

the selected control point Z as shown in Figure 2 of this paragraph (g)(2).

(i) For these modes (R, S, T, U), the following definitions apply:

(A) Speed (R) = Speed(T) = n_{RT} .

(B) Speed (S) = Speed(U) = n_{SU} .

(C) Per cent load (R) = Per cent load (S).

(D) Per cent load (T) = Per cent load (U).

(ii) The interpolated value of the brake specific gaseous emissions of the selected control point Z (E_Z) must be calculated as follows:

$$E_Z = E_{RS} + (E_{TU} - E_{RS}) * (M_Z - M_{RS}) / (M_{TU} - M_{RS})$$

$$E_{TU} = E_T + (E_U - E_T) * (n_Z - n_{RT}) / (n_{SU} - n_{RT})$$

$$E_{RS} = E_R + (E_S - E_R) * (n_Z - n_{RT}) / (n_{SU} - n_{RT})$$

$$M_{TU} = M_T + (M_U - M_T) * (n_Z - n_{RT}) / (n_{SU} - n_{RT})$$

$$M_{RS} = M_R + (M_S - M_R) * (n_Z - n_{RT}) / (n_{SU} - n_{RT})$$

Where:

E_R, E_S, E_T, E_U = for each regulated pollutant, brake specific gaseous emissions of the enveloping modes adjusted according to the factors in (f)(2).

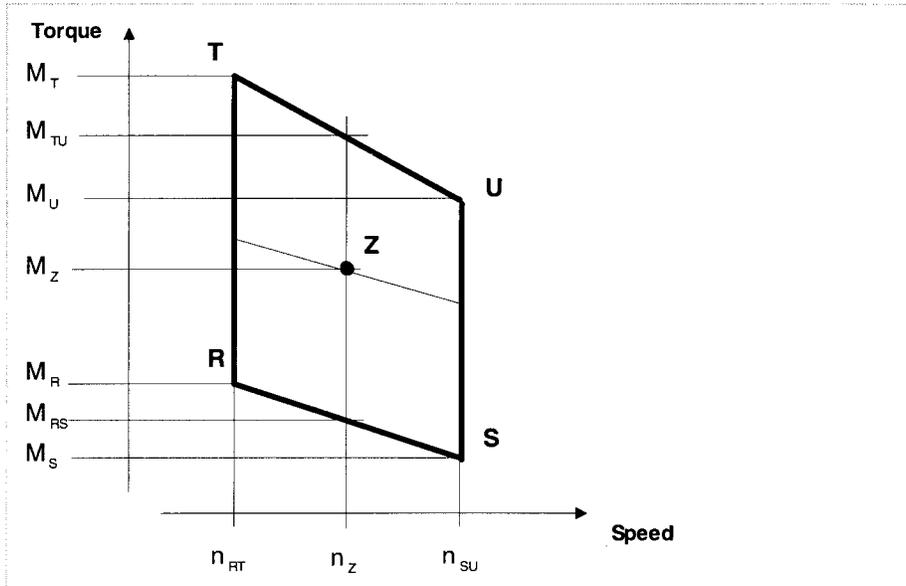
M_R, M_S, M_T, M_U = engine torque of the enveloping modes.

M_Z = engine torque of the selected control point Z.

n_Z = engine speed of the selected control point Z.

(iii) Figure 2 follows:

**Figure 2
Four-Point Linear Interpolation**



(3) Comparing calculated and interpolated emission values. The measured brake specific gaseous emissions of the control point Z (X_Z) must be less than or equal to the interpolated value (E_Z).

[65 FR 59958, Oct. 6, 2000, as amended at 66 FR 5188, Jan. 18, 2001; 70 FR 40439, July 13, 2005; 71 FR 51487, Aug. 30, 2006]

§ 86.1362-2007 Steady-state testing with a ramped-modal cycle.

This section describes how to test engines under steady-state conditions. Manufacturers may alternatively use the procedures specified in § 86.1363-2007 through the 2009 model year.

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(a) Start sampling at the beginning of the first mode and continue sampling until the end of the last mode. Calculate emissions as described in 40 CFR 1065.650 and cycle statistics as described in 40 CFR 1065.514.

(b) Measure emissions by testing the engine on a dynamometer with the following ramped-modal duty cycle to determine whether it meets the applicable steady-state emission standards:

RMC mode	Time in mode (seconds)	Engine speed ^{1,2}	Torque (percent) ^{2,3}
1a Steady-state	170	Warm Idle	0
1b Transition	20	Linear Transition	Linear Transition
2a Steady-state	170	A	100
2b Transition	20	A	Linear Transition
3a Steady-state	102	A	25
3b Transition	20	A	Linear Transition
4a Steady-state	100	A	75
4b Transition	20	A	Linear Transition
5a Steady-state	103	A	50
5b Transition	20	Linear Transition	Linear Transition
6a Steady-state	194	B	100
6b Transition	20	B	Linear Transition
7a Steady-state	219	B	25
7b Transition	20	B	Linear Transition
8a Steady-state	220	B	75
8b Transition	20	B	Linear Transition
9a Steady-state	219	B	50
9b Transition	20	Linear Transition	Linear Transition
10a Steady-state	171	C	100
10b Transition	20	C	Linear Transition
11a Steady-state	102	C	25
11b Transition	20	C	Linear Transition
12a Steady-state	100	C	75
12b Transition	20	C	Linear Transition
13a Steady-state	102	C	50
13b Transition	20	Linear Transition	Linear Transition
14 Steady-state	168	Warm Idle	0

¹ Speed terms are defined in 40 CFR part 1065.
² Advance from one mode to the next within a 20-second transition phase. During the transition phase, command a linear progression from the speed or torque setting of the current mode to the speed or torque setting of the next mode.
³ The percent torque is relative to maximum torque at the commanded engine speed.

(c) During idle mode, operate the engine with the following parameters:

- (1) Hold the speed within your specifications.
- (2) Set the engine to operate at its minimum fueling rate.
- (3) Keep engine torque under 5 percent of maximum test torque.

(d) For full-load operating modes, operate the engine at its maximum fueling rate.

(e) See 40 CFR part 1065 for detailed specifications of tolerances and calculations.

(f) Perform the ramped-modal test with a warmed-up engine. If the ramped-modal test follows directly

after testing over the Federal Test Procedure, consider the engine warm. Otherwise, operate the engine to warm it up as described in 40 CFR part 1065, subpart F.

[70 FR 40439, July 13, 2005]

§ 86.1363-2007 Steady-state testing with a discrete-mode cycle.

This section describes an alternate procedure for steady-state testing that manufacturers may use through the 2009 model year.

(a) Use the following 13-mode cycle in dynamometer operation on the test engine:

Mode number	Engine speed ¹	Percent load ²	Weighting factors	Mode length (minutes) ³
1	Idle	0.15	4
2	A	100	0.08	2
3	B	50	0.10	2
4	B	75	0.10	2
5	A	50	0.05	2