 102-80.35**

Lead-Based Paint Guidelines, available by writing to HUD USER, PO Box 6091, Rockville, MD, 20850.

(e) Test potable water for lead in all drinking water outlets.

(f) Take corrective action when lead levels exceed the HUD Guidelines.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND WASTES

**§ 102-80.35 What are Federal agencies' responsibilities concerning the monitoring of hazardous materials and wastes?**

Federal agencies' responsibilities concerning the monitoring of hazardous materials and wastes are:

(a) Monitor the transport, use, and disposition of hazardous materials and waste in buildings to provide for compliance with GSA, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Department of Transportation, EPA, and applicable State and local requirements. In addition to those operating in GSA space pursuant to a delegation of authority, tenants in GSA space must comply with these requirements.

(b) In leased space, include in all agreements with the lessor requirements that hazardous materials kept in leased space are kept and maintained according to applicable Federal, State, and local environmental regulations.

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS

**§ 102-80.40 What are Federal agencies' responsibilities concerning the management of underground storage tanks?**

Federal agencies have the following responsibilities concerning the management of underground storage tanks in real property:

(a) Register, manage and close underground storage tanks, including heating oil and fuel oil tanks, in accordance with GSA, EPA, and applicable State and local requirements.

(b) Require the party responsible for tanks they use but don't own to follow these requirements and to be responsible for the cost of compliance.

**41 CFR Ch. 102 (7-1-05 Edition)**

SEISMIC SAFETY

**§ 102-80.45 What are Federal agencies' responsibilities concerning seismic safety in Federal facilities?**

Federal agencies must follow the standards issued by the Interagency Committee on Seismic Safety in Construction (ICSSC) as the minimum level acceptable for use by Federal agencies in assessing the seismic safety of their owned and leased buildings and in mitigating unacceptable seismic risks in those buildings.

RISKS AND RISK REDUCTION STRATEGIES

**§ 102-80.50 Are Federal agencies responsible for identifying/estimating risks and for appropriate risk reduction strategies?**

Yes, Federal agencies must identify and estimate safety and environmental management risks and appropriate risk reduction strategies for buildings. Federal agencies occupying as well as operating buildings must identify any safety and environmental management risks and report or correct the situation, as appropriate. Federal agencies must use the applicable national codes and standards as a guide for their building operations.

**§ 102-80.55 Are Federal agencies responsible for managing the execution of risk reduction projects?**

Yes, Federal agencies must manage the execution of risk reduction projects in buildings they operate. Federal agencies must identify and take appropriate action to eliminate hazards and regulatory noncompliance.

FACILITY ASSESSMENTS

**§ 102-80.60 Are Federal agencies responsible for performing facility assessments?**

Yes, Federal agencies must evaluate facilities to comply with GSA's safety and environmental program and applicable Federal, State and local environmental laws and regulations. Federal agencies should conduct these evaluations in accordance with schedules that are compatible with repair and alteration and leasing operations.

## Federal Management Regulation

## § 102-80.90

### INCIDENT INVESTIGATION

#### § 102-80.65 What are Federal agencies' responsibilities concerning the investigation of incidents, such as fires, accidents, injuries, and environmental incidents?

Federal agencies have the following responsibilities concerning the investigation of incidents, such as fires, accidents, injuries, and environmental incidents in buildings they operate:

(a) Investigate all incidents regardless of severity.

(b) Form Boards of Investigation for incidents resulting in serious injury, death, or significant property losses.

### RESPONSIBILITY FOR INFORMING TENANTS

#### § 102-80.70 Are Federal agencies responsible for informing their tenants of the condition and management of their facility safety and environment?

Yes, Federal agencies must inform their tenants of the condition and management of their facility safety and environment. Agencies operating GSA buildings must report any significant facility safety or environmental concerns to GSA.

### ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

#### § 102-80.75 Who assesses environmental issues in Federal construction and lease construction projects?

Federal agencies must assess required environmental issues throughout planning and project development so that the environmental impacts of a project are considered during the decision making process.

### Subpart C—Accident and Fire Prevention

#### § 102-80.80 What general accident and fire prevention policy must Federal agencies comply with?

Federal agencies must:

(a) Comply with the occupational safety and health standards established in the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) of 1970 (Pub. L. 91-596); Executive Order 12196; 29 CFR part 1960, and applicable safety and environ-

mental management criteria identified in this part;

(b) Not expose occupants and visitors to unnecessary risks;

(c) Provide safeguards that minimize personal harm, property damage, and impairment of Governmental operations, and that allow emergency forces to accomplish their missions effectively.

(d) Follow accepted fire prevention practices in operating and managing buildings;

(e) To the maximum extent feasible, comply with one of the nationally recognized model building codes and with other nationally recognized codes in their construction or alteration of each building in accordance with 40 U.S.C. 619.

(f) Use the applicable national codes and standards as a guide for their building operations.

### STATE AND LOCAL CODES

#### § 102-80.85 Are federally owned and leased buildings exempt from State and local code requirements in fire protection?

Federally owned buildings are generally exempt from State and local code requirements in fire protection; however, in accordance with 40 U.S.C. 619, each building constructed or altered by a Federal agency must be constructed or altered, to the maximum extent feasible, in compliance with one of the nationally recognized model building codes and with other nationally recognized codes. Leased buildings are subject to local code requirements and inspection.

### FIRE ADMINISTRATION AUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1992

#### § 102-80.90 Is the Fire Administration Authorization Act of 1992 (Public Law 102-522) relevant to fire protection engineering?

Yes, the Fire Administration Authorization Act of 1992 (Pub. L. 102-522) requires sprinklers or an equivalent level of safety in certain types of Federal employee office buildings, Federal employee housing units, and federally assisted housing units.