

§ 632.123 Maintenance of effort.

(a) Funds provided under this Act shall only be used for activities which are in addition to those which would otherwise be available in the area in the absence of such funds.

(b) Funds provided under this Act shall not be used to duplicate facilities or services available in the area (with or without reimbursement) from Federal, State, or local sources, unless the plan establishes that alternative services or facilities would be more effective or more likely to achieve performance goals.

§ 632.124 Theft or embezzlement from employment and training funds; improper inducement; obstruction of investigations and other criminal provisions.

The criminal provision of 18 U.S.C. 665 states:

(a) Whoever, being an officer, director, agent or employee of, or connected in any capacity with, any agency receiving financial assistance under the JTPA knowingly hires an ineligible individual or individuals; embezzles, willfully misapplies, steals, or obtains by fraud any of the money, funds, assets, or property which are the subject of a grant or contract of assistance pursuant to such Act shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 2 years, or both; but if the amount so embezzled, misapplied, stolen, or obtained by fraud does not exceed \$100, such person shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than 1 year, or both.

(b) Any person who willfully obstructs or impedes, or endeavors to obstruct or impede, an investigation or inquiry under the JTPA or the regulations thereunder, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000 or by imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

(c) In addition to the criminal provisions set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, individuals may be held criminally liable under other Federal laws. For example, 18 U.S.C. sections 600 and 601 hold them liable if they:

(1) Directly or indirectly promise any employment position, compensation, contract, appointment, or other benefit, provided for or made possible in

whole or in part by funds under the Act, or any special consideration in obtaining any such benefit, to any person as consideration, favor, or regard for any political activity or for the support of, or opposition to, any candidate or any political party in connection with any general or special election to any political office, or in connection with any primary election or political convention or caucus held to select candidates for any political office (18 U.S.C. 600); or

(2) Directly or indirectly knowingly cause or attempt to cause any person to make a contribution of a thing of value (including services) for the benefit of any candidate or any political party, by means of the denial or deprivation, or the threat of the denial or deprivation, of any employment or benefits funded under the Act (18 U.S.C. 601).

§ 632.125 Responsibilities of Native American grantees, subgrantees and contractors for preventing fraud and program abuse and for general program management.

(a) Each Native American grantee shall establish and use internal program management procedures sufficient to prevent fraud and program abuse, including subgrantee and contractor fraud and abuse. The procedures to be used shall be identified in the Native American grantee's Master Plan.

(b) Each Native American grantee, subgrantee and contractor shall ensure that sufficient, auditable, and otherwise adequate records are maintained which support the expenditure of all funds under the Act. Such records shall be sufficient to allow the Secretary to audit and monitor the Native American grantees', subgrantees', and contractors' programs and shall include the maintenance of a management information system in accordance with the requirements of § 632.32.

(c) Any person having knowledge of fraud, criminal activity or other abuse shall report such information directly and immediately to the Secretary. Similarly, all complaints involving such matters should also be reported to the Secretary directly and immediately.

Subpart G [Reserved]**Subpart H—Job Training Partnership Act Programs Under Title IV, Section 401****§ 632.170 Eligibility for funds.**

The Department shall provide funds under section 401 of the Act only to Native American grantees designated in accordance with § 632.10.

§ 632.171 Allocation of funds.

(a) One hundred percent, except as provided in § 632.171(c), of the amount available for section 401 will be distributed by formula as follows:

(1) Twenty-five percent of the available funds shall be allocated on the basis of the relative number of unemployed Indians and other Native Americans within the Native American grantee's geographic service area compared to the total number of unemployed Indians and other Native Americans in the United States.

(2) Seventy-five percent of the available funds shall be allocated on the basis of the relative number of members of Indian and other Native Americans households, whose income is at or below the poverty level, within the Native American grantee's geographic service area compared to the total number of members of Indians and Native American households in poverty in the United States.

(b) Commencing with Program Year 1985 and after consultation with Indian groups, the Department may reserve up to one percent of section 401 funds. These funds may be used for technical assistance to improve the program's overall performance.

(c) In situations when the Department determines that the formula allocation will result in severe disruption from one year to the next, a hold harmless or other factor to minimize such disruptions may be used.

§ 632.172 Eligibility for participation in title IV, section 401.

(a) An Indian, Native Alaskan, or Native Hawaiian, as determined by the Native American Grantee, who is economically disadvantaged, or unemployed or underemployed is eligible to

participate in a program under this subpart. For income eligibility purposes, the NAG may use either 6-months annualized or 12-months actual income.

(b) Indians and other persons of Native American descent who meet the requirements of subsection (a) of this section and who are identified by the Federal or State government as "landless" or "terminated" or "non-federally recognized" are included among those eligible to participate. These terms shall be broadly construed for the specific purpose of including, among others, terminated, State-recognized, or other groups or individuals previously determined to be eligible for Indian services under the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act.

(c) A Native American grantee may enroll Indian and Native American participants in upgrading and retraining programs who are not unemployed, underemployed or economically disadvantaged where such participants meet the following eligibility requirements:

(1) For upgrading, a person must be operating at less than full skill potential, and working for at least the prior 6 months with the same employer in either an entry level, unskilled or semi-skilled position or a paid position with little or no advancement opportunity in a normal promotional line. Priority consideration shall be given to the workers who have been in entry level positions for the longest time.

(2) For retraining a person must have received a bona fide notice of impending layoff and have been determined by the grantee as having little opportunity to be reemployed in the same or equivalent occupation or skill level within the labor market area.

§ 632.173 Allowable program activities.

(a) Native American grantees may undertake programs and activities consistent with the purposes of the Act including, but not limited to, programs and activities described in §§ 632.78 through 632.81.

(b) Native American grantees are encouraged to develop innovative means of addressing the needs of unemployed,