## **Federal Acquisition Regulation**

the United States, (3) owned and operated by U.S. citizens, including a vessel under voyage or time charter to the Government, and (4) a Government-owned vessel under bareboat charter to, and operated by, U.S. citizens.

Tanker means a vessel used primarily for the carriage of bulk liquid cargoes such as liquid petroleum products, vegetable oils, and molasses.

U.S.-flag vessel when used independently means either a Government vessel or a privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessel.

[48 FR 42424, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 66 FR 2134, Jan. 10, 2001]

#### 47.502 Policy.

- (a) The policy of the United States regarding the use of U.S.-flag vessels is stated in the following acts:
- (1) The Cargo Preference Act of 1904 (10 U.S.C. 2631), which requires the Department of Defense to use only U.S.-flag vessels for ocean transportation of supplies for the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps unless those vessels are not available at fair and reasonable rates.
- (2) The Merchant Marine Act of 1936 (46 U.S.C. 1101), which declares it is the policy of the United States to foster the development and encourage the maintenance of its merchant marine.
- (3) The Cargo Preference Act of 1954 (46 U.S.C. 1241(b), which is Section 901(b) of the Merchant Marine Act). Under this Act, Government agencies acquiring, either within or outside the United States, supplies that may require ocean transportation shall ensure that at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage of these supplies (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) is transported on privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels to the extent that such vessels are available at rates that are fair and reasonable for U.S.-flag commercial vessels. This applies when the supplies are-
- (i) Acquired for the account of the United States;
- (ii) Furnished to, or for the account of, a foreign nation without provision for reimbursement;
- (iii) Furnished for the account of a foreign nation in connection with which the United States advances

funds or credits, or guarantees the convertibility of foreign currencies; or

- (iv) Acquired with advance of funds, loans, or guaranties made by or on behalf of the United States.
- (b) Additional policies providing preference for the use of U.S.-flag vessels are contained in—
- (1) 10 U.S.C. 2634 for the transporation of privately-owned vehicles belonging to service members when making permanent change of station moves:
- (2) 46 U.S.C. 1241(a) for official business travel by officers and employees of the United States and for the transportation of their personal effects; and
- (3) 46 U.S.C. 1241(e) for the transportation of motor vehicles owned by Government personnel when transportation is at Government expense or otherwise authorized by law.
- (c) The provisions of the Cargo Preference Act of 1954 may be temporarily waived when the Congress, the President, or the Secretary of Defense declares that an emergency justifying a temporary waiver exists and so notifies the appropriate agency or agencies.

# 47.503 Applicability.

- (a) Except as stated in paragraph (b) below and in 47.504, the Cargo Preference Acts of 1904 and 1954 described in 47.502(a) apply to the following cargoes:
- (1) Supplies owned by the Government and in the possession of—
- (i) The Government;
- (ii) A contractor; or
- (iii) A subcontractor at any tier.
- (2) Supplies for use of the Government that are contracted for and require subsequent delivery to a Government activity but are not owned by the Government at the time of shipment.
- (3) Supplies not owned by the Government at the time of shipment that are to be transported for distribution to foreign assistance programs, but only if these supplies are not acquired or contracted for with local currency funds (see 47.504(b)).
- (b) Government-owned supplies to be shipped commercially that are (1) in the possession of a department, a contractor, or a subcontractor at any tier and (2) for use of military departments

### 47.504

shall be transported exclusively in privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels if such vessels are available at rates that are fair and reasonable for U.S.-flag commercial vessels.

(c) The 50-percent requirement shall not prevent the use of privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels for transportation of up to 100 percent of the cargo subject to the Cargo Preference Act of 1954.

## 47.504 Exceptions.

The policy and procedures in this subpart do not apply to the following:

- (a) Shipments aboard vessels as required or authorized by law or treaty.
- (b) Ocean transportation between foreign countries of supplies purchased with foreign currencies made available, or derived from funds that are made available, under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2353).
- (c) Shipments of classified supplies when the classification prohibits the use of non-Government vessels.
- (d) Subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items or commercial components (see 12.504(a)(1) and (a)(11)). This exception does not apply
- (1) Grants-in-aid shipments, such as agricultural and food-aid shipments;
- (2) Shipments covered under 46 U.S.C. Appx 1241–1, such as those generated by Export-Import Bank loans or guarantees:
  - (3) Subcontracts under-
- (i) Government contracts or agreements for ocean transportation services; or
  - (ii) Construction contracts; or
- (4) Shipments of commercial items that are—
- (i) Items the contractor is reselling or distributing to the Government without adding value (see FAR 12.501(b)). Generally, the contractor does not add value to the items when it subcontracts items for f.o.b. destination shipment; or
- (ii) Shipped in direct support of U.S. military—
  - (A) Contingency operations;
  - (B) Exercises; or
- (C) Forces deployed in connection with United Nations or North Atlantic

Treaty Organization humanitarian or peacekeeping operations.

[48 FR 42424, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 60 FR 34760, July 3, 1995; 60 FR 48250, Sept. 18, 1995; 65 FR 24324, Apr. 25, 2000; 68 FR 13203, Mar. 18, 2003; 71 FR 206, Jan. 3, 2006]

EDITORIAL NOTE: At 65 FR 36031, June 6, 2000, section 47.504 was amended in the first sentence of paragraph (e) by removing "(see 12.504(a)(13))" and adding "(see 12.504(a)(11))". However, prior to this amendment paragraph (e) was redesignated as (d).

#### 47.505 Construction contracts.

- (a) Except as stated in paragraph (b) below, construction contractors, including subcontractors and suppliers, engaged in overseas work shall comply with the policies and regulations in this subpart.
- (b) These requirements shall not apply to military assistance, foreign aid, or similar projects under the auspices of the U.S. Government when the recipient nation furnishes, or pays for, at least 50 percent of the transportation, in which event foreign-flag vessels may be used for a portion not to exceed 50 percent of the gross tonnage for the project.

# 47.506 Procedures.

- (a) The contracting officer shall obtain assistance from the transportation activity (see 47.105) in developing appropriate shipping instructions and delivery terms for inclusion in solicitations and contracts that may involve ocean transportation of supplies subject to the requirements of the Cargo Preference Act of 1954 (see 47.502(a)(3)).
- (b) When the contractor notifies the contracting officer that a privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessel is not available, the contracting officer shall seek assistance from the transportation activity.
- (c) For purposes of determining the availability of privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels at fair and reasonable rates, rates filed and published in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Maritime Commission may be accepted as fair and reasonable. When applicable rates for charter cargoes are not in published tariffs, a determination as to whether the rates