

Environmental Protection Agency

§ 725.422

below in paragraphs (d)(2) through (d)(7) of this section, these comparable toxin sequences, regardless of the organism from which they are derived, must not be included in the introduced genetic material.

(2) Sequences for protein synthesis inhibitor.

Sequence Source	Toxin Name
<i>Corynebacterium diphtheriae</i> & <i>C. ulcerans</i>	Diphtheria toxin
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	Exotoxin A
<i>Shigella dysenteriae</i>	Shigella toxin (Shiga toxin, Shigella dysenteriae type I toxin, Vero cell toxin)
<i>Abrus precatorius</i> , seeds	Abrin
<i>Ricinus communis</i> , seeds	Ricin

(3) Sequences for neurotoxins.

Sequence Source	Toxin Name
<i>Clostridium botulinum</i>	Neurotoxins A, B, C1, D, E, F, G (Botulinum toxins, botulin toxins)
<i>Clostridium tetani</i>	Tetanus toxin (tetanospasmin)
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i>	Neurotoxin
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	Alpha toxin (alpha lysin)
<i>Yersinia pestis</i>	Murine toxin
Snake toxins	
<i>Bungarus caeruleus</i>	Caeruleotoxin
<i>Bungarus multicinctus</i>	Beta-bungarotoxin (phospholipase)
<i>Crotalus</i> spp.	Crotoxin (phospholipase)
<i>Dendroaspis viridis</i>	Neurotoxin
<i>Naja naja</i> varieties	Neurotoxin
<i>Notechia scutatus</i>	Notexin (phospholipase)
<i>Oxyuranus scutellatus</i>	Taipoxin
Invertebrate toxins	
<i>Chironex fleckeri</i>	Neurotoxin
<i>Androctonus australis</i>	Neurotoxin
<i>Centruroides sculpturatus</i>	Neurotoxin

(4) Sequences for oxygen labile cytolytins.

Sequence Source	Toxin Name
<i>Bacillus alve</i>	Alveolysin
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	Cereolysin
<i>Bacillus laterosporus</i>	Laterosporolysin
<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>	Thuringiolysin
<i>Clostridium bifermentans</i>	Lysin
<i>Clostridium botulinum</i>	Lysin
<i>Clostridium caproicum</i>	Lysin
<i>Clostridium chauvoei</i>	Delta-toxin
<i>Clostridium histolyticum</i>	Epsilon-toxin
<i>Clostridium novyi</i>	Gamma-toxin
<i>Clostridium oedematiens</i>	Delta-toxin
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	Theta-toxin (Perfringolysin)
<i>Clostridium septicum</i>	Delta-toxin
<i>Clostridium sordellii</i>	Lysin
<i>Clostridium tetani</i>	Tetanolysin
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	Listeriolysin (A B)
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>	Pneumolysin
<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>	Streptolysin O (SLO)

(5) Sequences for toxins affecting membrane function.

Sequence Source	Toxin Name
<i>Bacillus anthracis</i>	Edema factor (Factors I II); Lethal factor (Factors II III)
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	Enterotoxin (diarrheagenic toxin, mouse lethal factor)
<i>Bordetella pertussis</i>	Adenylate cyclase (Heat-labile factor); Pertussigen (pertussis toxin, islet activating factor, histamine sensitizing factor, lymphocytosis promoting factor)
<i>Clostridium botulinum</i>	C2 toxin
<i>Clostridium difficile</i>	Enterotoxin (toxin A)
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	Beta-toxin; Delta-toxin
<i>Escherichia coli</i> & other Enterobacteriaceae spp.	Heat-labile enterotoxins (LT); Heat-stable enterotoxins (STa, ST1 subtypes ST1a ST1b; also STb, STII)
<i>Legionella pneumophila</i>	Cytolysin
<i>Vibrio cholerae</i> & <i>Vibrio mimicus</i>	Cholera toxin (choleraegen)

(6) Sequences that affect membrane integrity.

Sequence Source	Toxin Name
<i>Clostridium bifermentans</i> & other <i>Clostridium</i> spp	Lecithinase
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	Alpha-toxin (phospholipase C, lecithinase); Enterotoxin
<i>Corynebacterium pyogenes</i> & other <i>Corynebacterium</i> spp.	Cytolysin (phospholipase C), Ovis toxin (sphingomyelinase D)
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	Beta-lysin (beta toxin)

(7) Sequences that are general cytotoxins.

Sequence Source	Toxin Name
<i>Adenia digitata</i>	Modeccin
<i>Aeromonas hydrophila</i>	Aerolysin (beta-lysin, cytotoxic lysin)
<i>Clostridium difficile</i>	Cytotoxin (toxin B)
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	Beta-toxin; Epsilon-toxin; Kappa-toxin
<i>Escherichia coli</i> & other Enterobacteriaceae spp.	Cytotoxin (Shiga-like toxin, Vero cell toxin)
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	Proteases
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	Gamma lysin (Gamma toxin); Enterotoxins (SEA, SEB, SEC, SED SEE); Pyrogenic exotoxins A B; Toxic shock syndrome toxins (TSST-1)
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> & <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	Leucocidin (leukocidin, cytotoxin)
<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>	Streptolysin S (SLS); Erythrogenic toxins (scarlet fever toxins, pyrogenic exotoxins)
<i>Yersinia enterocolitica</i>	Heat-stable enterotoxins (ST)

§ 725.422 Physical containment and control technologies.

The manufacturer must meet all of the following criteria for physical containment and control technologies for

any facility in which the new microorganism will be used for a Tier I exemption; these criteria also serve as guidance for a Tier II exemption.

(a) Use a structure that is designed and operated to contain the new microorganism.

(b) Control access to the structure.

(c) Provide written, published, and implemented procedures for the safety of personnel and control of hygiene.

(d) Use inactivation procedures demonstrated and documented to be effective against the new microorganism contained in liquid and solid wastes prior to disposal of the wastes. The inactivation procedures must reduce viable microbial populations by at least 6 logs in liquid and solid wastes.

(e) Use features known to be effective in minimizing viable microbial populations in aerosols and exhaust gases released from the structure, and document use of such features.

(f) Use systems for controlling dissemination of the new microorganism through other routes, and document use of such features.

(g) Have in place emergency clean-up procedures.

§ 725.424 Requirements for the Tier I exemption.

(a) *Conditions of exemption.* The manufacture or import of a new microorganism for commercial purposes is not subject to review under this part if all of the following conditions are met for all activities involving the new microorganism:

(1) The recipient microorganism is listed in and meets any requirements specified in § 725.420.

(2) The introduced genetic material meets the criteria under § 725.421.

(3) The physical containment and control technologies of any facility in which the microorganism will be manufactured, processed, or used meet the criteria under § 725.422.

(4) The manufacturer or importer submits a certification described in paragraph (b) of this section to EPA at least 10 days before commencing initial manufacture or import of a new microorganism derived from a recipient microorganism listed in § 725.420.

(5) The manufacturer or importer complies with the recordkeeping re-

quirements of § 725.65 and maintains records for the initial and subsequent uses of the new microorganism that verify compliance with the following:

(i) The certifications made in paragraph (b) of this section.

(ii) All the eligibility criteria for the Tier I exemption including the criteria for the recipient microorganism, the introduced genetic material, the physical containment and control technologies.

(b) *Certification.* To be eligible for the Tier I exemption under this subpart, the manufacturer or importer must submit to EPA a document signed by a responsible company official containing the information listed in this paragraph.

(1) Name and address of manufacturer or importer.

(2) Date when manufacture or import is expected to begin.

(3) The identification (genus, species) of the recipient microorganism listed in § 725.420 which is being used to create the new microorganism which will be used under the conditions of the Tier I exemption.

(4) Certification of the following:

(i) Compliance with the introduced genetic material criteria described in § 725.421.

(ii) Compliance with the containment requirements described in § 725.422, including the provision in paragraph (a)(3) of this section.

(5) The site of waste disposal and the type of permits for disposal, the permit numbers and the institutions issuing the permits.

(6) The certification statement required in § 725.25(b). Certification of submission of test data is not required for the Tier I exemption.

§ 725.426 Applicability of the Tier I exemption.

The Tier I exemption under § 725.424 applies only to a manufacturer or importer of a new microorganism that certifies that the microorganism will be used in all cases in compliance with §§ 725.420, 725.421, and 725.422.

§ 725.428 Requirements for the Tier II exemption.

The manufacturer or importer of a new microorganism for commercial