

§ 535.2

the meaning of this definition whether or not he or she is designated as such on a credit obligation.

(d) *Creditor*. The term “creditor” means a savings association.

(e) *Debt*. The term “debt” means money that is due or alleged to be due from one to another.

(f) *Earnings*. The term “earnings” means compensation paid or payable to an individual or for his or her account for personal services rendered or to be rendered by him or her, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, including periodic payments pursuant to a pension, retirement, or disability program.

(g) *Household goods*. The term “household goods” means clothing, furniture, appliances, linens, china, crockery, kitchenware, and personal effects of the consumer and his or her dependents, provided that the following are not included within the scope of the term “household goods”:

(1) Works of art;

(2) Electronic entertainment equipment (except one television and one radio);

(3) Antiques, i.e., any item over one hundred years of age, including such items that have been repaired or renovated without changing their original form or character, and

(4) Jewelry (other than wedding rings).

(h) *Savings association*. For purposes of this part, the term “savings association” includes any savings association, and any service corporation that is wholly owned by one or more savings association, that engages in the business of providing credit to consumers.

(i) *Obligation*. The term “obligation” means an agreement between a consumer and a creditor.

(j) *Person*. The term “person” means an individual, corporation, or other business organization.

§ 535.2 Unfair credit practices.

(a) In connection with the extension of credit to consumers after January 1, 1986, it is an unfair act or practice within the meaning of section 5 of the Act for a savings association directly or indirectly to enter into a consumer credit obligation that constitutes or contains, or to enforce in a consumer

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credit obligation purchased by a savings association, any of the following provisions:

(1) A cognovit or confession of judgment (for purposes other than executory process in the State of Louisiana), warrant of attorney, or other waiver of the right to notice and the opportunity to be heard in the event of suit or process thereon;

(2) An executory waiver or a limitation of exemption from attachment, execution, or other process on real or personal property held, owned by, or due to the consumer, unless the waiver applies solely to property subject to a security interest executed in connection with the obligation;

(3) An assignment of wages or other earnings, unless:

(i) The assignment by its terms is revocable at the will of the debtor,

(ii) The assignment is a payroll deduction plan or preauthorized payment plan, commencing at the time of the transaction, in which the consumer authorizes a series of wage deductions as a method of making each payment, or

(iii) The assignment applies only to wages or other earnings already earned at the time of the assignment.

(4) A nonpossessory security interest in household goods other than a purchase-money security interest.

§ 535.3 Unfair or deceptive cosigner practices.

(a) *General*. In connection with the extension of credit to consumers after January 1, 1986, it is:

(1) A deceptive act or practice within the meaning of section 5 of the Act for a savings association, directly or indirectly, to misrepresent the nature or extent of cosigner liability to any person.

(2) An unfair act or practice within the meaning of section 5 of the Act for a savings association, directly or indirectly, to obligate a cosigner unless the cosigner is informed, prior to becoming obligated, of the nature of his or her liability as cosigner.

(b) *Disclosure requirement*. (1) A clear and conspicuous document that shall contain the following statement or one which is substantially equivalent, shall be given to the cosigner prior to becoming obligated (which, in the case of