

Department of Veterans Affairs

§ 1.303

PARKING FEES AT VA MEDICAL FACILITIES

§ 1.300 Purpose.

Sections 1.300 through 1.303 prescribe policies and procedures for establishing parking fees for the use of Department of Veterans Affairs controlled parking spaces at VA medical facilities.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501, 8109)

[53 FR 25490, July 7, 1988]

§ 1.301 Definitions.

As used in §§ 1.300 through 1.303 of this title:

(a) *Secretary* means the Secretary of Veterans Affairs.

(b) *Eligible person* means any individual to whom the Secretary is authorized to furnish medical examination or treatment.

(c) *Garage* means a structure or part of a structure in which vehicles may be parked.

(d) *Medical facility* means any facility or part thereof which is under the jurisdiction of the Secretary for the provision of health-care services, including any necessary buildings and structures, garage or parking facility.

(e) *Parking facilities* includes all surface and garage parking spaces at a VA medical facility.

(f) *Volunteer worker* means an individual who performs services, without compensation, under the auspices of VA Voluntary Service (VAVS) at a VA medical facility, for the benefit of veterans receiving care at that medical facility.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 8109)

[53 FR 25490, July 7, 1988]

§ 1.302 Applicability and scope.

(a) The provisions of §§ 1.300 through 1.303 apply to VA medical facility parking facilities in the United States, its territories and possessions, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and to such parking facilities for the use of VA medical facilities jointly shared by VA and another Federal agency when the facility is operated by the VA. Sections 1.300 through 1.303 apply to all users of those parking facilities. Fees shall be assessed and collected at medical facilities where parking garages

are constructed, acquired, or altered at a cost exceeding \$500,000 (or, in the case of acquisition by lease, \$100,000 per year). The Secretary, in the exercise of official discretion, may also determine that parking fees shall be charged at any other VA medical facility.

(b) All fees established shall be reasonable under the circumstances and shall cover all parking facilities used in connection with such VA medical facility.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 8109)

[53 FR 25490, July 7, 1988]

§ 1.303 Policy.

(a) *General.* Parking spaces at VA medical facilities shall only be provided under the following conditions:

(1) VA and its employees shall not be liable for any damages to vehicles (or their contents) parked in VA parking facilities, unless such damages are directly caused by such employees acting in the course of their VA employment.

(2) Parking facilities at VA medical facilities shall only be made available at each medical facility for such periods and under such terms as prescribed by the facility director, consistent with §§ 1.300 through 1.303.

(3) VA will limit parking facilities at VA medical facilities to the minimum necessary, and administer those parking facilities in full compliance with ridesharing regulations and Federal laws.

(b) *Fees.* (1) As provided in § 1.302, VA will assess VA employees, contractor employees, tenant employees, visitors, and other individuals having business at a VA medical facility where VA parking facilities are available, a parking fee for the use of that parking facility. All parking fees shall be set at a rate which shall be equivalent to one-half of the appropriate fair rental value (i.e., monthly, weekly, daily, hourly) for the use of equivalent commercial space in the vicinity of the medical facility, subject to the terms and conditions stated in paragraph (a) of this section. Fair rental value shall include an allowance for the costs of management of the parking facilities. The Secretary will determine the fair market rental value through use of generally accepted appraisal techniques. If the

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appraisal establishes that there is no comparable commercial rate because of the absence of commercial parking facilities within a two-mile radius of the medical facility, then the rate established shall be not less than the lowest rate charged for parking at the VA medical facility with the lowest established parking fees. Rates established shall be reviewed biannually by the Secretary to reflect any increase or decrease in value as determined by appraisal updating.

(2) No parking fees shall be established or collected for parking facilities used by or for vehicles of the following:

(i) Volunteer workers in connection with such workers performing services for the benefit of veterans receiving care at the medical facility;

(ii) A veteran or an eligible person in connection with such veteran or eligible person receiving examination or treatment;

(iii) An individual transporting a veteran or eligible person seeking examination or treatment; and

(iv) Federal Government employees using Government owned or leased or private vehicles for official business.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 8109)

[53 FR 25490, July 7, 1988]

RELEASE OF INFORMATION FROM DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS (VA) RECORDS RELATING TO DRUG ABUSE, ALCOHOLISM OR ALCOHOL ABUSE, INFECTION WITH THE HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV), OR SICKLE CELL ANEMIA

NOTE: Sections 1.460 through 1.499 of this part concern the confidentiality of information relating to drug abuse, alcoholism or alcohol abuse, infection with the human immunodeficiency virus, or sickle cell anemia in VA records and are applicable in combination with other regulations pertaining to the release of information from VA records. Sections 1.500 through 1.527, Title 38, Code of Federal Regulations, implement the provisions of 38 U.S.C. §§ 5701 and 5702. Sections 1.550 through 1.559 implement the provisions of 5 U.S.C. § 552 (The Freedom of Information Act). Sections 1.575 through 1.584 implement the provisions of 5 U.S.C. § 552a (The Privacy Act of 1974).

The provisions of §§ 1.460 through 1.499 of this part pertain to any program or activity, including education, treatment, rehabilita-

tion or research, which relates to drug abuse, alcoholism or alcohol abuse, infection with the human immunodeficiency virus, or sickle cell anemia. The statutory authority for the drug abuse provisions and alcoholism or alcohol abuse provisions of §§ 1.460 through 1.499 is Sec. 111 of Pub. L. 94-581, the Veterans Omnibus Health Care Act of 1976 (38 U.S.C. §§ 7331 through 7334), the authority for the human immunodeficiency virus provisions is Sec. 121 of Pub. L. 100-322, the Veterans' Benefits and Services Act of 1988 (38 U.S.C. § 7332); the authority for the sickle cell anemia provisions is Sec. 109 of Pub. L. 93-82, the Veterans Health Care Expansion Act of 1973 (38 U.S.C. §§ 1751-1754).

AUTHORITY: 38 U.S.C. 1751-1754 and 7331-7334.

SOURCE: 60 FR 63929, Dec. 13, 1995, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1.460 Definitions.

For purposes of §§ 1.460 through 1.499 of this part, the following definitions apply:

Alcohol abuse. The term "alcohol abuse" means the use of an alcoholic beverage which impairs the physical, mental, emotional, or social well-being of the user.

Contractor. The term "contractor" means a person who provides services to VA such as data processing, dosage preparation, laboratory analyses or medical or other professional services. Each contractor shall be required to enter into a written agreement subjecting such contractor to the provisions of §§ 1.460 through 1.499 of this part; 38 U.S.C. 5701 and 7332; and 5 U.S.C. 552a and 38 CFR 1.576(g).

Diagnosis. The term "diagnosis" means any reference to an individual's alcohol or drug abuse or to a condition which is identified as having been caused by that abuse or any reference to sickle cell anemia or infection with the human immunodeficiency virus which is made for the purpose of treatment or referral for treatment. A diagnosis prepared for the purpose of treatment or referral for treatment but which is not so used is covered by §§ 1.460 through 1.499 of this part. These regulations do not apply to a diagnosis of drug overdose or alcohol intoxication which clearly shows that the individual involved is not an alcohol or drug abuser (e.g., involuntary ingestion