

§ 665.3

a recipient to ensure compliance with this provision.

§ 665.3 Scope.

(a) This part applies to a recipient of Federal financial assistance under sections 3, 9, 16(b)(2), or 18 of the FT Act, and, except as provided in subsections (b), (c), and (d) is effective October 1, 1989;

(b) The provisions of section 665.11(e)(3) are effective November 8, 1990;

(c) The provisions in sections 665.11(c), (d), and (f) concerning partial testing are effective August 27, 1992; and

(d) The provisions in §§ 665.11(e) (4) and (5) concerning the last two categories of buses which must be tested, apply as follows:

(1) For vehicles that are manufactured from modified mass-produced chassis or vans, or manufactured from non-mass-produced chassis or vans, testing and a final report will be required for all vehicles offered in response to advertisements for bids or requests for proposals issued on or after June 1, 1994.

(2) For vehicles manufactured from unmodified mass-produced chassis, testing and a final report will be required for all vehicles offered in response to advertisements for bids or requests for proposals issued on or after October 1, 1994.

[57 FR 33397, July 28, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 10990, Feb. 23, 1993; 58 FR 58733, Nov. 3, 1993]

§ 665.5 Definitions.

As used in this part—

Administrator means the Administrator of the Federal Transit Administration or designee.

Bus means a rubber-tired automotive vehicle used for the provision of mass transportation service by or for a recipient.

Bus model means a bus design or variation of a bus design usually designated by the manufacturer by a specific name and/or model number.

Bus testing facility means a testing facility established by renovation of a facility constructed with Federal assistance at Altoona, Pennsylvania, under section 317(b)(1) of the Surface Transportation and Uniform Relocation As-

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sistance Act of 1987, and includes proving ground facilities operated in connection with the facility.

FT Act means the Federal Transit Act, as amended (49 U.S.C. app. 1601 *et seq.*).

Major change in chassis design means, for vehicles manufactured on a mass produced chassis, a change in frame structure, material or configuration, or a change in chassis suspension type.

Major change in components means:

(1) For those vehicles that are not manufactured on a mass produced chassis, a change in a vehicle's engine, axle, transmission, suspension, or steering components;

(2) For those that are manufactured on a mass produced chassis, a change in the vehicle's chassis from one major design to another.

Major change in configuration means a change which may have a significant impact on vehicle handling and stability, or structural integrity.

Mass produced van or chassis means a van or chassis that has or is projected to have an annual production rate of 20,000 or more units.

Mass transportation service means the operation of a vehicle which provides general or special service to the public on a regular and continuing basis.

Modified mass-produced chassis or van means a vehicle that is manufactured from an incomplete, partially assembled mass-produced chassis or van as provided by an OEM to a small bus manufacturer. This includes vehicles whose chassis structure has been modified to include: The addition of a tandem or tag axle; the installation of a drop or lowered floor; changes to the GVWR from the OEM rating; or other modifications that are *not* made in strict conformance with the OEM's modifications guidelines.

New bus model means a bus model which—

(1) Has not been used in mass transit service in the United States before October 1, 1988; or

(2) Has been used in such service but which after September 30, 1988, is being produced with a major change in configuration or components.

Non-mass-produced chassis or van means a vehicle that is manufactured