

§ 36.4332

loan. For the purpose of any accounting with the Secretary or computation of a claim, any holder who fails to maintain such record shall be presumed to have received on the dates due all sums which by the terms of the contract are payable prior to date of claim for default, and the burden of going forward with evidence and of ultimate proof of the contrary shall be on such holder.

(b) The lender shall retain copies of all loan origination records on a VA-guaranteed loan for at least two years from the date of loan closing. Loan origination records include the loan application, including any preliminary application, verifications of employment and deposit, all credit reports, including preliminary credit reports, copies of each sales contract and addendums, letters of explanation for adverse credit items, discrepancies and the like, direct references from creditors, correspondence with employers, appraisal and compliance inspection reports, reports on termite and other inspections of the property, builder change orders, and all closing papers and documents.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501, 3703(c)(1))

(c) The Secretary has the right to inspect, examine, or audit, at a reasonable time and place, the records or accounts of a lender or holder pertaining to loans guaranteed or insured by the Secretary.

(The information collection requirements in this section have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2900-0515)

[63 FR 12004, Mar. 12, 1998]

§ 36.4332 Delivery of notice.

Any notice required by §§36.4300 to 36.4375 to be given the Secretary must be in writing or such other communications medium as may be approved by an official designated in §36.4342 and delivered, by mail or otherwise, to the VA office at which the guaranty or insurance was issued, or to any changed address of which the holder has been given notice. Such notice must plainly identify the case by setting forth the name of the original veteran-obligor and the file number assigned to the

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case by the Secretary, if available, or otherwise the name and serial number of the veteran. If mailed, the notice shall be by certified mail when so provided by §§36.4300 to 36.4375. This paragraph does not apply to legal process.

[58 FR 29117, May 19, 1993]

§ 36.4333 Satisfaction of indebtedness.

Upon full satisfaction of a guaranteed loan by payment or otherwise it shall be the duty of the holder to cancel the endorsement, if any, of the Secretary; and forthwith inform the Secretary of such cancellation. In the event the Secretary's liability thereon is evidenced by an instrument separate from the instrument evidencing the debtor's obligation, the instrument evidencing the obligation of the Secretary shall be returned to the Department of Veterans Affairs office issuing same, or to the central office, with the holder's cancellation or endorsement of release thereon.

[13 FR 7279, Nov. 27, 1948]

§ 36.4334 Incorporation by reference.

Regulations issued under 38 U.S.C. Chapter 37 and in effect on the date of any loan which is submitted and accepted or approved for a guaranty or for insurance thereunder, shall govern the rights, duties, and liabilities of the parties to such loan and any provisions of the loan instruments inconsistent with such regulations are hereby amended and supplemented to conform thereto.

[24 FR 2655, Apr. 7, 1959]

§ 36.4335 Supplementary administrative action.

Notwithstanding any requirement, condition, or limitation stated in or imposed by the regulations concerning the guaranty or insurance of loans to veterans, the Under Secretary for Benefits, or the Director, Loan Guaranty Service, within the limitations and conditions prescribed by the Secretary, is hereby authorized, if he or she finds the interests of the Government are not adversely affected, to relieve undue prejudice to a debtor, holder, or other person, which might otherwise result, provided no such action may be taken which would impair the vested rights

of any person affected thereby. If such requirement, condition, or limitation is of an administrative or procedural (not substantive) nature, any employee designated in § 36.4342 is hereby authorized to grant similar relief if he or she finds the failure or error of the lender was due to misunderstanding or mistake and that the interests of the Government are not adversely affected. Provisions of the regulations considered to be of an administrative or procedural (nonsubstantive) nature are limited to the following:

(a) The requirement in § 36.4314(e) that a holder promptly forward an advice of the terms of any agreement effecting a reamortization or extension of a loan.

(b) The 45-day requirement in § 36.4315(a) concerning the giving of notice of default.

(c) The requirement in § 36.4317 that a holder give 30 days advance notice of its intention to foreclose.

(d) The requirement in § 36.4317(b) that a holder give notice of repossession of personal property within 10 days after such repossession has occurred.

(e) The requirement in § 36.4307(a) that a lender obtain in prior approval of the Secretary before closing a joint loan if the lender or class of lenders is eligible or has been approved by the Secretary to close loans on the automatic basis pursuant to 38 U.S.C. 3702(d).

(f) The requirements in § 36.4303(k) of this part concerning the giving of notice in assumption cases under 38 U.S.C. 3714.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3714 and 3720)

[20 FR 4855, July 8, 1955, as amended at 20 FR 9180, Dec. 10, 1955; 23 FR 2217, Apr. 4, 1958; 27 FR 224, Jan. 9, 1962; 40 FR 34592, Aug. 18, 1975; 45 FR 53809, Aug. 13, 1980; 49 FR 13352, Apr. 4, 1984; 55 FR 37477, Sept. 12, 1990; 61 FR 28058, June 4, 1996; 63 FR 12004, Mar. 12, 1998]

§ 36.4336 Eligibility of loans; reasonable value requirements.

(a) Evidence of guaranty or insurance shall be issued in respect to a loan for any of the purposes specified in 38 U.S.C. 3710(a) only if:

(1) The proceeds of such loan have been used to pay for the property pur-

chased, constructed, repaired, refinanced, altered, or improved and;

(2)(i) Except as to refinancing loans pursuant to 38 U.S.C. 3710(a)(8), (a)(9)(B)(i), (a)(11), or (b)(7) and energy efficient mortgages pursuant to 38 U.S.C. 3710(d), the loan (including any scheduled deferred interest added to principal) does not exceed the reasonable value of the property or projected reasonable value of a new home which is security for a graduated payment mortgage loan, as appropriate, as determined by the Secretary, and

(ii) For the purpose of determining the reasonable value of a graduated payment mortgage loan to purchase a new home, the reasonable value of the property as of the time the loan is made shall be calculated to increase at a rate not in excess of 2.5 percent per year, but in no event may the projected value of the property exceed 115 percent of the initially established reasonable value, and

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3703(d)(2))

(3) The veteran has certified, in such form as the Secretary may prescribe, that the veteran has paid in cash from his or her own resources on account of such purchase, construction, alteration, repair, or improvement a sum equal to the difference, if any, between the purchase price or cost of the property and its reasonable value.

(4) A loan guaranteed under 38 U.S.C. 3710(d) which includes the cost of energy efficient improvements may exceed the reasonable value of the property. The cost of the energy efficient improvements that may be financed may not exceed \$3,000; provided, however, that up to \$6,000 in energy efficient improvements may be financed if the increase in the monthly payment for principal and interest does not exceed the likely reduction in monthly utility costs resulting from the energy efficient improvements.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3710)

(b) Notwithstanding that the aggregate of the loan amount in the case of loans for the purposes specified in paragraph (a) of this section, and the amount remaining unpaid on taxes, special assessments, prior mortgage indebtedness, or other obligations of any