

sanction is at least 30 days after the date of the notice.

(b) *Appeal rights.* Termination of Medicare coverage of a supplier's ESRD services because the supplier no longer meets the conditions for coverage of its services is an initial determination appealable under part 498 of this chapter.

[53 FR 36277, Sept. 19, 1988]

§ 405.2184 Notice of appeal rights: Alternative sanctions.

If CMS proposes to apply a sanction specified in § 405.2181(b), the following rules apply:

(a) CMS gives the facility notice of the proposed sanction and 15 days in which to request a hearing.

(b) If the facility requests a hearing, CMS provides an informal hearing by a CMS official who was not involved in making the appealed decision.

(c) During the informal hearing, the facility—

- (1) May be represented by counsel;
- (2) Has access to the information on which the allegation was based; and
- (3) May present, orally or in writing, evidence and documentation to refute the finding of failure to participate in network activities and pursue network goals.

(d) If the written decision of the informal hearing supports application of the alternative sanction, CMS provides the facility and the public, at least 30 days before the effective date of the sanction, with a written notice that specifies the effective date and the reasons for the sanction.

[53 FR 36277, Sept. 19, 1988]

Subparts V–W [Reserved]

Subpart X—Rural Health Clinic and Federally Qualified Health Center Services

AUTHORITY: Secs. 1102 and 1871 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1395hh).

SOURCE: 43 FR 8261, Mar. 1, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

§ 405.2400 Basis.

Subpart X is based on the provisions of the following sections of the Act:

Section 1833 sets forth the amounts of payment for supplementary medical insurance services. Section 1861(aa) sets forth the rural health clinic services and Federally qualified health center services covered by the Medicare program.

[60 FR 63176, Dec. 8, 1995]

§ 405.2401 Scope and definitions.

(a) *Scope.* This subpart establishes the requirements for coverage and reimbursement of rural health clinic and Federally qualified health center services under Medicare.

(b) *Definitions.* As used in this subpart, unless the context indicates otherwise:

Act means the Social Security Act.

Allowable costs means costs that are incurred by a clinic or center and are reasonable in amount and proper and necessary for the efficient delivery of rural health clinic and Federally qualified health center services.

Beneficiary means an individual enrolled in the Supplementary Medical Insurance program for the Aged and Disabled (part of title XVIII of the Act).

Coinsurance means that portion of the clinic's charge for covered services for which the beneficiary is liable in addition to the deductible.

Carrier means an organization that has a contract with the Secretary to administer the benefits covered by this subpart.

Covered services means items or services for which the beneficiary is entitled to have payment made on his or her behalf under this subpart.

Deductible means:

(1) The first \$100 of expenses incurred by the beneficiary during any calendar year for items and services covered under Part B of title XVIII; and

(2) The expenses incurred for the first 3 pints of blood or 3 units of packed red blood cells furnished to a beneficiary during any calendar year. (See §§ 410.160 and 410.161 of this chapter for greater detail.)

Federally qualified health center (FQHC) means an entity that has entered into an agreement with CMS to meet Medicare program requirements under §§ 405.2434 and—