

(f) The institution shall provide the loan information required by section 463A of the HEA to a borrower.

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(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087cc, 1087cc-1, 1094)

[52 FR 45747, Dec. 1, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 49147, Dec. 6, 1988; 57 FR 32344, July 21, 1992; 59 FR 61407, 61415, Nov. 30, 1994; 61 FR 60396, Nov. 27, 1996; 64 FR 58315, Oct. 28, 1999; 72 FR 61996, Nov. 1, 2007]

**§ 674.9 Student eligibility.**

A student at an institution of higher education is eligible to receive a loan under the Federal Perkins Loan program for an award year if the student—

(a) Meets the relevant eligibility requirements contained in 34 CFR part 668;

(b) Is enrolled or accepted for enrollment as an undergraduate, graduate, or professional student at the institution, whether or not engaged in a program of study abroad approved for credit by the home institution;

(c) Has financial need as determined in accordance with part F of title IV of the HEA. A member of a religious order (an order, community, society, agency, or organization) who is pursuing a course of study at an institution of higher education is considered to have no financial need if that religious order—

(1) Has as its primary objective the promotion of ideals and beliefs regarding a Supreme Being;

(2) Requires its members to forego monetary or other support substantially beyond the support it provides; and

(3) Directs the member to pursue the course of study or provides subsistence support to its members;

(d) Has received for that award year, if an undergraduate student—

(1) A SAR as a result of applying for a grant under the Federal Pell Grant Program; or

(2) A preliminary determination of eligibility or ineligibility for a Federal Pell Grant by the institution's financial aid administrator after applying for a SAR with a Federal Pell Grant Processor;

(e) Is willing to repay the loan. Failure to meet payment obligations on a

previous loan is evidence that the student is unwilling to repay the loan;

(f) Provides to the institution a driver's license number, if any, at the time of application for the loan;

(g)(1) In the case of a borrower whose prior loan under title IV of the Act was discharged after a final determination of total and permanent disability, obtains a certification from a physician that the borrower is able to engage in substantial gainful activity;

(2) Signs a statement acknowledging that any new Federal Perkins or NDSL the borrower received cannot be discharged in the future on the basis of any present impairment, unless that condition substantially deteriorates; and

(3) In the case of a borrower whose previous loan under title IV of the HEA was discharged due to a total and permanent disability on or after July 1, 2001 and before July 1, 2002, meets the requirements of (g)(1) and (g)(2) of this section. If the borrower applies for another loan within three years from the date the borrower became totally and permanently disabled, as certified by the physician, the borrower must reaffirm the previously discharged loan before receiving the new loan; and

(h) In the case of a borrower whose previous loan under title IV of the HEA was conditionally discharged based on an initial determination that the borrower was totally and permanently disabled, the borrower must—

(1) Comply with the requirements of paragraphs (h)(1) and (h)(2) of this section; and

(2) Sign a statement acknowledging that—

(i) The loan that has been conditionally discharged prior to a final determination of total and permanent disability cannot be discharged in the future on the basis of any impairment present when the borrower applied for a total and permanent disability discharge or when a new loan is made, unless that impairment substantially deteriorates; and

(ii) Collection activity will resume on any loan in a conditional discharge period, as described in § 674.61(b)(9).

(i) Does not have any loans under title IV of the HEA on which collection activity has been suspended based on a

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conditional determination that the borrower was totally and permanently disabled. If a borrower applies for a loan under title IV of the HEA during the conditional discharge period described in §§ 674.61(b), 682.402(c), or 685.213(a), the suspension of collection activity must be ended before the borrower becomes eligible to receive any additional loans.

(j) In the case of a borrower who is in default on a Federal Perkins Loan, NDSL or Defense loan, satisfies one of the conditions contained in § 674.5(c)(3)(i) or (ii) except that—

(1) For purposes of this section, voluntary payments made by the borrower under paragraph (i) of this section are those payments made directly by the borrower; and

(2) Voluntary payments do not include payments obtained by Federal offset, garnishment, or income or asset execution.

(k) For purposes of this section, reaffirmation means the acknowledgment of the loan by the borrower in a legally binding manner. The acknowledgement may include, but is not limited to, the borrower—

(1) Signing a new promissory note or new repayment agreement; or

(2) Making a payment on the loan.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087aa, 1087dd, and 1091 [52 FR 45747, Dec. 1, 1987, as amended at 59 FR 61407, 61415-61416, Nov. 30, 1994; 60 FR 34167, June 30, 1995; 62 FR 50847, Sept. 26, 1997; 64 FR 58309, Oct. 28, 1999; 65 FR 65690, Nov. 1, 2000; 66 FR 44006, Aug. 21, 2001; 67 FR 67076, Nov. 1, 2002; 71 FR 45697, Aug. 9, 2006])

## § 674.10 Selection of students for loans.

(a)(1) An institution shall make loans under this part reasonably available, to the extent of available funds, to all students eligible under § 674.9 but shall give priority to those students with exceptional financial need.

(2) The institution shall define exceptional financial need for the purpose of the priority described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section and shall develop procedures for implementing that priority.

(b) If an institution's allocation of Federal Capital Contribution is directly or indirectly based in part on the financial need demonstrated by students attending the institution as

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less-than-full-time or independent students, a reasonable portion of the dollar amount of loans made under this part must be offered to those students.

(c) The institution shall establish selection procedures and these procedures must be—

(1) In writing;

(2) Uniformly applied; and

(3) Maintained in the institution's files.

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(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087cc and 1087dd)

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## § 674.11 [Reserved]

## § 674.12 Loan maximums.

(a) The maximum annual amount of Federal Perkins Loans and NDSLs an eligible student may borrow is—

(1) \$4,000 for a student who is enrolled in a program of undergraduate education; and

(2) \$6,000 for a graduate or professional student.

(b) The aggregate unpaid principal amount of all Federal Perkins Loans and NDSLs received by an eligible student may not exceed—

(1) \$20,000 for a student who has successfully completed two years of a program leading to a bachelor's degree but who has not received the degree;

(2) \$40,000 for a graduate or professional student; and

(3) \$8,000 for any other student.

(c) The maximum annual amounts described in paragraph (a) of this section and the aggregate maximum amounts described in paragraph (b) of this section may be exceeded by 20 percent if the student is engaged in a program of study abroad that is approved for credit by the home institution at which the student is enrolled and that has reasonable costs in excess of the home institution's cost of attendance.

(d) For each student, the maximum annual amounts described in paragraphs (a) and (c) of this section, and the aggregate maximum amounts described in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, include any amounts borrowed previously by the student under title