§ 1.9000-4

§1.9000-4 Form and content of statement

(a) Information to be shown. The statement shall be filed on Form 2175 which may be obtained from district directors. It shall be filed with the district director for the internal revenue district in which the return was filed. The statement shall be prepared in accordance with the instructions contained thereon and shall show the following information:

- (1) The name and address of the taxpayer,
- (2) The amounts of each type of income deferred under section 452,
- (3) The amount of the addition to each reserve deducted under section 462.
- (4) The taxable income and the tax liability of the taxpayer computed with the application of sections 452 and 462,
- (5) The taxable income and the tax liability of the taxpayer computed without the application of sections 452 and 462.
- (6) The details of the recomputation of taxable income and tax liability, including any changes in other items of income, deductions, and credits resulting from the repeal of sections 452 and 462 and
- (7) If self-employment tax is increased, the computations and information required on page 3 of Schedule C, Form 1040.

(b) Procedure for recomputing tax liability. In determining the taxable income and the tax liability computed without the application of sections 452 and 462, such items as vacation pay and prepaid subscription income shall be reported under the law and regulations applicable to the taxable year as if such sections had not been enacted. The tax liability for the year shall be recomputed by restoring to taxable income the amount of income deferred under section 452 and the amount of the deduction taken under section 462. Other deductions or credits affected by such changes in taxable income shall be adjusted. For example, if the deduction for contributions allowed for the taxable year was limited under section 170(b), the amount of such deduction shall be recomputed, giving effect to the increase in adjusted gross income or taxable income, as the case may be,

by reason of the adjustments required by the repeal of sections 452 and 462.

§ 1.9000-5 Effect of filing statement.

(a) Years other than years affected by a net operating loss carryback. If the taxpayer files a timely statement in accordance with the provisions of §1.9000-3, the amount of the increase in tax shown on such statement for a taxable year shall, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, be considered for all purposes of the Code, as tax shown on the return for such year. In general, such increase shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as if it had been tax shown on the return as originally filed. The provisions of this paragraph may be illustrated by the following example:

Example. A taxpayer filed his return showing a tax liability computed under the methods of accounting provided by sections 452 and 462 as \$1,000 and filed the statement in accordance with §1.9000-3 showing an increase in tax liability of \$200. The tax computed as though sections 452 and 462 had not been enacted is \$1,200, and the difference of \$200 is the increase in the tax attributable to the repeal of sections 452 and 462. This increase is considered to be tax shown on the return for such taxable year. Additions to the tax for fraud or negligence under section 6653 will be determined by reference to \$1,200 (that is, \$1,000 plus \$200) as the tax shown on the return.

(b) Years affected by a net operating loss carryback. In the case of a year which is affected by a net operating loss carryback from a year to which an election under section 452 or 462 applies, that portion of the amount of increase in tax shown on the statement for the year to which the loss is carried back which is attributable to a decrease in such net operating loss shall not be treated as tax shown on the return.

§ 1.9000-6 Provisions for the waiver of interest.

(a) In general. If the statement is filed in accordance with §1.9000–3 and if that portion of the increase in tax which is due before December 15, 1955 (without regard to any extension of time for payment and without regard to the provisions of §§1.9000–2 to 1.9000–8, inclusive), is paid in full on or before such date, then no interest shall be due