

Department of Energy

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used to submit comments or complaints concerning the examination.

§ 709.25 Are there limits on use of polygraph examination results that reflect “deception indicated” or “no opinion”?

(a) DOE or its contractors may not:

(1) Take an adverse personnel action against an individual solely on the basis of a polygraph examination result of “deception indicated” or “no opinion”; or

(2) Use a polygraph examination that reflects “deception indicated” or “no opinion” as a substitute for any other required investigation.

(b) The Secretary or the D/OCI may suspend an individual’s access based upon a written determination that the individual’s admission of involvement in one or more of the activities covered by the counterintelligence polygraph, when considered in the context of the individual’s access to one or more of the high risk programs identified in § 709.4(a)(1)–(8), poses an unacceptable risk to national security or defense. In such cases, DOE will investigate the matter immediately and make a determination of whether to revoke the individual’s access.

§ 709.26 How does DOE protect the confidentiality of polygraph examination records?

(a) DOE owns all polygraph examination records and reports.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the Office of Counterintelligence maintains all polygraph examination records and reports in a system of records established under the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. 552a.

(c) The Office of Intelligence also may maintain polygraph examination reports generated with respect to individuals identified in § 709.4(a)(2) in a system of records established under the Privacy Act.

(d) Polygraph examination records and reports used to make AAAP determinations or generated as a result of an exculpatory personnel security polygraph examination are maintained in a system of records established under the Privacy Act of 1974.

(e) DOE must afford the full privacy protection provided by law to informa-

tion regarding an employee’s refusal to take a polygraph examination.

(f) With the exception of the polygraph report, all other polygraph examination records are destroyed ninety days after the eligibility evaluation is completed, provided that a favorable recommendation has been made to grant or continue the access to the position. If a recommendation is made to deny or revoke access to the information or involvement in the activities that justified conducting the polygraph examination, then all the records are retained at least until the final resolution of any request for reconsideration by the individual or the completion of any ongoing investigation.

Subpart D—Polygraph Examination and Examiner Standards

§ 709.31 What are the DOE standards for polygraph examinations and polygraph examiners?

(a) DOE adheres to the procedures and standards established by the Department of Defense Polygraph Institute (DODPI). DOE administers only DODPI approved testing formats.

(b) A polygraph examiner may administer no more than five polygraph examinations in any twenty-four hour period. This does not include those instances in which an individual voluntarily terminates an examination prior to the actual testing phase.

(c) The polygraph examiner must be certified to conduct polygraph examinations under this part by the DOE Psychophysiological Detection of Deception/Polygraph Program Quality Control Official.

(d) To be certified under paragraph (c) of this section, an examiner must have the following minimum qualifications:

(1) The examiner must be an experienced counterintelligence or criminal investigator with extensive additional training in using computerized instrumentation in Psychophysiological Detection of Deception and in psychology, physiology, interviewing, and interrogation.

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(2) The examiner must have a favorably adjudicated single-scope background investigation, complete a counterintelligence-scope polygraph examination, and must hold a "Q" access authorization, which is necessary for access to Secret Restricted Data and Top Secret National Security Information. In addition, he or she must have been granted SCI access approval.

(3) The examiner must receive basic Forensic Psychophysiological Detection of Deception training from the DODPI.

(4) The examiner must be certified by DOE to conduct the following tests:

- (i) Test for Espionage, Sabotage, and Terrorism;
- (ii) Counterintelligence-Scope Polygraph Tests;
- (iii) Zone Comparison Tests;
- (iv) Modified General Question Tests;
- (v) Peak of Tension Tests; and,
- (vi) Relevant and Irrelevant and Directed Lie Control Tests.

§ 709.32 What are the training requirements for polygraph examiners?

(a) Examiners must complete an initial training course of thirteen weeks, or longer, in conformance with the procedures and standards established by DODPI.

(b) Examiners must undergo annual continuing education for a minimum of forty hours training within the discipline of Forensic Psychophysiological Detection of Deception.

(c) The following organizations provide acceptable curricula to meet the training requirement of paragraph (b) of this section:

- (1) American Polygraph Association,
- (2) American Association of Police Polygraphists, and
- (3) Department of Defense Polygraph Institute.

10 CFR Ch. III (1-1-06 Edition)

PART 710—CRITERIA AND PROCEDURES FOR DETERMINING ELIGIBILITY FOR ACCESS TO CLASSIFIED MATTER OR SPECIAL NUCLEAR MATERIAL

Subpart A—General Criteria and Procedures for Determining Eligibility for Access to Classified Matter or Special Nuclear Material

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MISCELLANEOUS

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APPENDIX A TO SUBPART A OF PART 710—SELECTED PROVISIONS OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT OF 1954, AS AMENDED, SEC. 141 (42 U.S.C. 2161), SEC. 145 (42 U.S.C. 2165), SEC. 161 (42 U.S.C. 2201)

APPENDIX B TO SUBPART A OF PART 710—ADJUDICATIVE GUIDELINES APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF EXECUTIVE ORDER 12968

Supart B [Reserved]