

(a) Section 3307 of title 5, United States Code; or

(b) Public Law 93–259 which authorizes OPM to establish a maximum-age requirement after determining that age is an occupational qualification necessary to the performance of the duties of the position.

[40 FR 42734, Sept. 16, 1975]

PART 339—MEDICAL QUALIFICATION DETERMINATIONS

Subpart A—General

Sec.

- 339.101 Coverage.
- 339.102 Purpose and effect.
- 339.103 Compliance with EEOC regulations.
- 339.104 Definitions.

Subpart B—Physical and Medical Qualifications

- 339.201 Disqualification by OPM.
- 339.202 Medical standards.
- 339.203 Physical requirements.
- 339.204 Waiver of standards and requirements.
- 339.205 Medical evaluation programs.
- 339.206 Disqualification on the basis of medical history.

Subpart C—Medical Examinations

- 339.301 Authority to require an examination.
- 339.302 Authority to offer examinations.
- 339.303 Examination procedures.
- 339.304 Payment for examination.
- 339.305 Records and reports.
- 339.306 Processing medical eligibility determinations on certificates of eligibles.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 3301, 3302, 5112; E.O. 9830, February 24, 1947.

SOURCE: 54 FR 9763, Mar. 8, 1989, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§ 339.101 Coverage.

This part applies to all applicants for and employees in competitive service positions; and to excepted service employees when medical issues arise in connection with an OPM regulation which governs a particular personnel decision, for example, removal of a preference eligible employee in the excepted service under part 752.

§ 339.102 Purpose and effect.

(a) This part defines the circumstances under which medical documentation may be acquired and examinations and evaluations conducted to determine the nature of a medical condition which may affect safe and efficient performance.

(b) Personnel decisions based wholly or in part on the review of medical documentation and the results of medical examinations and evaluations shall be made in accordance with appropriate parts of this title.

(c) Failure to meet a properly established medical standard or physical requirement under this part means that the individual is not qualified for the position unless a waiver or reasonable accommodation is indicated, as described in §§ 339.103 and 339.204. An employee's refusal to be examined in accordance with a proper agency order authorized under this part is grounds for appropriate disciplinary or adverse action.

[54 FR 9763, Mar. 8, 1989, as amended at 60 FR 3061, Jan. 13, 1995]

§ 339.103 Compliance with EEOC regulations.

Actions under this part must be consistent with 29 CFR 1613.701 *et seq.* Particularly relevant to medical qualification determinations are §1613.704 (requiring reasonable accommodation of individuals with handicaps); §1613.705 (prohibiting use of employment criteria that screen out individuals with handicaps unless shown to be related to the job in question) and §1614.706 (prohibiting pre-employment inquiries related to handicap and pre-employment medical examinations, except under specified circumstances). In addition, use of the term “qualified” in these regulations shall be interpreted consistently with §1613.702(f), which provides that a “qualified handicapped person” is a handicapped person “who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the position in question without endangering the health and safety of the individual or others.”

§ 339.104 Definitions.

For purposes of this part—