§433.140

which it will accumulate billings with respect to a particular liable third party in making the decision whether to seek recovery of reimbursement.

[50 FR 46665, Nov. 12, 1985, as amended at 51 FR 16319, May 2, 1986; 60 FR 35503, July 10, 1995; 62 FR 23140, Apr. 29, 1997]

§ 433.140 FFP and repayment of Federal share.

- (a) FFP is not available in Medicaid payments if—
- (1) The agency failed to fulfill the requirements of §§ 433.138 and 433.139 with regard to establishing liability and seeking reimbursement from a third party;
- (2) The agency received reimbursement from a liable third party; or
- (3) A private insurer would have been obligated to pay for the service except that its insurance contract limits or excludes payments if the individual is eligible for Medicaid.
- (b) FFP is available at the 50 percent rate for the agency's expenditures in carrying out the requirements of this subpart.
- (c) If the State receives FFP in Medicaid payments for which it receives third party reimbursement, the State must pay the Federal government a portion of the reimbursement determined in accordance with the FMAP for the State. This payment may be reduced by the total amount needed to meet the incentive payment in § 433.153.

ASSIGNMENT OF RIGHTS TO BENEFITS

$\$\,433.145$ Assignment of rights to benefits—State plan requirements.

- (a) A State plan must provide that, as a condition of eligibility, each legally able applicant or recipient is required to:
- (1) Assign to the Medicaid agency his or her rights, or the rights of any other individual eligible under the plan for whom he or she can legally make an assignment, to medical support and to payment for medical care from any third party;
- (2) Cooperate with the agency in establishing paternity and in obtaining medical support and payments, unless the individual establishes good cause for not cooperating, and except for individuals described in section

1902(1)(1)(A) of the Act (poverty level pregnant women), who are exempt from cooperating in establishing paternity and obtaining medical support and payments from, or derived from, the father of the child born out of wedlock; and

- (3) Cooperate in identifying and providing information to assist the Medicaid agency in pursuing third parties who may be liable to pay for care and services under the plan, unless the individual establishes good cause for not cooperating.
- (b) A State plan must provide that the requirements for assignments, cooperation in establishing paternity and obtaining support, and cooperation in identifying and providing information to assist the State in pursuing any liable third party under §§ 433.146 through 433.148 are met.
- (c) A State plan must provide that the assignment of rights to benefits obtained from an applicant or recipient is effective only for services that are reimbursed by Medicaid.

[55 FR 48606, Nov. 21, 1990, as amended at 58 FR 4907, Jan. 19, 1993]

§ 433.146 Rights assigned; assignment method.

- (a) Except as specified in paragraph (b) of this section, the agency must require the individual to assign to the State—
- (1) His own rights to any medical care support available under an order of a court or an administrative agency, and any third party payments for medical care; and
- (2) The rights of any other individual eligible under the plan, for whom he can legally make an assignment.
- (b) Assignment of rights to benefits may not include assignment of rights to Medicare benefits.
- (c) If assignment of rights to benefits is automatic because of State law, the agency may substitute such an assignment for an individual executed assignment, as long as the agency informs the individual of the terms and consequences of the State law.