

	GSA Program Numbers
Department of Labor:	
Senior Community Service Employment Program (SCSEP) .....	17.235
Office of Personnel Management:	
Federal Employment for Disadvantaged Youth—Part-Time (Stay-in-School Program) .....	27.003
Federal Employment for Disadvantaged Youth—Summer (Summer Aides) .....	27.004
Small Business Administration:	
Small Business Loans (7(a) Loans) .....	59.012
Department of Energy:	
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons .....	81.042
Department of Education:	
Patricia Roberts Harris Fellowships (Graduate and Professional Study; Graduate and Professional Study Opportunity Fellowships; Public Service Education Fellowships) .....	84.094
Legal Training for the Disadvantaged (The American Bar Association Fund for Public Education) .....	84.136
Allen J. Ellender Fellowship Program (Ellender Fellowship) .....	84.148
Legal Services Corporation:	
Payments to Legal Services Corporation .....	.....

[54 FR 29437, July 12, 1989, as amended at 54 FR 49964, Dec. 4, 1989]

**§245a.6 Treatment of denied application under part 245a, Subpart B.**

If the district director finds that an eligible alien as defined at §245a.10 has not established eligibility under section 1104 of the LIFE Act (part 245a, Subpart B), the district director shall consider whether the eligible alien has established eligibility for adjustment to temporary resident status under section 245A of the Act, as in effect before enactment of section 1104 of the LIFE Act (part 245a, Subpart A). In such an adjudication using this Subpart A, the district director will deem the “date of filing the application” to be the date the eligible alien establishes that he or she was “front-desked” or that, though he or she took concrete steps to apply, the front-desking policy was a substantial cause of his or her failure to apply. If the eligible alien has established eligibility for adjustment to temporary resident status, the LIFE Legalization application shall be deemed converted to an application for temporary residence under this Subpart A.

[67 FR 38350, June 4, 2002]

**Subpart B—Legal Immigration Family Equity (LIFE) Act Legalization Provisions**

SOURCE: 66 FR 29673, June 1, 2001, unless otherwise noted.

**§245a.10 Definitions.**

In this Subpart B, the terms:

*Eligible alien* means an alien (including a spouse or child as defined at section 101(b)(1) of the Act of the alien who was such as of the date the alien alleges that he or she attempted to file or was discouraged from filing an application for legalization during the original application period) who, before October 1, 2000, filed with the Attorney General a written claim for class membership, with or without filing fee, pursuant to a court order issued in the case of:

(1) *Catholic Social Services, Inc. v. Meese*, vacated sub nom. *Reno v. Catholic Social Services, Inc.*, 509 U.S. 43 (1993) (*CSS*);

(2) *League of United Latin American Citizens v. INS*, vacated sub nom. *Reno v. Catholic Social Services, Inc.*, 509 U.S. 43 (1993) (*LULAC*); or

(3) *Zambrano v. INS*, vacated, 509 U.S. 918 (1993) (*Zambrano*).

*Lawful Permanent Resident (LPR)* means the status of having been lawfully accorded the privilege of residing permanently in the United States as an immigrant in accordance with the immigration laws, such status not having changed.

*LIFE Act* means the Legal Immigration Family Equity Act and the LIFE Act Amendments of 2000.

*LIFE Legalization* means the provisions of section 1104 of the LIFE Act and section 1503 of the LIFE Act Amendments.

*Prima facie* means eligibility is established if an “eligible alien” presents a properly filed and completed Form I-485 and specific factual information which in the absence of rebuttal will establish a claim of eligibility under this Subpart B.

*Written claim for class membership* means a filing, in writing, in one of the forms listed in §245a.14 that provides the Attorney General with notice that