

§ 670.980 What are the indicators of performance for Job Corps?

(a) At a minimum, the performance assessment system established under § 670.975 will include expected levels of performance established for each of the indicators of performance contained in WIA section 159(c). These are:

- (1) The number of graduates and rate of graduation, analyzed by the type of vocational training received and the training provider;
- (2) The job placement rate of graduates into unsubsidized employment, analyzed by the vocational training received, whether or not the job placement is related to the training received, the vocational training provider, and whether the placement is made by a local or national service provider;
- (3) The average placement wage of graduates in training-related and non-training related unsubsidized jobs;
- (4) The average wage of graduates on the first day of employment and at 6 and 12 months following placement, analyzed by the type of vocational training received;
- (5) The number of and retention rate of graduates in unsubsidized employment after 6 and 12 months;
- (6) The number of graduates who entered unsubsidized employment for 32 hours per week or more, for 20 to 32 hours per week, and for less than 20 hours per week.
- (7) The number of graduates placed in higher education or advanced training; and
- (8) The number of graduates who attained job readiness and employment skills.

(b) The Secretary issues the expected levels of performance for each indicator. To the extent practicable, the levels of performance will be continuous and consistent from year to year.

§ 670.985 What happens if a center operator, screening and admissions contractor or other service provider fails to meet the expected levels of performance?

- (a) The Secretary takes appropriate action to address performance issues through a specific performance plan.
- (b) The plan may include the following actions:

- (1) Providing technical assistance to a Job Corps center operator or support service provider, including a screening and admissions contractor;
- (2) Changing the management staff of a center;
- (3) Changing the vocational training offered at a center;
- (4) Contracting out or recompeting the contract for a center or operational support service provider;
- (5) Reducing the capacity of a Job Corps center;
- (6) Relocating a Job Corps center; or
- (7) Closing a Job Corps center. (WIA sec. 159 (f).)

§ 670.990 What procedures are available to resolve complaints and disputes?

(a) Each Job Corps center operator and service provider must establish and maintain a grievance procedure for filing complaints and resolving disputes from applicants, students and/or other interested parties about its programs and activities. A hearing on each complaint or dispute must be conducted within 30 days of the filing of the complaint or dispute. A decision on the complaint must be made by the center operator or service provider, as appropriate, within 60 days after the filing of the complaint, and a copy of the decision must be immediately served, by first-class mail, on the complainant and any other party to the complaint. Except for complaints under § 670.470 or complaints alleging fraud or other criminal activity, complaints may be filed within one year of the occurrence that led to the complaint.

(b) The procedure established under paragraph (a) of this section must include procedures to process complaints alleging violations of WIA section 188, consistent with DOL nondiscrimination regulations implementing WIA section 188 at 29 CFR part 37 and § 670.995.

§ 670.991 How does Job Corps ensure that complaints or disputes are resolved in a timely fashion?

- (a) If a complaint is not resolved by the center operator or service provider in the time frames described in § 670.990, the person making the complaint may request that the Regional