

(2) A debtor may represent himself or herself or may be represented by another person, including an attorney during any portion of the hearing.

(3) Where possible, the hearing will be held in a Commission office close to the debtor's home or place of work. Hearings may be scheduled so that several cases can be heard at one location. In such cases, the hearings will be scheduled in a location centrally located to all requesting parties.

(4) A record or transcript of the hearing shall not be made.

(5) At the hearing, the employee and the Commission may introduce evidence and may call witnesses. The hearing shall not be conducted in accordance with formal rules of evidence with regard to the admissibility of evidence or the use of evidence once admitted. The hearing official may only permit the introduction of evidence that is relevant to the issues being considered. Witnesses shall testify under oath and may be cross-examined. The Commission has the burden of first presenting evidence on the relevant issues. The debtor then has the burden of presenting evidence regarding those issues.

(6) The hearing official shall issue a written opinion stating his or her decision with the rationale supporting the decision as soon as practicable after the hearing, but not later than 60 days after the timely filing of the petition requesting the hearing.

§ 1650.108 Method of collection.

A debt will be collected in a lump sum or by installment deductions at officially established pay intervals from an employee's current pay account, unless the employee and the Commission agree in writing to alternate arrangements for repayment.

§ 1650.109 Source of deductions.

Except as provided in §1600.735-513 and §1600.735-514 of this subpart, deductions will be made only from basic pay, special pay, incentive pay, retired pay, retainer pay or in the case of an employee not entitled to basic pay, other authorized pay.

§ 1650.110 Duration of deductions.

Debts will be collected in one lump sum when possible. If the employee is financially unable to pay in one lump sum or the amount of debt exceeds 15 percent of the employee's disposable pay for an officially established pay interval, collection by offset will be made in installments. Such installment deductions will be made over a period not greater than the anticipated period of active duty or employment of the employee, as the case may be, except as provided in §1600.735-513 and §1600.735-514 of this subpart.

§ 1650.111 Limitation on amount of deductions.

The size and frequency of installment deductions will bear a reasonable relationship to the size of the debt and the employee's ability to pay. The amount deducted for any period, however, will not exceed 15 percent of the disposable pay from which the deduction is made, unless the employee has agreed in writing to the deduction of a greater amount. Installment payments of less than \$25 will be accepted only in the most unusual circumstances.

§ 1650.112 When deductions may begin.

(a) Deductions to liquidate an employee's debt should be scheduled to begin by the date and in the amount stated in the demand for payment.

(b) If the employee files a timely request for reconsideration or consideration of waiver, compromise or forgiveness, deductions will begin after a final decision is issued on the request.

(c) If the employee fails to submit a timely request for reconsideration or consideration of waiver, compromise, or forgiveness, or request for a hearing, deductions will commence in the next bi-weekly check vouchered for payment after the time limit to make such a request expires.

§ 1650.113 Liquidation of final check.

When the employee retires or resigns or if his or her employment or period of active duty ends before the debt is collected in full, the employee's debt will be automatically deducted from the final payments (e.g., final salary payment, lump-sum leave, etc.) due the employee to the extent necessary to