

§ 437.75

§ 437.75 Mishap reporting, responding, and investigating.

A permittee must report, respond to, and investigate mishaps that occur during permitted activities, in accordance with this section.

(a) *Reporting requirements.* A permittee must—

(1) Immediately notify the FAA Washington Operations Center if there is a launch or reentry accident or incident or a mishap that involves a fatality or serious injury, as defined in 49 CFR 830.2;

(2) Notify within 24 hours the FAA's Office of Commercial Space Transportation if there is a mishap that does not involve a fatality or serious injury, as defined in 49 CFR 830.2; and

(3) Submit within 5 days of the event a written preliminary report to the FAA's Office of Commercial Space Transportation if there is a launch or reentry accident or incident during a permitted flight. The report must identify the event as a launch or reentry accident or incident, and must include:

- (i) The date and time of occurrence,
- (ii) A description of the event and sequence of events leading to the launch or reentry accident, or launch or reentry incident, to the extent known,
- (iii) The intended and actual location of launch or reentry, including landing or impact on Earth,
- (iv) A description of any payload,
- (v) The number and general description of any fatalities and injuries,
- (vi) Property damage, if any, and an estimate of its value,
- (vii) A description of any hazardous materials involved in the event, whether on the reusable suborbital rocket or on the ground,
- (viii) Action taken by any person to contain the consequences of the event, and
- (ix) Weather conditions at the time of the event.

(b) *Response requirements.* A permittee must—

- (1) Immediately—
 - (i) Ensure the consequences of a mishap are contained and minimized; and
 - (ii) Ensure data and physical evidence are preserved.
- (2) Report to and cooperate with FAA and National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) investigations and des-

14 CFR Ch. III (1–1–08 Edition)

ignate one or more points of contact for the FAA or NTSB; and

(3) Identify and adopt preventive measures for avoiding a recurrence of the event.

(c) *Investigation requirements.* A permittee must—

(1) Investigate the root cause of an event described in paragraph (a) of this section;

(2) Report investigation results to the FAA upon completion; and

(3) Identify responsibilities, including reporting responsibilities, for personnel assigned to conduct investigations and for any unrelated persons that the permittee retains to conduct or participate in investigations.

§ 437.77 Additional safety requirements.

The FAA may impose additional safety requirements on an applicant or permittee proposing an activity with a hazard not otherwise addressed in this part. This may include a toxic hazard or the use of solid propellants. The FAA may also require the permittee to conduct additional analyses of the cause of any anomaly and corrective actions.

Subpart D—Terms and Conditions of an Experimental Permit

§ 437.81 Public safety responsibility.

A permittee must ensure that a launch or reentry conducted under an experimental permit is safe, and must protect public health and safety and the safety of property.

§ 437.83 Compliance with experimental permit.

A permittee must conduct any launch or reentry under an experimental permit in accordance with representations made in its permit application, with subparts C and D of this part, and with terms and conditions contained in the permit.

§ 437.85 Allowable design changes; modification of an experimental permit.

(a) The FAA will identify in the experimental permit the type of changes that the permittee may make to the