

**§ 422.501**

**42 CFR Ch. IV (10–1–06 Edition)**

(ii) Health services furnished to the MA organization’s enrollees by hospitals and other providers, and by MA organization staff, medical groups, or independent practice associations, or by any combination of those entities.

*Clean claim* means—

(1) A claim that has no defect, impropriety, lack of any required substantiating documentation (consistent with § 422.310(d)) or particular circumstance requiring special treatment that prevents timely payment; and

(2) A claim that otherwise conforms to the clean claim requirements for equivalent claims under original Medicare.

*Downstream entity* means any party that enters into an acceptable written arrangement below the level of the arrangement between an MA organization (or contract applicant) and a first tier entity. These written arrangements continue down to the level of the ultimate provider of both health and administrative services.

*First tier entity* means any party that enters into an acceptable written arrangement with an MA organization or contract applicant to provide administrative services or health care services for a Medicare eligible individual.

*Party in interest* includes the following:

(1) Any director, officer, partner, or employee responsible for management or administration of an MA organization.

(2) Any person who is directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than 5 percent of the organization’s equity; or the beneficial owner of a mortgage, deed of trust, note, or other interest secured by and valuing more than 5 percent of the organization.

(3) In the case of an MA organization organized as a nonprofit corporation, an incorporator or member of such corporation under applicable State corporation law.

(4) Any entity in which a person described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of this definition:

(i) Is an officer, director, or partner; or

(ii) Has the kind of interest described in paragraphs (1), (2), or (3) of this definition.

(5) Any person that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the MA organization.

(6) Any spouse, child, or parent of an individual described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of this definition.

*Related entity* means any entity that is related to the MA organization by common ownership or control—

(1) Performs some of the MA organization’s management functions under contract or delegation;

(2) Furnishes services to Medicare enrollees under an oral or written agreement; or

(3) Leases real property or sells materials to the MA organization at a cost of more than \$2,500 during a contract period.

*Significant business transaction* means any business transaction or series of transactions of the kind specified in the above definition of “business transaction” that, during any fiscal year of the MA organization, have a total value that exceeds \$25,000 or 5 percent of the MA organization’s total operating expenses, whichever is less.

[65 FR 35099, June 26, 1998, as amended at 65 FR 40327, June 29, 2000; 70 FR 4736, Jan. 28, 2005; 70 FR 52027, Sept. 1, 2005]

**§ 422.501 Application requirements.**

(a) *Scope.* This section sets forth application requirements for entities that seek a contract as an MA organization offering an MA plan.

(b) *Completion of an application.* (1) In order to obtain a determination on whether it meets the requirements to become an MA organization and is qualified to provide a particular type of MA plan, an entity, or an individual authorized to act for the entity (the applicant) must complete a certified application, in the form and manner required by CMS, including the following:

(i) Documentation of appropriate State licensure or State certification that the entity is able to offer health insurance or health benefits coverage that meets State-specified standards applicable to MA plans, and is authorized by the State to accept prepaid capitation for providing, arranging, or paying for the comprehensive health

care services to be offered under the MA contract; or

(ii) For regional plans, documentation of application for State licensure in any State in the region that the organization is not already licensed.

(2) The authorized individual must thoroughly describe how the entity and MA plan meet, or will meet, the requirements described in this part.

(c) *Responsibility for making determinations.* (1) CMS is responsible for determining whether an entity qualifies as an MA organization and whether proposed MA plans meet the requirements of this part.

(2) A CMS determination that an entity is qualified to act as an MA organization is distinct from the bid negotiation that occurs under subpart F of this part and such negotiation is not subject to the appeals provisions included in subpart N of this part.

(d) *Resubmittal of application.* An application that has been denied by CMS may not be resubmitted for 4 months after the date of the notice from CMS denying the application.

(e) *Disclosure of application information under the Freedom of Information Act.* An applicant submitting material that he or she believes is protected from disclosure under 5 U.S.C. 552, the Freedom of Information Act, or because of exemptions provided in 45 CFR part 5 (the Department's regulations providing exceptions to disclosure), must label the material "privileged" and include an explanation of the applicability of an exception described in 45 CFR part 5. Any final decisions as to whether material is privileged is the final decision of the Secretary.

[70 FR 4736, Jan. 28, 2005]

**§ 422.502 Evaluation and determination procedures.**

(a) *Basis for evaluation and determination.* (1) CMS evaluates an application for an MA contract on the basis of information contained in the application itself and any additional information that CMS obtains through other means such as on-site visits, public hearings, and any other appropriate procedures.

(2) After evaluating all relevant information, CMS determines whether the applicant's application meets the applicable requirements of § 422.501.

(b) *Use of information from a prior contracting period.* If an MA organization has failed to comply with the terms of a previous contract with CMS under title XVIII of the Act, or has failed to complete a corrective action plan during the term of the contract, CMS may deny an application based on the applicant's failure to comply with that prior contract with CMS even if the contract applicant meets all of the current requirements.

(c) *Notice of determination.* Within timeframes determined by CMS, it notifies each applicant that applies for an MA contract under this part of its determination and the basis for the determination. The determination is one of the following:

(1) *Approval of application.* If CMS approves the application, it gives written notice to the applicant, indicating that it qualifies to contract as an MA organization.

(2) *Intent to deny.* (i) If CMS finds that the applicant does not appear to be able to meet the requirements for an MA organization and/or has not provided enough information to evaluate the application, CMS gives the contract applicant notice of intent to deny the application for an MA contract and a summary of the basis for this preliminary finding.

(ii) Within 10 days from the date of the intent to deny notice, the contract applicant must respond in writing to the issues or other matters that were the basis for CMS' preliminary finding and must revise its application to remedy any defects CMS identified.

(3) *Denial of application.* If CMS denies the application, it gives written notice to the contract applicant indicating—

(i) That the applicant is not qualified to contract as an MA organization under Part C of title XVIII of the Act;

(ii) The reasons why the applicant is not qualified; and

(iii) The applicant's right to request reconsideration in accordance with the procedures specified in subpart N of this part.

(d) *Oversight of continuing compliance.* (1) CMS oversees an MA organization's continued compliance with the requirements for an MA organization.