

§ 37.100

- 37.1260 Cooperative agreement.
 - 37.1265 Cost sharing.
 - 37.1270 Data.
 - 37.1275 DoD Component.
 - 37.1280 Equipment.
 - 37.1285 Expenditure-based award.
 - 37.1290 Expenditures or outlays.
 - 37.1295 Grant.
 - 37.1300 In-kind contributions.
 - 37.1305 Institution of higher education.
 - 37.1310 Intellectual property.
 - 37.1315 Nonprofit organization.
 - 37.1320 Participant.
 - 37.1325 Periodic audit.
 - 37.1330 Procurement contract.
 - 37.1335 Program income.
 - 37.1340 Program official.
 - 37.1345 Property.
 - 37.1350 Real property.
 - 37.1355 Recipient.
 - 37.1360 Research.
 - 37.1365 Supplies.
 - 37.1370 Termination.
 - 37.1375 Technology investment agreements.
- APPENDIX A TO PART 37—WHAT IS THE CIVIL-MILITARY INTEGRATION POLICY THAT IS THE BASIS FOR TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENT AGREEMENTS?
- APPENDIX B TO PART 37—WHAT TYPE OF INSTRUMENT IS A TIA AND WHAT STATUTORY AUTHORITIES DOES IT USE?
- APPENDIX C TO PART 37—WHAT IS THE DESIRED COVERAGE FOR PERIODIC AUDITS OF FOR-PROFIT PARTICIPANTS TO BE AUDITED BY IPAS?
- APPENDIX D TO PART 37—WHAT COMMON NATIONAL POLICY REQUIREMENTS MAY APPLY AND NEED TO BE INCLUDED IN TIAs?
- APPENDIX E TO PART 37—WHAT PROVISIONS MAY A PARTICIPANT NEED TO INCLUDE WHEN PURCHASING GOODS OR SERVICES UNDER A TIA?

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301 and 10 U.S.C. 113.

SOURCE: 68 FR 47160, Aug. 7, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§ 37.100 What does this part do?

This part establishes uniform policies and procedures for the DoD Components' award and administration of technology investment agreements (TIAs).

§ 37.105 Does this part cover all types of instruments that 10 U.S.C. 2371 authorizes?

No, this part covers only TIAs, some of which use the authority of 10 U.S.C. 2371 (see appendix B to this part). This part does not cover assistance instruments other than TIAs that use the au-

32 CFR Ch. I (7–1–06 Edition)

thority of 10 U.S.C. 2371. It also does not cover acquisition agreements for prototype projects that use 10 U.S.C. 2371 authority augmented by the authority in section 845 of Public Law 103–160, as amended.

§ 37.110 What type of instruments are technology investment agreements (TIAs)?

TIAs are assistance instruments used to stimulate or support research. As discussed in appendix B to this part, a TIA may be either a kind of cooperative agreement or a type of assistance transaction other than a grant or cooperative agreement.

§ 37.115 For what purposes are TIAs used?

The ultimate goal for using TIAs, like other assistance instruments used in defense research programs, is to foster the best technologies for future defense needs. TIAs differ from and complement other assistance instruments available to agreements officers, in that TIAs address the goal by fostering civil-military integration (see appendix A to this part). TIAs therefore are designed to:

(a) Reduce barriers to commercial firms' participation in defense research, to give the Department of Defense (DoD) access to the broadest possible technology and industrial base.

(b) Promote new relationships among performers in both the defense and commercial sectors of that technology and industrial base.

(c) Stimulate performers to develop, use, and disseminate improved practices.

§ 37.120 Can my organization award or administer TIAs?

Your office may award or administer TIAs if it has a delegation of the authorities in 10 U.S.C. 2371, as well as 10 U.S.C. 2358. If your office is in a Military Department, it must have a delegation of the authority of the Secretary of that Military Department under those statutes. If your office is in a Defense Agency, it must have a delegation of the authority of the Secretary of Defense under 10 U.S.C. 2358 and 2371. Your office needs those authorities to be able to: