#### § 95.220

- (2) A complete written statement about any action you have taken to correct the apparent violation and to prevent it from happening again; and
- (3) The name of the person operating at the time of the apparent violation.
- (c) If the FCC send you a letter asking you questions about your R/C radio station or its operation, you must answer each of the questions with a complete written statement within the time period stated in the letter.
- (d) You must not shorten your answer by references to other communications or notices.
- (e) You must send your answer to the FCC office which sent you the notice.
- (f) You must keep a copy of your answer in your station records (see R/C Rule 24, §95.224).

## § 95.220 (R/C Rules 20) What must I do if the FCC tells me that my R/C station is causing interference?

- (a) If the FCC tells you that your R/C station is causing interference for technical reasons, you must follow all instructions in the official FCC notice. (This notice may require you to have technical adjustments made to your equipment.)
- (b) You must comply with any restricted hours of R/C station operation which may be included in the official FCC notice.

### §95.221 (R/C Rule 21) How do I have my R/C transmitter serviced?

- (a) You may adjust an antenna to your R/C transmitter and you may make radio checks. (A radio check means a one-way transmission for a short time in order to test the transmitter.)
- (b) You are responsible for the proper operation of the station at all times and are expected to provide for observations, servicing and maintenance as often as may be necessary to ensure proper operation. Each internal repair and each internal adjustment to an FCC certificated R/C transmitter (see R/C Rule 9) must be made in accord with the Technical Regulations (see subpart E). The internal repairs or internal adjustments should be performed by or under the immediate supervision and responsibility of a person certified as technically qualified to

perform transmitter maintenance and repair duties in the private land mobile services and fixed services by an organization or committee representative of users in those services.

- (c) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section, each internal repair and each internal adjustment of an R/C transmitter in which signals are transmitted must be made using a non-radiating ('dummy') antenna.
- (d) Brief test signals (signals not longer than one minute during any five minute period) using a radiating antenna may be transmitted in order to:
- (1) Adjust a transmitter to an antenna;
- (2) Detect or measure radiation of energy other than the intended signal; or (3) Tune a receiver to your R/C trans-

(Secs. 4(i) and 303(r), Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 303(r), and sec. 553 of the Administrative Procedures Act, 5 U.S.C. 553)

[48 FR 24890, June 3, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 20673, May 16, 1984; 63 FR 36610, July 7, 1998]

## § 95.222 (R/C Rule 22) May I make any changes to my R/C station transmitter?

- (a) You must not make or have anyone else make an internal modification to your R/C transmitter.
- (b) Internal modification does not include:
- (1) Repair or servicing of an R/C station transmitter (see R/C Rule 21, §95.221); or
- (2) Changing plug-in modules which were certificated as part of your R/C transmitter.
- (c) You must not operate an R/C transmitter which has been modified by anyone in any way, including modification to operate on unauthorized frequencies or with illegal power. (See R/C Rules 9 and 10, §§95.209 and 95.210.)

[48 FR 24894, June 3, 1983, as amended at 63 FR 36610, July 7, 1998]

# § 95.223 (R/C Rule 23) Do I have to make my R/C station available for inspection?

(a) If an authorized FCC representative requests to inspect your R/C station, you must make your R/C station and records available for inspection.

(b) An R/C station includes all of the radio equipment you use.

#### § 95.224 (R/C Rule 24) What are my station records?

Your station records include the following documents, as applicable:

- (a) A copy of each response to an FCC violation notice or an FCC letter. (See R/C Rule 19, §95.219.)
- (b) Each written permission received from the FCC. (See R/C Rule 17.)

#### §95.225 (R/C Rule 25) How do I contact the FCC?

- (a) FCC National Call Center at 1–  $888\hbox{-}225\hbox{-}5322.$
- (b) FCC World Wide Web homepage: http://www.fcc.gov.
- (c) In writing, to FCC, Attention: R/C, 1270 Fairfield Road, Gettysburg, PA 17325-7245.

[63 FR 68976, Dec. 14, 1998]

### Subpart D—Citizens Band (CB) Radio Service

Source: 48 FR 24894, June 3, 1983, unless otherwise noted.

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### § 95.401 (CB Rule 1) What are the Citizens Band Radio Services?

The Citizens Band Radio Services are:

- (a) The Citizens Band (CB) Radio Service—a private, two-way, short-distance voice communications service for personal or business activities of the general public. The CB Radio Service may also be used for voice paging.
- (b) The Family Radio Service (FRS)—a private, two-way, very short-distance voice and data communications service for facilitating family and group activities. The rules for this service are contained in subpart B of this part.
- (c) The Low Power Radio Service (LPRS)—a private, short-distance communication service providing auditory assistance to persons with disabilities, persons who require language translation, and persons in educational settings, health care assistance to the ill, law enforcement tracking services in cooperation with law enforcement, and point-to-point network control commu-

nications for Automated Marine Telecommunications System (AMTS) coast stations licensed under part 80 of this chapter. The rules for this service are listed under subpart G of this part. Two-way voice communications are prohibited.

- (d) The Medical Implant Communications Service (MICS)—an ultra-low power radio service for the transmission of non-voice data for the purpose of facilitating diagnostic and/or therapeutic functions involving implanted medical devices. The rules for this service are contained in subpart I of this part.
- (e) The Wireless Medical Telemetry Service (WMTS)—a private, short distance data communication service for the transmission of patient medical information to a central monitoring location in a hospital or other medical facility. Voice and video communications are prohibited. Waveforms such as electrocardiograms (ECGs) are not considered video. The rules for this service are contained in subpart H of this part.
- (f) The Multi-Use Radio Service (MURS)—a private, two-way, short-distance voice or data communications service for personal or business activities of the general public. The rules for this service are contained in subpart J of this part.
- (g) Dedicated Short-Range Communications Service On-Board Units (DSRCS-OBUs). The rules for this service are contained in subpart L of this part. DSRCS-OBUs may communicate with DSRCS Roadside Units (RSUs), which are authorized under part 90 of this chapter. DSRCS, RSU, and OBU are defined in §90.7 of this chapter.

[61 FR 28769, June 6, 1996, as amended at 61 FR 46566, Sept. 4, 1996; 64 FR 69929, Dec. 15, 1999; 65 FR 44008, July 17, 2000; 65 FR 53190, Sept. 1, 2000; 65 FR 60877, Oct. 13, 2000; 67 FR 63289, Oct. 11, 2002; 68 FR 9901, Mar. 3, 2003; 69 FR 46445, Aug. 3, 2004]

#### § 95.402 (CB Rule 2) How do I use these rules?

- (a) You must comply with these rules (See CB Rule 21 §95.421, for the penalties for violations) when you operate a station in the CB Service from:
- (1) Within or over the territorial limits of places where radio services are