## § 232.215

be made in writing and will state the basis for such action.

[66 FR 4193, Jan. 17, 2001, as amended at 67 FR 17583, Apr. 10, 2002]

## § 232.215 Transfer train brake tests.

- (a) A transfer train, as defined in §232.5, shall receive a brake test performed by a qualified person, as defined in §232.5, that includes the following:
- (1) The air brake hoses shall be coupled between all freight cars;
- (2) After the brake system is charged to not less than 60 psi as indicated by an accurate gauge or end-of-train device at the rear of the train, a 15-psi service brake pipe reduction shall be made; and
- (3) An inspection shall be made to determine that the brakes on each car apply and remain applied until the release is initiated by the controlling locomotive. A car found with brakes that fail to apply or remain applied may be retested and remain in the train if the retest is conducted as prescribed in §232.205(c)(4); otherwise, the defective equipment may be moved only pursuant to the provisions contained in §232.15, if applicable;
- (b) Cars added to transfer trains en route shall be inspected pursuant to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) of this section at the location where the cars are added to the train.
- (c) If a train's movement will exceed 20 miles or is not a transfer train as defined in §232.5, the train shall receive a Class I brake test in accordance with §232.205 prior to departure.

[66 FR 4193, Jan. 17, 2001, as amended at 67 FR 17583, Apr. 10, 2002]

## § 232.217 Train brake tests conducted using yard air.

- (a) When a train air brake system is tested from a yard air source, an engineer's brake valve or a suitable test device shall be used to provide any increase or reduction of brake pipe air pressure at the same, or slower, rate as an engineer's brake valve.
- (b) The yard air test device must be connected to the end of the train or block of cars that will be nearest to the controlling locomotive. However, if the railroad adopts and complies with written procedures to ensure that potential

overcharge conditions to the train brake system are avoided, the yard air test device may be connected to other than the end nearest to the controlling locomotive.

- (c) Except as provided in this section, when yard air is used the train air brake system must be charged and tested as prescribed by §232.205(c) and when practicable should be kept charged until road motive power is coupled to train, after which, a Class III brake test shall be performed as prescribed by §232.211.
- (1) If the cars are off air for more than four hours, the cars shall be retested in accordance with §232.205(c) through (f).
- (2) At a minimum, yard air pressure shall be 60 psi at the end of the consist or block of cars opposite from the yard test device and shall be within 15 psi of the regulator valve setting on yard test device.
- (3) If the air pressure of the yard test device is less than 80 psi, then a brake pipe leakage or air flow test shall be conducted at the operating pressure of the train when the locomotives are attached in accordance with §232.205(c)(1).
- (d) Mechanical yard air test devices and gauges shall be calibrated every 92 days. Electronic yard test devices and gauges shall be calibrated annually. Mechanical and electronic yard air test devices and gauges shall be calibrated so that they are accurate to within ±3 psi.
- (e) If used to test a train, a yard air test device and any yard air test equipment shall be accurate and function as intended

[66 FR 4193, Jan. 17, 2001, as amended at 67 FR 17583, Apr. 10, 2002]

## § 232.219 Double heading and helper

(a) When more than one locomotive is attached to a train, the engineer of the controlling locomotive shall operate the brakes. In case it becomes necessary for the controlling locomotive to give up control of the train short of the destination of the train, a Class III brake test pursuant to §232.211 shall be made to ensure that the brakes are operative from the automatic brake valve