

Office of Personnel Management

§ 330.102

330.1106 Appointment.

Subpart L—Interagency Career Transition Assistance for Displaced Former Panama Canal Zone Employees

330.1201 Purpose.
330.1202 Definitions.
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AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 1302, 3301, 3302; E.O. 10577, 19 FR 7521, 3 CFR, 1954-58, Comp., p. 218.

Section 330.102 also issued under 5 U.S.C. 3327.

Subpart B also issued under 5 U.S.C. 3315 and 8151.

Section 330.401 also issued under 5 U.S.C. 3310.

Subpart G also issued under 5 U.S.C. 8337(h) and 8456(b).

Subpart K also issued under sec. 11203 of Pub. L. 105-33 (111 Stat. 738) and Pub. L. 105-274 (112 Stat. 2424).

Subpart L also issued under sec. 1232 of Pub. L. 96-70, 93 Stat. 452.

SOURCE: 33 FR 12425, Sept. 4, 1968, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—Discretion in Filling Vacancies

§ 330.101 Methods of filling vacancies.

An appointing officer may fill a position in the competitive service by any of the methods authorized in this chapter. He shall exercise his discretion in each personnel action solely on the basis of merit and fitness and without the discrimination prohibited in part 713 of this chapter.

§ 330.102 Federal employment information.

(a) *Vacancies open to the public*—(1) *Notice required*—(i) Under 5 U.S.C. 3327, Federal agencies must notify OPM promptly of:

(A) Open competitive examinations;

(B) Vacancies in the competitive service to be filled under direct hire procedures or part 333 of this chapter; and

(C) Vacancies in the Senior Executive Service for which the agency seeks applications from persons outside the Federal service. Also, in accordance with § 317.501(b)(2) of this chapter, agencies must notify OPM of all Senior Executive Service vacancies to be filled by initial career appointment.

(ii) OPM will provide this information to the employment offices of the United States Employment Service.

(2) *Agencies covered*. Paragraph (a)(1) of this section applies to:

(i) The executive departments listed at 5 U.S.C. 101;

(ii) The military departments listed at 5 U.S.C. 102;

(iii) Government owned corporations in the executive branch as described at 5 U.S.C. 103;

(iv) Independent establishments in the executive branch as described at 5 U.S.C. 104, including the Nuclear Regulatory Commission; and

(v) Government Printing Office.

(b) *All other vacancies*—(1) *Notice required*. Under 5 U.S.C. 3330, OPM must maintain, and make available to the public, a list of agency vacancy announcements for positions in the competitive service. Under § 330.707 of this chapter, agencies must notify OPM promptly of competitive service vacancies to be filled for more than 120 days when the agency will accept applications from individuals outside the agency's own work force.

(2) [Reserved]

(c) *Funding*. Under 5 U.S.C. 3330(f), OPM is authorized to charge fees to agencies for their share of the cost of providing employment information to the public and to Federal employees. OPM will work with agencies to review the effectiveness and efficiency of the Federal Employment Information System in meeting Federal agency and public needs and identify improvements to the system, consistent with the minimum level of service and statutory requirements. Subsequently, OPM will annually compute the cost of providing employment information and notify each agency of its share, along with a full accounting of the costs, and payment procedures.

[61 FR 11501, Mar. 21, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 31320, June 9, 1997]

Subpart B—Reemployment Priority List (RPL)

SOURCE: 53 FR 45067, Nov. 8, 1988, unless otherwise noted.

§ 330.201

EDITORIAL NOTE: Nomenclature changes to subpart B of part 330 appear at 70 FR 72067, Dec. 1, 2005.

§ 330.201 Establishment and maintenance of RPL.

(a) The reemployment priority list (RPL) is the mechanism agencies use to give reemployment consideration to their former competitive service employees separated by reduction in force (RIF) or fully recovered from a compensable injury after more than 1 year. The RPL is a required component of agency positive placement programs. In filling vacancies, the agency must give RPL registrants priority consideration over certain outside job applicants and, if it chooses, also may consider RPL registrants before considering internal candidates.

(b) Each agency is required to establish and maintain a reemployment priority list for each commuting area in which it separates eligible competitive service employees by RIF or when a former employee recovers from a compensable injury after more than 1 year, except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section. For purposes of this subpart, *agency* means *Executive agency* as defined in 5 U.S.C. 105. All components of an agency within the commuting area utilize a single RPL and are responsible for giving priority consideration to the RPL registrants.

(c) An agency need not maintain a distinct RPL for employees separated by reduction in force if the agency operates a placement program for its employees and obtains OPM concurrence that the program satisfies the basic requirements of this subpart. The intent of this provision is to allow agencies to adopt different placement strategies that are effective for their particular programs yet satisfy legal entitlements to priority consideration in reemployment.

[60 FR 3058, Jan. 13, 1995]

§ 330.202 Application.

(a)(1) To be entered on the RPL, an eligible employee under § 330.203 must complete an application prescribed by the employing agency and inform the agency of any significant changes in the information provided. This application must provide for the employee to

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specify the conditions under which he or she will accept employment, including grade, occupation, and minimum hours or work per week, in addition to positions at the same representative rate and type of work schedule (e.g., full-time, part-time, seasonal, intermittent, on-call, etc.) as the position from which the employee was or will be separated. Registration may take place as soon as a specific notice of separation under part 351 of this chapter, or a Certification of Expected Separation as provided in § 351.807 of this chapter, has been issued. The employee must submit the application within 30 calendar days after the RIF separation date. An employee who fails to submit a timely application is not entitled to be placed on the RPL. If an agency has components scattered throughout a large commuting area, the agency may allow eligibles to indicate their availability only for certain sub-areas within the commuting area. However, the agency cannot deny consideration throughout the entire commuting area if the eligible wants it.

(2) An eligible employee under § 330.204 must request reemployment within 30 calendar days after the date compensation ceases, except that when an appeal for continuation of compensation is filed, the 30-day period begins the day after resolution is reached. No specific format is required.

(b) An agency must enroll an individual on the RPL no later than 10 calendar days after receipt of an application or request.

(c) Agencies should be prepared to assist employees, when requested, in identifying and listing on the reemployment priority list (RPL) application those positions within the agency for which the employee qualifies and is interested.

[53 FR 45067, Nov. 8, 1988, as amended at 60 FR 3059, Jan. 13, 1995]

§ 330.203 Eligibility due to reduction in force.

(a) To apply for the RPL, an employee must meet all the following conditions:

(1) Be serving under an appointment in the competitive service in tenure group I or II;