

HMO's qualification unless the waiver is based on paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

[59 FR 49842, Sept. 30, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 27288, May 31, 1996]

### Subparts G–I [Reserved]

### Subpart J—Qualifying Conditions for Medicare Contracts

SOURCE: 50 FR 1346, Jan. 10, 1985, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 417.400 Basis and scope.

(a) *Statutory basis.* The regulations in this subpart implement section 1876 of the Act, which authorizes Medicare payment to HMOs and CMPs that contract with CMS to furnish covered services to Medicare beneficiaries.

(b) *Scope.* (1) This subpart sets forth the requirements an HMO or CMP must meet in order to enter into a contract with CMS under section 1876 of the Act. It also specifies the procedures that CMS follows to evaluate applications and make determinations.

(2) The rules for payment to HMOs and CMPs are set forth in subparts N, O, and P of this part.

(3) The rules for HCCP participation in Medicare under section 1833(a)(1)(A) of the Act are set forth in subpart U of this part.

[60 FR 45675, Sept. 1, 1995]

#### § 417.401 Definitions.

As used in this subpart and subparts K through R of this part, unless the context indicates otherwise—

*Adjusted average per capita cost (AAPCC)* means an actuarial estimate made by CMS in advance of an HMO's or CMP's contract period that represents what the average per capita cost to the Medicare program would be for each class of the HMO's or CMP's Medicare enrollees if they had received covered services other than through the HMO or CMP in the same geographic area or in a similar area.

*Adjusted community rate (ACR)* is the equivalent of the premium that a risk HMO or CMP would charge Medicare enrollees independently of Medicare payments if the HMO or CMP used the same rates it charges non-Medicare en-

rollees for a benefit package limited to covered Medicare services.

*Arrangement* means a written agreement between an HMO or CMP and another entity, under which—

(1) The other entity agrees to furnish specified services to the HMO's or CMP's Medicare enrollees;

(2) The HMO or CMP retains responsibility for the services; and

(3) Medicare payment to the HMO or CMP discharges the beneficiary's obligation to pay for the services.

*Benefit stabilization fund* means a fund established by CMS, at the request of a risk HMO or CMP, to withhold a portion of the per capita payments available to the HMO or CMP and pay that portion in a subsequent contract period for the purpose of stabilizing fluctuations in the availability of the additional benefits the HMO or CMP provides to its Medicare enrollees.

*Cost contract* means a Medicare contract under which CMS pays the HMO or CMP on a reasonable cost basis.

*Cost HMO or CMP* means an HMO or CMP that has in effect a cost contract with CMS under section 1876 of the Act and subpart L of this part.

*Demonstration project* means a demonstration project under section 402 of the Social Security Amendments of 1967 (42 U.S.C. 1395b–1) or section 222(a) of the Social Security Amendments of 1972 (42 U.S.C. 1395b–1 (note)), relating to the provision of services for which payment is made under Medicare on a prospectively determined basis.

*Emergency services* means covered inpatient or outpatient services that are furnished by an appropriate source other than the HMO or CMP and that meet the following conditions:

(1) Are needed immediately because of an injury or sudden illness.

(2) Are such that the time required to reach the HMO's or CMP's providers or suppliers (or alternatives authorized by the HMO or CMP) would mean risk of permanent damage to the enrollee's health.

Once initiated, the services continue to be considered emergency services as long as transfer of the enrollee to the HMO's or CMP's source of health care or authorized alternative is precluded because of risk to the enrollee's health