

Fishery Conservation and Management

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AUTHORITY: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et. seq.*

SOURCE: 61 FR 34572, July 2, 1996, as amended at 71 FR 17988, Apr. 10, 2006.

EDITORIAL NOTE: Nomenclature changes to part 665 appear at 71 FR 30299, May 26, 2006.

Subpart A—General

§ 665.1 Purpose and scope.

(a) The regulations in this part govern fishing for Western Pacific fishery management unit species by vessels of the United States that operate or are based inside the outer boundary of the EEZ off Western Pacific States.

(b) General regulations governing fishing by all vessels of the United States and by fishing vessels other than vessels of the United States are contained in part 665 of this chapter.

(c) Regulations governing the harvest, possession, landing, purchase, and sale of shark fins are found at part 665, subpart N of this chapter.

§ 665.2 Relation to other laws.

NMFS recognizes that any state law pertaining to vessels registered under the laws of that state while operating in the fisheries regulated under this part, and that is consistent with this part and the FMPs implemented by this part, shall continue in effect with respect to fishing activities regulated under this part.

§ 665.3 Reporting and recordkeeping.

Except for fisheries subject to subparts D and F of this part, any person who is required to do so by applicable state law or regulation must make and/or file all reports of management unit species landings containing all data and in the exact manner required by applicable state law or regulation.

Subpart B—Western Pacific Fisheries—General

SOURCE: 61 FR 34572, July 2, 1996, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 71 FR 17989, Apr. 10, 2006.

§ 665.11 Purpose and scope.

(a) This subpart contains regulations that are common to all Western Pacific fisheries managed under fishery management plans prepared by the Western

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Pacific Fishery Management Council under the Magnuson Act.

(b) Regulations specific to individual fisheries are included in subparts C, D, E, F, and G of this part.

(c) Nothing in subparts C, D, E, F, and G of this part is intended to supercede any valid state or Federal regulations that are more restrictive than those published here.

[61 FR 34572, July 2, 1996, as amended at 69 FR 8341, Feb. 24, 2004; 71 FR 17989, Apr. 10, 2006]

§ 665.12 Definitions.

In addition to the definitions in the Magnuson-Stevens Act, and in § 665.10, the terms used in subparts B through G of this part have the following meanings:

American Samoa longline limited access permit means the permit required by § 665.21 to use a vessel shoreward of the outer boundary of the EEZ around American Samoa to fish for Pacific pelagic management unit species using longline gear or to land or transship Pacific pelagic management unit species that were caught in the EEZ

around American Samoa using longline gear.

American Samoa pelagics mailing list means the list maintained by the Pacific Islands Regional Office of names and mailing addresses of parties interested in receiving notices of availability for American Samoa longline limited access permits.

Basket-style longline gear means a type of longline gear that is divided into units called “baskets” each consisting of a segment of main line to which 10 or more branch lines with hooks are spliced. The mainline and all branch lines are made of multiple braided strands of cotton, nylon, or other synthetic fibers impregnated with tar or other heavy coatings that cause the lines to sink rapidly in seawater.

Bottomfish FMP means the Fishery Management Plan for Bottomfish and Seamount Groundfish of the Western Pacific Region.

Bottomfish management area means the areas designated in § 665.69.

Bottomfish management unit species means the following fish:

Common name	Local name	Scientific name
Snappers:		
Silver jaw jobfish	Lehi (H); palu-gustusilvia (S)	<i>Aphareus rutilans.</i>
Gray jobfish	Uku (H); asoama (S)	<i>Aprion virescens.</i>
Squirrelfish snapper	Ehu (H); palu-malau (S)	<i>Etelis carbunculus.</i>
Longtail snapper	Onaga, ula'T'ula (H); palu-loa (S)	<i>Etelis coruscans.</i>
Blue stripe snapper	Ta'ape (H); savane (S); funai (G)	<i>Lutjanus kasmira.</i>
Yellowtail snapper	Palu-i' lusama (S); yellowtail kalekale	<i>Pristipomoides auricilla.</i>
Pink snapper	Opakapaka (H); palu-'T'ena'l'ena (S); gadao (G).	<i>Pristipomoides.</i>
Yelloweye snapper	Palusina (S); yelloweye opakapaka	<i>Pristipomoides flavipinnis.</i>
Snapper	Kalekale (H)	<i>Pristipomoides sieboldii.</i>
Snapper	Gindai (H,G); palu-sega (S)	<i>Pristipomoides zonatus.</i>
Jacks:		
Giant trevally	White ulua (H); tarakito (G); sapo-anae (S).	<i>Caranx ignobilis.</i>
Black jack	Black ulua (H); tarakito (G); tafauli (S)	<i>Caranx lugubris.</i>
Thick lipped trevally	Pig ulua (H); butaguchi (H)	<i>Pseudocaranx dentex.</i>
Amberjack	Kahala (H)	<i>Seriola dumerilii.</i>
Groupers:		
Blacktip grouper	Fausi (S); gadau (G)	<i>Epinephelus fasciatus.</i>
Sea bass	Hapu' 'upu'u (H)	<i>Epinephelus quernus.</i>
Lunartail grouper	Papa (S)	<i>Variola louti.</i>
Emperor fishes:		
Ambon emperor	Filoa-gutumumu (S)	<i>Lethrinus amboinensis.</i>
Redgill emperor	Filoa-pa'lo'omumu (S); mafuti (G)	<i>Lethrinus rubrioperculatus.</i>

NOTES: G—Guam; H—Hawaii; S—American Samoa.

Carapace length means a measurement in a straight line from the ridge between the two largest spines above the eyes, back to the rear edge of the

carapace of a spiny lobster (see Figure 1 of this part).