

**§ 410.686b Fee for services performed for an individual before the Social Security Administration.**

(a) *General.* A fee for services performed for an individual before the Social Security Administration in any proceeding under part B of title IV of the Act may be charged and received only as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) *Charging and receiving fee.* An individual who desires to charge or receive a fee for services rendered for an individual in any proceeding under part B of title IV of the Act before the Administration (see § 410.686e), and who is qualified under § 410.685, must file a written petition therefor in accordance with § 410.686c(a). The amount of the fee he may charge or receive, if any, shall be determined on the basis of the factors described in § 410.686c(b) by an authorized official of the appropriate component of the Administration, where the services were concluded by an initial, reconsidered, or revised determination, or by the Bureau of Hearings and Appeals where there is a decision or action by a hearing examiner or the Appeals Council of the Social Security Administration, as the case may be. Every such fee which is charged or received must be approved as provided in this section and no fee shall be charged or received which is in excess of the amount so approved. This rule shall be applicable whether the fee is charged to or received from a party to the proceeding or someone else. Pursuant to section 206(a) of the Social Security Act, in the case of a representative qualified as an attorney under § 410.685(a), the Administration may certify the amount of such fee, subject to the limitations in § 410.686d(b), for payment out of, but not in addition to, the amount of past-due benefits payable.

(c) *Past-due benefits defined.* The term *past-due benefits* as used in paragraph (b) of this section means the total accumulated amount of benefits payable under part B of title IV of the Act by reason of the favorable determination through the month prior to the month such determination is effectuated.

(d) *Notice of fee determination.* Written notice of a fee determination made in accordance with paragraph (b) of this

section shall be mailed to the representative and the claimant at their last known addresses. Such notice shall inform the parties of the amount of the fee authorized, the basis of the determination, the fact that the Administration assumes no responsibility for payment except that pursuant to section 206(a) of the Social Security Act the Administration may certify payment to an attorney, and that each party may request an administrative review of the determination within 30 days of the date of the notice.

(e) *Administrative review of fee determination—(1) Request timely filed.* Administrative review of a fee determination will be granted if either the representative or the claimant files a written request for such review at an office of the Social Security Administration within 30 days after the date of the notice of the fee determination. The party requesting the review shall send a copy of the request to the other party. An authorized official of the Social Security Administration who did not participate in the fee determination in question will review the determination. Written notice of the decision made on the administrative review shall be mailed to the representative and the claimant at their last known addresses.

(2) *Request not timely filed.* Where the representative or the claimant files a request for administrative review, in accordance with paragraph (e)(1) of this subsection, but files such request more than 30 days after the date of the notice of the fee determination, the person making the request shall state in writing the reasons why it was not filed within the 30-day period. The Social Security Administration will grant the review only if it determines that there was good cause for not filing the request timely. For purposes of this section, *good cause* is defined as any circumstance or event which would prevent the representative or the claimant from filing the request for review within such 30-day period or would impede his efforts to do so. Examples of such circumstances include the following:

(i) The representative or claimant was seriously ill or had a physical or mental impairment and such illness

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prevented him from contacting the Social Security Administration in person or in writing;

(ii) There was a death or serious illness in the individual's family;

(iii) Pertinent records were destroyed by fire or other accidental cause;

(iv) The representative or claimant was furnished incorrect or incomplete information by the Social Security Administration about his right to request review;

(v) The individual failed to receive timely notice of the fee determination;

(vi) The individual transmitted the request to another government agency in good faith within such 30-day period and the request did not reach the Social Security Administration until after such period had expired.

[37 FR 17708, Aug. 30, 1972, as amended at 41 FR 10425, Mar. 11, 1976]

**§ 410.686c Petition for approval of fee.**

(a) *Filing of petition.* In accordance with § 410.686b, to obtain approval of a fee for services performed before the Social Security Administration in any proceeding under the Act, a representative, upon completion of the proceedings in which he rendered services, must file at an office of the Social Security Administration a written petition which shall contain the following information:

(1) The dates his services began and ended;

(2) An itemization of services rendered by him in a proceeding under the Act, with the amount of time spent in hours, or parts thereof, on each type of service;

(3) The amount of the fee he desires to charge for services performed;

(4) The amount of fee requested or charged for services rendered in the same matter before any State or Federal court;

(5) The amount and itemization of expenses incurred for which reimbursement has been made or is expected;

(6) The special qualifications which enabled him to render valuable services to the claimant (this requirement does not apply where the representative is an attorney); and

(7) A statement showing that a copy of the petition was sent to the person represented.

(b) *Factors considered in evaluating a petition for fee.* In evaluating a request for approval of a fee, the purpose of the coal miner's benefits program—to provide a measure of economic security for the beneficiaries thereof—will be considered, together with the following factors:

(1) The services performed (including type of service);

(2) The complexity of the case;

(3) The level of skill and competence required in rendition of the services;

(4) The amount of time spent on the case;

(5) The results achieved. (While consideration is always to be given to the amount of benefits, if any, which are payable in a case, the amount of fee will not be based on the amount of such benefits alone but on a consideration of all of the factors listed in this section. The benefits payable in a given claim are governed by specific statutory provisions and by the occurrence of termination, deduction, or non-payment events specified in the law, factors which are unrelated to efforts of the representative. In addition, the amount of accrued benefits payable in a given claim is affected by the length of time that has elapsed since the claimant became entitled to benefits.);

(6) The level of administrative review to which the claim was carried within the Social Security Administration and the level of such review at which the representative entered the proceedings; and

(7) The amount of the fee requested for services rendered, excluding the amount of any expenses incurred, but including any amount previously authorized or requested.

(c) *Time limit for filing petition for approval of attorney fee.* In order for an attorney to receive direct payment of a fee authorized by the Social Security Administration from a claimant's past-due benefits (see § 410.686d(b)), the petition for approval of a fee, or written notice of the intent to file a petition, should be filed with the Social Security Administration within 60 days of the date the notice of the determination favorable to the claimant is mailed. Where no such petition is filed within 60 days after the date such notice is mailed, written notice shall be