

(6) The need for affordable homes in safe and healthy environments on Indian reservations, in Indian communities, and in Native Alaskan villages is acute and the Federal government should work not only to provide housing assistance, but also, to the extent practicable, to assist in the development of private housing finance mechanisms on Indian lands to achieve the goals of economic self-sufficiency and self-determination for Indian tribes and their members.

(7) Federal assistance to meet these responsibilities should be provided in a manner that recognizes the right of Indian self-determination and tribal self-governance by making such assistance available directly to the Indian tribes or tribally designated entities under authorities similar to those accorded Indian tribes in Public Law 93-638 (25 U.S.C. 450 *et seq.*).

(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed as releasing the United States government from any responsibility arising under its trust responsibilities towards Indians or any treaty or treaties with an Indian tribe or nation.

**§1000.4 What are the objectives of NAHASDA?**

The primary objectives of NAHASDA are:

(a) To assist and promote affordable housing activities to develop, maintain and operate affordable housing in safe and healthy environments on Indian reservations and in other Indian areas for occupancy by low-income Indian families;

(b) To ensure better access to private mortgage markets for Indian tribes and their members and to promote self-sufficiency of Indian tribes and their members;

(c) To coordinate activities to provide housing for Indian tribes and their members and to promote self-sufficiency of Indian tribes and their members;

(d) To plan for and integrate infrastructure resources for Indian tribes with housing development for Indian tribes; and

(e) To promote the development of private capital markets in Indian country and to allow such markets to oper-

ate and grow, thereby benefiting Indian communities.

**§1000.6 What is the nature of the IHBG program?**

The IHBG program is formula driven whereby eligible recipients of funding receive an equitable share of appropriations made by the Congress, based upon formula components specified under subpart D of this part. IHBG recipients must have the administrative capacity to undertake the affordable housing activities proposed, including the systems of internal control necessary to administer these activities effectively without fraud, waste, or mismanagement.

**§1000.8 May provisions of these regulations be waived?**

Yes. Upon determination of good cause, the Secretary may, subject to statutory limitations, waive any provision of this part and delegate this authority in accordance with section 106 of the Department of Housing and Urban Development Reform Act of 1989 (42 U.S.C. 3535(q)).

**§1000.10 What definitions apply in these regulations?**

Except as noted in a particular subpart, the following definitions apply in this part:

(a) The terms “*Adjusted income*,” “*Affordable housing*,” “*Drug-related criminal activity*,” “*Elderly families and near-elderly families*,” “*Elderly person*,” “*Grant beneficiary*,” “*Indian*,” “*Indian housing plan (IHP)*,” “*Indian tribe*,” “*Low-income family*,” “*Near-elderly persons*,” “*Nonprofit*,” “*Recipient*,” “*Secretary*,” “*State*,” and “*Tribally designated housing entity (TDHE)*” are defined in section 4 of NAHASDA.

(b) In addition to the definitions set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, the following definitions apply to this part:

*Affordable housing activities* are those activities identified in section 202 of NAHASDA.

*Annual Contributions Contract (ACC)* means a contract under the 1937 Act between HUD and an IHA containing the terms and conditions under which