

## § 5.105

### § 5.105 Other Federal requirements.

The following Federal requirements apply as noted in the respective program regulations:

(a) *Nondiscrimination and equal opportunity.* The Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601–19) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 100 *et seq.*; Executive Order 11063, as amended by Executive Order 12259 (3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 652 and 3 CFR, 1980 Comp., p. 307) (Equal Opportunity in Housing Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 107; title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d–2000d-4) (Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 1; the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101–6107) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 146; section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at part 8 of this title; title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. 12101 *et seq.*; 24 CFR part 8; section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 135; Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Orders 11375, 11478, 12086, and 12107 (3 CFR, 1964–1965 Comp., p. 339; 3 CFR, 1966–1970 Comp., p. 684; 3 CFR, 1966–1970 Comp., p. 803; 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 230; and 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 264, respectively) (Equal Employment Opportunity Programs) and implementing regulations at 41 CFR chapter 60; Executive Order 11625, as amended by Executive Order 12007 (3 CFR, 1971–1975 Comp., p. 616 and 3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 139) (Minority Business Enterprises); Executive Order 12432 (3 CFR, 1983 Comp., p. 198) (Minority Business Enterprise Development); and Executive Order 12138, as amended by Executive Order 12608 (3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 393 and 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 245) (Women’s Business Enterprise).

(b) *Disclosure requirements.* The disclosure requirements and prohibitions of 31 U.S.C. 1352 and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 87; and the requirements for funding competitions established by the Department of Housing and Urban Development Reform Act of 1989 (42 U.S.C. 3531 *et seq.*).

(c) *Debarred, suspended or ineligible contractors.* The prohibitions at 24 CFR

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part 24 on the use of debarred, suspended or ineligible contractors.

(d) *Drug-Free Workplace.* The Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 (41 U.S.C. 701 *et seq.*) and HUD’s implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 24.

[61 FR 5202, Feb. 9, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 16715, Mar. 29, 2000]

### § 5.107 Audit requirements for non-profit organizations.

Non-profit organizations subject to regulations in the part 200 and part 800 series of title 24 of the CFR shall comply with the audit requirements of revised OMB Circular A–133, “Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-profit Organizations” (see 24 CFR 84.26). For HUD programs, a non-profit organization is the mortgagor or owner (as these terms are defined in the regulations in the part 200 and part 800 series) and not a related or affiliated organization or entity.

[62 FR 61617, Nov. 18, 1997]

### § 5.108 Preservation of Open Competition and Government Neutrality Towards Government Contractors’ Labor Relations on Federally Funded Construction Projects.

(a) *Purpose.* This section implements Executive Order 13202 (issued on February 17, 2001), as amended by Executive Order 13208 (issued on April 6, 2001), entitled “Preservation of Open Competition and Government Neutrality Towards Government Contractors’ Labor Relations on Federal and Federally Funded Construction Projects.”

(b) *Definitions.* For purposes of this section:

*Construction contract* means a contract for the construction, rehabilitation, alteration, conversion, extension, or repair of buildings, highways, or other improvements to real property, including any subcontracts awarded pursuant to such a contract.

*Financial assistance* includes:

(i) Grants, loans, and advances of federal funds; or

(ii) Proceeds from loans guaranteed under section 108 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5301 *et seq.*) and title VI of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination

Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4101 *et seq.*). The term “financial assistance” does not include any other contract of insurance or guaranty.

*Labor organization* has the same meaning it has in 42 U.S.C. 2000e(d).

(c) *Neutrality towards government contractors’ labor relations.* To the extent permitted by law, the bid specifications, project agreements, or other controlling documents for a construction contract awarded on or after June 23, 2003, by a HUD grantee, recipient of financial assistance from HUD, or party to a cooperative agreement with HUD, for a construction project (or a construction manager acting on their behalf) shall not:

(1) Require or prohibit bidders, offerors, contractors, or subcontractors to enter into or adhere to agreements with one or more labor organizations on the same or other related federally funded construction project; or

(2) Otherwise discriminate against bidders, offerors, contractors, or subcontractors for becoming or refusing to become or remain signatories, or otherwise adhere to agreements with one or more labor organizations, on the same or other related federally funded construction project.

(d) *Exemptions*—(1) *Exemptions due to special circumstances.* HUD may exempt a particular construction project, construction contract, subcontract, grant, or cooperative agreement from any requirement of this section, if HUD determines that special circumstances require an exemption in order to avert an imminent threat to public health or safety or to serve the national security. HUD will not base a finding of “special circumstances” on the possibility or presence of a labor dispute concerning the use of contractors or subcontractors who are non-signatories to, or otherwise do not adhere to, agreements with one or more labor organizations, or concerning employees on the construction project who are not members of, or affiliated with, a labor organization.

(2) *Exemption of construction projects subject to project labor agreements entered into as of June 23, 2003.* HUD may exempt a particular construction project from any requirement of this section upon written request from the HUD

grantee, recipient of financial assistance from HUD, or party to a cooperative agreement with HUD (or a construction manager acting on their behalf), if HUD determines that:

(i) The HUD grantee, recipient of financial assistance from HUD, or party to the cooperative agreement with HUD (or a construction manager acting on their behalf) issued, or was a party to, as of June 23, 2003, bid specifications, project agreements, agreements with one or more labor organizations, or other controlling documents with respect to a particular construction project, that contain any of the requirements or prohibitions contained in paragraph (c) of this section; and

(ii) One or more construction contracts subject to such requirements or prohibitions was awarded as of June 23, 2003.

(e) *Sanctions.* If HUD determines that a HUD grantee, recipient of financial assistance from HUD, or party to a cooperative agreement with HUD (or a construction manager acting on their behalf) performs in a manner contrary to the requirements of this section, HUD will take such action, consistent with law and regulations, as HUD determines appropriate.

(f) Voluntarily entering into project labor agreements. Nothing in this section prohibits contractors or subcontractors from voluntarily entering into project labor agreements.

[68 FR 28104, May 22, 2003]

#### **§ 5.109 Equal Participation of Religious Organizations in HUD Programs and Activities.**

(a) *Purpose.* Consistent with Executive Order 13279 (issued on December 12, 2002, 67 FR 77141, 3 CFR, 2002 Comp., p. 258), entitled “Equal Protection of the Laws for Faith-Based and Community Organizations,” this section describes HUD’s policy for the equal participation of religious organizations in HUD’s programs and activities. The equal participation policies and requirements contained in this section are generally applicable to religious organizations in all HUD programs and activities. More specific policies and