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- (d) Port lights in the hull plating below the uppermost continuous deck and in the first tier of the superstructure must be a fixed type.
- (e) Air intakes and openings into accommodation, service, and control spaces must have metal closures that pass a tightness test with a fire hose at not less than 207 kPa gauge (30 psig).
- (f) On liquefied toxic gas vessels, the closures required in paragraph (e) of this section must be capable of being closed from inside the space.

§ 154.340 Access to tanks and spaces in the cargo area.

- (a) Each cargo tank must have a manhole from the weather deck, the clear opening of which is at least 600 mm by 600 mm (23.6 in. by 23.6 in.).
- (b) Each access into and through a void space or other gas-dangerous space in the cargo area, except spaces described in paragraph (e) of the definition for "gas-dangerous space" in §154.7, must—
- (1) Have a clear opening of at least 600 mm by 600 mm (23.6 in. by 23.6 in.) through horizontal openings, hatches, or manholes;
- (2) Have a clear opening of at least 600 mm by 800 mm (23.6 in. by 31.5 in.) through bulkheads, frames or other vertical structural members; and
- (3) Have a fixed ladder if the lower edge of a vertical opening is more than 600 mm (23.6 in.) above the deck or bottom plating.
- (c) Each access trunk in the cargo area must be at least 760 mm (30 in.) in diameter.
- (d) The lower edge of each access from the weather deck to gas-safe spaces in the cargo area must be at least 2.4 m (7.9 ft.) above the weather deck or the access must be through an air lock that meets §154.345.
- (e) The inner hull in the cargo area must be accessible for inspection from at least one side without the removal of any fixed structure or fitting.
- (f) The hold space insulation in the cargo area must be accessible for inspection from at least one side from within the hold space or there must be a means, that is specially approved by the Commandant, of determining from outside the hold space whether or not

the hold space insulation meets this part.

[CGD 74–289, 44 FR 26009, May 3, 1979, as amended by CGD 77–069, 52 FR 31630, Aug. 21, 1987]

§154.345 Air locks.

- (a) An air lock may be used for access from a gas-dangerous zone on the weather deck to a gas-safe space.
 - (b) Each air lock must:
- (1) Consist of two steel doors, at least 1.5 m (4.9 ft.) but not more than 2.5 m (8.2 ft.) apart, each gasketed and tight when tested with a fire hose at not less 207 kPa gauge (30 psig);
- (2) Have self-closing doors with no latches or other devices for holding them open;
- (3) Have an audible and visual alarm on both sides which are actuated when both door securing devices are in other than the fully closed position at the same time;
- (4) Have mechanical ventilation in the space between the doors from a gas-safe area;
- (5) Have a pressure greater than that of the gas-dangerous area on the weather deck:
- (6) Have the rate of air change in the space between the doors of at least 8 changes per hour; and
- (7) Have the space between the doors monitored for cargo vapor leaks under §154.1350.
- (c) In addition to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, no gas-safe space on a liquefied flammable gas carrier may have an air lock unless the space:
- (1) Is mechanically ventilated to make the pressure in the space greater than that in the air lock; and
- (2) Has a means of automatically deenergizing all electrical equipment that is not explosion-proof in the space when the pressure in the space falls to or below the pressure in the air lock.

§ 154.350 Bilge and ballast systems in the cargo area.

- (a) Hold, interbarrier, and insulation spaces must have a means of sounding the space or other means of detecting liquid leakage specially approved by the Commandant (G-MSO).
- (b) Each hold and insulation space must have a bilge drainage system.