

<p>△ <b>WARNING</b></p>
<p>To help prevent serious or fatal injuries from entrapment or falls:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Never allow a child under 6 years on upper bunk</li> <li>• Use only a mattress that is ___ inches long and ___ inches wide on upper bunk</li> <li>• Ensure thickness of mattress and foundation combined does not exceed ___ inches and that mattress surface is at least 5 inches below upper edge of guardrails</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>DO NOT REMOVE THIS LABEL</b></p>

**§ 1213.6 Instructions.**

Instructions shall accompany each bunk bed set, and shall include the following information.

(a) *Size of mattress and foundation.* The length and width of the intended mattress and foundation shall be clearly stated, either numerically or in conventional terms such as twin size, twin extra-long, etc. In addition, the maximum thickness of the mattress and foundation required for compliance with § 1213.3(a)(5) and (b)(1) shall be stated.

(b) *Safety warnings.* The instructions shall provide the following safety warnings:

- (1) Do not allow children under 6 years of age to use the upper bunk.
- (2) Use guardrails on both sides of the upper bunk.
- (3) Prohibit horseplay on or under beds.
- (4) Prohibit more than one person on upper bunk.
- (5) Use ladder for entering or leaving upper bunk.
- (6) If the bunk bed will be placed next to a wall, the guardrail that runs the full length of the bed should be placed against the wall to prevent entrapment between the bed and the wall. (This applies only to bunk beds without two full-length guardrails.)

**§ 1213.7 Findings.**

The Consumer Product Safety Act requires that the Commission, in order to issue a standard, make the following findings and include them in the rule. 15 U.S.C. 2058(f)(3). These findings are contained in the appendix to this part 1213.

(a) The rule in this part (including its effective date of June 19, 2000 is reasonably necessary to eliminate or reduce an unreasonable risk of injury associated with the product.

[These findings are contained in the appendix to this part 1213.]

(b) Promulgation of the rule is in the public interest.

(c) Where a voluntary standard has been adopted and implemented by the affected industry, that compliance with such voluntary standard is not likely to result in the elimination or adequate reduction of the risk of injury; or it is unlikely that there will be substantial compliance with such voluntary standard.

(d) The benefits expected from the rule bear a reasonable relationship to its costs.

(e) The rule imposes the least burdensome requirement that prevents or adequately reduces the risk of injury for which the rule is being promulgated.