

(c) *Use of program income.* (1)(i) A recipient or subrecipient may retain any program income earned by the recipient or subrecipient only if such income is added to the funds committed to the particular JTPA grant or subgrant and title under which it was earned and such income is used for that title's purposes and under the terms and conditions applicable to the use of the grant funds.

(ii) A State may use interest it earns on JTPA funds, deposited by the United States to the State's account, to satisfy the requirement at 31 U.S.C. 6503(c) that the State pay interest on such deposits.

(iii) The classification of costs in §§ 627.440 and 631.13 shall apply to the use of program income.

(iv) The administrative cost limitation in §§ 627.445 and 631.14 shall apply to the use of program income, except that program income used in accordance with paragraph (c)(1)(ii) of this section shall be exempt from the administrative cost limitations.

(2) Program income generated under title II may also be used to satisfy the matching requirement of section 123(b) of the Act.

(3) Program income shall be used prior to the submission of the final report for the funding period of the program year of funds to which the earnings are attributable.

(4) If the subrecipient that earned program income cannot use such income for JTPA purposes, the recipient may permit another entity to use the program income for JTPA purposes.

(5) Program income not used in accordance with the requirements of this section shall be remitted to the Department of Labor.

(d) *Program and other income after the funding period.* Rental income and user fees on real and personal property acquired with JTPA funds shall continue to be JTPA program income in subsequent funding periods. There are no Federal requirements governing the disposition of all other income that is earned after the end of the funding period.

§ 627.455 Reports required.

(a) *General.* The Governor shall report to DOL pursuant to instructions

issued by DOL. Reports shall be submitted no more frequently than quarterly, in accordance with section 165(f) of the Act, and within 45 calendar days after the end of the report period. Additional reporting requirements for title III are set forth at § 631.15 of this chapter.

(b) A recipient may impose different forms or formats, shorter due dates, and more frequent reporting requirements on subrecipients, however, the recipient is required to meet the reporting requirements imposed on it by DOL.

(c) DOL may provide computer outputs to recipients to expedite or contribute to the accuracy of reporting. DOL may accept the required information from recipients in electronically reported format or computer printouts instead of prescribed forms.

(d) *Financial reports.* (1) Financial reports for programs under titles I, II, and III shall be submitted to DOL by each State quarterly and by program year of appropriation.

(2) Each recipient shall report program outlays on an accrual basis. If the recipient's accounting records are not normally kept on the accrual basis, the recipient shall develop such accrual information through an analysis of the documentation on hand.

(3) A final financial report is required 90 days after the expiration of a funding period (see § 627.485 of this part, Closeout).

(4) Pursuant to section 104(b)(13) of the Act, the SDA shall annually report to the Governor. Among other items, this report shall include information on the extent to which the SDA has met the goals for the training and training-related placement of women in nontraditional employment.

§ 627.460 Requirements for records.

(a) Records, including the records identified in section 165(g) of the Act, shall be retained in accordance with section 165(e) of the Act. In establishing the time period of record retention requirements for records of subrecipients, the State may either:

(1) Impose the time limitation requirement of section 165(e) of the Act; or